No. 20-20574

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

STEVEN HOTZE, M.D., WENDELL CHAMPION, HON. STEVE TOTH, AND SHARON HEMPHILL,

Plaintiffs-Appellants

v.

CHRIS HOLLINS, in his official capacity as Harris County Clerk

Defendant-Appellee

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas, Houston Division; No. 4:20-CV-3709

APPELLEE'S OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR TEMPORARY RELIEF

TO THE COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT:

This Court should deny the request for emergency relief. This afternoon, November 2, 2020, following a lengthy hearing involving the Appellants, Appellee, and numerous other interested parties, the district court denied Appellants' motion for a preliminary injunction that would disrupt the election in Harris County, Texas. The court found that Appellants lack standing, and in the alternative, also stated that it would deny injunctive relief on the merits with respect to more than 125,000 votes that were cast during the early-voting period. Election Day voting is still at issue.

Appellants seek temporary relief, asking this Court to take the highly irregular and controversial step of "staying" an order finding the lack of Article III standing and then imposing its own preliminary injunction—just hours before Election Day. Ever since *Purcell v. Gonzalez*, 549 U.S. 1 (2006) (per curiam), the Supreme Court "has repeatedly emphasized that lower federal courts should ordinarily not alter the election rules on the eve of an election." *Republican Nat'l Comm. v. Democratic Nat'l Comm.*, 140 S. Ct. 1205, 1207 (2020). That principle controls this case.

This Court has faithfully adhered to the Supreme Court's guidance and should continue to do so. *See, e.g., Texas Democratic Party v. Abbott*, 961 F.3d 389, 412 (5th Cir. 2020); *Texas Alliance for Retired Americans v. Hughs*, 976 F.3d 564, 567 (5th Cir. 2020); *Veasey v. Perry*, 769 F.3d 890, 895 (5th Cir. 2014). Any court order enjoining the Harris County drive-through voting program, which was unanimously approved several months ago by the bipartisan Harris County Commissioners Court, would be a profound departure from the *Purcell* principle. This consideration alone is sufficient reason to deny the motion for temporary relief.

In addition, Appellants cannot establish that they have a meritorious case for temporary relief. For the Court's convenience, Appellee attaches his response filed with the district court along with all the exhibits. *See* Ex. A. That response covers the *Purcell* principle, *id.* at 6-8, confirms the district court's decision on standing, *id.* at 4-6, and provides several other barriers to the requested preliminary injunction. *Id.* at 9-30. Appellee also attaches the district court's written order. *See* Ex. B.

The district court correctly held that Appellants lack standing. Ex. A at 4-6. With respect to their Article I, section IV, clause 1 (the "Elections Clause") claim, Appellants lack standing to litigate an "institutional injury" claim that belongs to the Texas Legislature. *See Lance v. Coffman*, 549 U.S. 437, 442 (2007).

This conclusion is not altered by the fact that one of the Appellants here, Representative Toth, is a member of the Texas Legislature. At least with respect to the Elections Clause claim, Representative Toth has suffered no individual injury, but alleges an "institutional injury" that is "wholly abstract and widely dispersed." *Raines v. Byrd*, 521 U.S. 811, 829 (1997). This is not a case in which the entire Legislature is appearing as "an institutional plaintiff asserting an institutional injury" that has "commenced this action after authorizing votes in both of its chambers." *Arizona State Leg. v. Arizona Indep. Redistricting Comm'n*, 576 U.S. 787, 802 (2015). Accordingly, Representative Toth has no standing to assert the claim either. *Corman v. Torres*, 287 F. Supp. 3d 558, 567-69 (M.D. Pa. 2018) (three-judge court applying this principle to state legislators alleging Elections Clause violations).

With respect to their equal protection claim, Appellants cannot demonstrate an individual and particularized injury; the record they presented to the district court consisted solely of generalized grievances about the drive-through voting process. *See Gill v. Whitford*, 138 S. Ct. 1916, 1922 (2018). Absent any evidence of some concrete and particularized injury that differentiates Appellants from all other voters, there is no justiciable equal protection claim.

In addition, the district court made clear that even if Appellants had standing, the court would deny injunctive relief with respect to ballots cast during early voting. Its reasoning would apply with equal force to Election Day voting:

- Appellants failed to show a reasonable likelihood of success on the merits. Ex. A at 13-27. Drive-through voting satisfies the laws governing voting on Election Day just as it does for early voting, *id.* at 13-19, but even if it did not, votes cast under that procedure would still be counted under both Texas law and recent U.S. Supreme Court authority. *Id.* at 20-23 (collecting cases).
- The laches principle applies. *Williams v. Rhodes*, 393 U.S. 23, 34–35 (1968) (election case). Drive-through voting *on Election Day* was approved by the Elections Division of the Texas Secretary of State, the official responsible for maintaining uniformity in application and interpretation of the Election Code. Tex. Elec. Code § 31.003; Ex. A-6 at ¶ 5; Ex. A-14 at 108-09. It was used without legal incident in a primary run-off and it has been widely publicized (including thorough discussions with stakeholders from both political parties). Ex. A at 9-12. Yet Appellants did not file their complaint until October 28—just two days before the conclusion of early voting and after more than 100,000 Texans had voted at drive-through polling places in reliance on the justifiable expectation that their votes would be counted. *Id*.
- Granting an injunction at this late hour would raise doubts about the validity of 126,912 early votes and would cause confusion among Election Day voters, tipping the balance of the equities and the public interest powerfully against the injunctive relief requested by Appellants. Ex. A at 27-30.

The district court expressed some doubt about the use of drive-through voting on Election Day due to a textual difference in the statute that governs Election Day. But it is notable that the Texas Supreme Court has had two opportunities to consider these precise arguments about the meaning of the Texas Election Code. Both times, that court declined to enjoin the drive-through voting program. Exs. A-1, A-2. Federal courts should not step in at the last minute where the state courts did not.

Moreover, the district court's dismissal of the case on the basis of standing meant that it did not grapple with the other reasons to deny injunctive relief with respect to Election Day voting. Chief among these reasons is the *Purcell* principle, which would counsel against any federal interference with Election Day procedures. This Court has held that avoiding voter confusion and disruption of election practices is "within the public interest given the extremely fast-approaching election date." *Texas Democratic Party v. Abbott*, 961 F.3d 389, 412 (5th Cir. 2020). In this case, we are literally on the eve of Election Day. The public interest would be disserved by an injunction at the last minute—especially since Appellants slept on their rights for months before filing a lawsuit after the election was already underway. Notably, the court's discussion of Election Day voting does not address the *Purcell* principle.

In addition, even if the district court's stated concerns were valid, they would amount to nothing more than a run-of-the-mill question about state election laws. They do not state a colorable equal protection claim because the Harris County Clerk has authority only over elections in Harris County, and every voter in Harris County is being treated identically. The fact that voters elsewhere are subject to different voting procedures does not mean the Harris County Clerk's identical treatment of every Harris County voter is a violation of equal protection. *Citizen Ctr. v. Gessler*, 770 F.3d 900, 917–19 (10th Cir. 2014). This case bears no similarity to the facts of *Bush v. Gore*, 531 U.S. 98 (2000). *See* Ex. A at 26-27. It is a routine dispute about the meaning of one word in a state election law—nothing more.

Nor do Appellants state a colorable claim under the Elections Clause (even if they had standing to invoke it). Their claim depends on Chief Justice Rehnquist's concurring opinion suggesting a "significant departure" from the statutory scheme prescribed by a state legislature would raise "a federal constitutional question." *Gore*, 531 U.S. at 113 (Rehnquist, C.J., concurring). The facts of this case represent, at most, a debate over two arguable readings of the word "building" in Texas law. The Clerk's reading of the word "building" was approved by the Elections Division of the Secretary of State for Election Day voting, and the drive-through voting plan was unanimously approved by a bipartisan Commissioners Court. This situation is hardly the sort of "significant departure from the legislative scheme" that would rise to a constitutional violation. Obviously, it cannot be the law that every dispute about state election law presents a federal constitutional question. Ex. A at 24-25.

Notably, the court's discussion of Election Day voting does not address either of the alleged federal claims, much less find a "substantial likelihood of success." That discussion confirms this is a routine state-law dispute—and nothing more.

Election Day is tomorrow. There is no basis for this eleventh-hour attempt to disrupt the election by seeking to enjoin a voting procedure that was announced publicly months ago, approved by the Elections Division of the Secretary of State for Election Day voting, used successfully in a primary election without challenge, and relied on by more than 125,000 Texas voters. The Texas Supreme Court denied emergency relief based on these arguments, and this Court should do the same.

CONCLUSION

This Court should deny Appellants' motion for emergency relief.

Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on November 2, 2020, a copy of the foregoing response was filed electronically with the Clerk of the Court using the Court's ECF System. Notice of this filing will be sent electronically by operation of the Court's electronic filing system to all counsel of record:

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1. This motion complies with the type-volume limitation of Fed. R. App. P. because: this document contains 1544 words.

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Dated: November 2, 2020.

/s/ Richard W. Mithoff

Richard W. Mithoff

Tab A

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

STEVEN HOTZE, M.D., WENDELL CHAMPION, HON. STEVE TOTH, AND SHARON HEMPHILL,)
Plaintiffs,) Civil Action No. 4:20-cv-3709
v.)
CHRIS HOLLINS, in his official capacity as Harris County Clerk,)))
Defendant.))

DEFENDANT'S OPPOSITION TO PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

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TO THE HON. ANDREW HANEN, UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE:

Defendant Chris Hollins, in his official capacity as Harris County Clerk, respectfully files this response to Plaintiffs' application for a preliminary injunction.¹

I. INTRODUCTION

Early voting has now ended. Election Day is November 3, 2020—tomorrow. There is no justification for Plaintiffs' eleventh-hour attempt to disrupt the election by seeking to enjoin a voting procedure that was announced publicly months ago, approved by the Texas Secretary of State Elections Division, used successfully in the primary elections without challenge, and relied on by more than 100,000 voters. Granting the relief sought by Plaintiffs would disenfranchise a breathtaking number of voters in a naked attempt to influence the outcome of a closely-contested election. Crucially, the Texas Supreme Court has denied relief based on these same arguments about the meaning of the Texas Election Code—twice. *See* Ex. 1-2. This Court should do the same and deny the application for a preliminary injunction.

II. NATURE AND STAGE OF PROCEEDINGS

On October 28, 2020—two days before the end of the early voting period for the November 2020 general election—Plaintiffs filed their complaint and requested a preliminary injunction. (Doc. Nos. 1, 3-4). The Court set a hearing. (Doc. No. 6).

¹ Because Defendant's answer is not yet due, Defendant reserves the right to file an answer and assert any Rule 12 defenses in due course.

III. STATEMENT OF THE ISSUES AND STANDARD OF REVIEW

- 1. Whether Plaintiffs have standing to assert their claims.
- 2. Whether a district court should intervene in an ongoing election.
- 3. Whether Plaintiffs' unjustifiable delay and the resulting prejudice bars injunctive relief.
- 4. Whether Plaintiffs have satisfied their burden of showing a substantial likelihood of success on the merits of each of their claims for relief—which requires them to establish (a) the alleged violations of Texas law, and also (b) the alleged violations of either the Elections Clause or the Equal Protection Clause of the U.S. Constitution.
- 5. Whether granting injunctive relief in the midst of an election would disserve the public interest.

IV. SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT

Plaintiffs' federal claims depend on the premise that drive-through voting violates the Texas Election Code. Twice in the last two weeks, they have taken that argument to the final arbiter of Texas law—the Texas Supreme Court—and lost. Most recently, they presented identical arguments to the Texas Supreme Court in a petition for a writ of mandamus that alleged the same violations of the Election Code, Ex. 3 at 10-11, 15-19, asserted the same federal rights, *id.* at 12-14, 19-20, and sought precisely the same remedies. *Id.* at 25-26. The Texas Supreme Court denied relief. Ex. 1. The Texas Supreme Court does not agree that drive-through voting violates the Texas Election Code in any way that warrants the invasive step of an injunction (even one that simply "secures" voting records), so this Court should not interfere.

V. ARGUMENT

It is well-settled that a preliminary injunction is "an 'extraordinary remedy' that should only be granted if the movant has 'clearly carried the burden of persuasion' on all four factors." *USI Sw., Inc. v. Edgewood Partners Ins. Ctr.*, No. 4:19-CV-04768, 2020 WL 2220573, at *3 (S.D. Tex. May 6, 2020) (Hanen, J.) (citation omitted). Although a movant need not prove its case, it must "clearly show" each of the four factors for injunctive relief:

- (1) a substantial likelihood that the movant will prevail on the merits;
- (2) a substantial threat of irreparable injury if the injunction is not granted;
- (3) the injury outweighs the threatened harm to the party to be enjoined; and
- (4) granting a preliminary injunction will not disserve the public interest.

Id.; *see also Winter v. NRDC*, 555 U.S. 7, 20 (2008) ("A plaintiff seeking a preliminary injunction must establish that he is likely to succeed on the merits, that he is likely to suffer irreparable harm in the absence of preliminary relief, that the balance of equities tips in his favor, and that an injunction is in the public interest."); *Mazurek v. Armstrong*, 520 U.S. 968, 972 (1997) ("It frequently is observed that a preliminary injunction is an extraordinary and drastic remedy, one that should not be granted unless the movant, *by a clear showing*, carries the burden of persuasion.") (citation omitted) (emphasis in original). Plaintiffs cannot meet that test under the extraordinary circumstances of this case.

A. For numerous reasons, the Court should not entertain the merits of Plaintiffs' application for injunctive relief.

Before turning to the merits of Plaintiffs' claims and the injunction factors, there are a series of jurisdictional and prudential barriers to be addressed.

1. Plaintiffs lack standing.

Plaintiffs' complaint alleges violations of Article I, section IV, clause 1 of the U.S. Constitution (the "Elections Clause") and the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment. Complaint at 1-2, 9-11, 11-12. Standing must exist for "each claim." *Town of Chester v. Laroe Estates, Inc.*, 137 S. Ct. 1645, 1650 (2017) (citing cases). Plaintiffs cannot establish standing for either claim.

First, the Elections Clause claim alleges the violation of a right that belongs to the Legislature—not to any individual voter, legislator, or candidate. Therefore, none of the Plaintiffs can establish an individual injury-in-fact that provides standing to litigate this particular claim. *See Lance v. Coffman*, 549 U.S. 437, 442 (2007). Indeed, the U.S. Supreme Court's reasoning in *Lance* is equally applicable here:

The only injury plaintiffs allege is that the law—specifically the Elections Clause—has not been followed. This injury is precisely the kind of undifferentiated, generalized grievance about the conduct of government that we have refused to countenance in the past. It is quite different from the sorts of injuries alleged by plaintiffs in voting rights cases where we have found standing. Because plaintiffs assert no particularized stake in the litigation, we hold that they lack standing to bring their Elections Clause claim.

Id. (citing and distinguishing Baker v. Carr, 369 U.S. 186 (1962)).

This conclusion is not altered by the fact that one of the Plaintiffs here, Representative Toth, is a member of the Texas Legislature. At least with respect to the Elections Clause claim, Representative Toth has suffered no individual injury, but alleges an "institutional injury" that is "wholly abstract and widely dispersed." *Raines v. Byrd*, 521 U.S. 811, 829 (1997). This is not a case in which the entire Legislature is appearing as "an institutional plaintiff asserting an institutional injury" that has "commenced this action after authorizing votes in both of its chambers." *Arizona State Leg. v. Arizona Indep. Redistricting Comm'n*, 576 U.S. 787, 802 (2015). Accordingly, Representative Toth has no standing to assert the claim either. *Corman v. Torres*, 287 F. Supp. 3d 558, 567-69 (M.D. Pa. 2018) (three-judge court applying this principle to state legislators alleging Elections Clause violations).

As for Plaintiffs' equal protection claim, none of them has demonstrated any individual and particularized injury that differentiates them from all other voters. They complain that equal protection is violated because Harris County voters are being treated differently from voters in other counties. *See* Complaint at 11-12, 16.² But Plaintiffs are not suffering any *individual* injury. "[T]he fundamental problem" with their equal protection claim is that "[i]t is a case about group political interests, not individual legal rights." *Gill v. Whitford*, 138 S. Ct. 1916, 1922 (2018).

² Plaintiffs are mistaken to assert that Harris County is the only county using drive-through voting. http://users.neo.registeredsite.com/2/5/8/19955852/assets/EV_HOURS38404.pdf (Calhoun Cty.).

Moreover, the essential premise of the equal protection claim is incorrect. Because the Clerk treats every Harris County voter equally, the fact that this county offers different polling places than other counties does not mean the Clerk has denied residents of Harris County equal protection of the law. *See Citizen Ctr. v. Gessler*, 770 F.3d 900, 917–19 (10th Cir. 2014). Plaintiffs are entitled to disagree with the Clerk's use of drive-through polling places, but "recognizing standing based on such an 'undifferentiated' injury is fundamentally 'inconsistent' with the exercise of the judicial power." *Protect Our Parks, Inc. v. Chicago Park Dist.*, 971 F.3d 722, 731 (7th Cir. 2020) (Barrett, J.) (citation omitted).

2. The court should not intervene in an ongoing election.

This Court should not interfere in the middle of an ongoing election, especially when the procedure in question was implemented by a public official exercising his official duties and was previously approved by the Elections Division of the Texas Secretary of State. See Ex. 6 at \P 5.

Since *Purcell v. Gonzalez*, 549 U.S. 1 (2006) (per curiam) stated this principle, the Supreme Court "has repeatedly emphasized that lower federal courts should ordinarily not alter the election rules on the eve of an election." *Republican Nat'l Comm. v. Democratic Nat'l Comm.*, 140 S. Ct. 1205, 1207 (2020); *see also Texas Alliance for Retired Americans v. Hughs*, 976 F.3d 564 (5th Cir. 2020) (noting the "value of preserving the status quo in a voting case on the eve of an election").

The *Purcell* principle has been consistently followed by the Supreme Court. *Democratic Nat'l Comm. v. Wisconsin State Legislature*, No. 20A66, 2020 WL 6275871, at *3 (Oct. 26, 2020) (Kavanaugh, J., concurring) (collecting cases). Simply put, a district court should not "intervene[] in the thick of election season to enjoin enforcement of a State's laws." *Id.* at *1 (Roberts, C.J., concurring).

The *Purcell* principle has been applied to vacate lower courts' decisions enjoining state election rules when the election was close at hand. *See, e.g., Purcell*, 549 U.S. at 3, 5-6 (vacating an injunction entered 33 days before election day); *Republican Nat'l Committee*, 140 S. Ct. at 1208-09 (staying an injunction entered five days before election day); *see also North Carolina v. League of Women Voters*, 574 U.S. 927 (2014) (staying an injunction entered 32 days before election day); *Husted v. Ohio State Conference of NAACP*, 573 U.S. 988 (2014) (staying an injunction entered 61 days before election day).

Here, Plaintiffs are seeking an injunction not "on the eve of an election," *Republican Nat'l Comm.*, 140 S. Ct. at 1207, but in the middle of it. Early voting occurred between October 13-30, 2020. Election Day is tomorrow, November 3. More than 1.4 million residents of Harris County have voted already, Ex. 12, 17, including 126,912 who voted at drive-through polling places. *Id.* Intervening now would foment controversy and "result in voter confusion," *Purcell*, 549 U.S. at 5-6, especially among voters left to wonder whether their votes will be counted.

If this Court issues a preliminary injunction, the risk of voter confusion and a "consequent incentive to remain away from the polls," *id.*, will be intolerably high. First, individuals who have not voted yet and are relying on drive-through voting may become confused and stay away from the polls. Indeed, it is impossible to quantify how many individuals chose not to request mail ballots because they were relying on drive-through voting being available to them on Election Day. Second, individuals who have already voted using drive-through voting may attempt to return on Election Day to make sure their votes are counted—creating a needless crisis.

A recent application of the *Purcell* principle is instructive. Two weeks ago, after the North Carolina State Board of Elections modified the deadline for receipt of absentee ballots, the Fourth Circuit refused injunctive relief. *See Wise v. Circosta*, No. 20-2104, 2020 WL 6156302, at *1-4 (4th Cir. Oct. 20, 2020). The Fourth Circuit stated that "*Purcell* strongly counsels *against* issuing an injunction here." *Id.* at *3. Tellingly, the Supreme Court also refused to grant an injunction. *Moore v. Circosta*, No. 20A72, 2020 WL 6305036 (Oct. 28, 2020). These denials represented disciplined and conscientious adherence to the *Purcell* principle.

Here, the Clerk implemented drive-through polling places in an exercise of his official duties under state law. Therefore, drive-through voting is the status quo, and federal courts should not interfere just before the final day of the election.

B. Plaintiffs' unjustifiable delay threatens to disenfranchise more than 100,000 voters, which is a compelling reason to deny relief.

Because injunctive relief is subject to "well-established principles of equity," *eBay Inc. v. MercExchange, L.L.C.*, 547 U.S. 388, 391 (2006), the right to relief may be forfeited by an inexcusable delay that causes prejudice. "Laches is founded on the notion that equity aids the vigilant and not those who slumber on their rights." *Nat'l Ass'n of Gov't Emp. v. City Pub. Serv. Bd.*, 40 F.3d 698, 708 (5th Cir. 1994); *see also Covey v. Arkansas River Co.*, 865 F.2d 660, 662 (5th Cir. 1989) ("It is a common maxim that equity is not intended for those who sleep on their rights."); *Armco, Inc. v. Armco Burglar Alarm Co.*, 693 F.2d 1155, 1161 (5th Cir. 1982) (stating the elements of laches). This obligation is one of the "traditional principles of equity jurisdiction" that is a "prerequisite" to the "availability of injunctive relief." *Grupo Mexicano de Desarrollo S.A. v. All. Bond Fund, Inc.*, 527 U.S. 308, 318–19 (1999).

The laches principle applies in election cases. *See*, *e.g.*, *Williams v. Rhodes*, 393 U.S. 23, 34–35 (1968) (upholding denial of injunctive relief to litigant seeking ballot access, despite a meritorious claim, based on the litigant's unjustifiable delay); *Perry v. Judd*, 471 Fed. Appx. 219, 224-26 (4th Cir. 2012) (same); *Kay v. Austin*, 621 F.2d 809, 813 (6th Cir. 1980) (same).³

³ See also Fishman v. Schaffer, 429 U.S. 1325, 1330 (1976) (Marshall, J., Circuit Justice); Westermann v. Nelson, 409 U.S. 1236, 1236–37 (1972) (Douglas, J., Circuit Justice).

The laches principle provides a compelling reason to deny injunctive relief. Plaintiffs did not file their federal complaint until October 28—just two days before the conclusion of the early voting and after more than 100,000 Texans had voted at drive-through polling places in reliance on the justifiable expectation that their votes would be counted in this uniquely consequential election. Plaintiffs cannot pretend that they lacked prior notice and a reasonable opportunity to file their claims earlier, nor can they deny the prejudice that would result from the relief they seek—potentially disenfranchising an astounding number of voters.

First, Plaintiffs inexcusably delayed the filing of their federal complaint. Plans to establish drive-through polling places were announced on June 15, 2020. Ex. 5. Throughout the summer, the Clerk held a series of "stakeholder meetings," which included representatives from the Harris County Republican Party, to discuss various issues related to the election—including the drive-through polling places. Ex. 6 ¶ 6. On July 10, the Clerk tested one drive-through polling place during the primary run-off election, and then issued a press release about it on July 22. Ex. 7. On July 29, the Harris County Attorney approved of drive-through voting. Ex. 8.

On August 25, the Harris County Commissioner's Court approved a plan to implement drive-through polling places for the general election, a decision that was publicized in the *Houston Chronicle*. Ex. 9. The Commissioners (a bipartisan body) unanimously approved the drive-through voting ("DTV") polling places. Ex. 10.

As Plaintiffs point out, the Clerk publicly announced his intention to make drive-through polling places available for the general election on September 10. Complaint ¶ 20. Two weeks later, on September 29, the Commissioners accepted a \$9.6 million grant that expanded drive-through voting locations. Ex. 11.

Given the public nature of the drive-through voting initiative, there is no excuse for Plaintiffs' delay in this case. If Plaintiffs believed they had justiciable federal constitutional claims, the time to complain was before early voting *began*—not two days before it *ended*. There are more than 125,000 horses out of the barn. As of the end of early voting, 126,912 citizens had voted at drive-through locations, representing 10% of the 1,264,811 early votes. Ex. 12, 17. These voters cast ballots for candidates of both political parties in good-faith and justified reliance on the legality of the drive-through polling places.

It is no answer for Plaintiffs Hotze and Hemphill to claim that they sought mandamus relief from the Texas Supreme Court previously. Even that petition was not filed until October 15, 2020—two days *after* the early voting period had begun. Ex. 13 at 5. And it did not raise the federal constitutional claims raised in this case, but simply alleged violations of the Texas Election Code and the Texas Constitution. *Id.* at 6. Plaintiffs have no justification for failing to file their federal claims earlier. Indeed, the Texas Supreme Court denied their first petition for mandamus relief on October 22, 2020, Ex. 2, yet they waited several more days to file this action.

Plaintiffs now ask this Court to issue an injunction that would both delay the counting of all the votes cast at these drive-through polling places, Complaint at 17, and "[r]eject any votes it finds were cast in violation of the Texas Election Code" (without explaining how a federal district court has the power to "reject" state votes). Id. According to Plaintiffs, every vote cast by an otherwise qualified voter who did not qualify for curbside voting was "cast in violation of the Texas Election Code" and should be thrown out. *Id.* It is no exaggeration to say that Plaintiffs are trying to deny more than 125,000 Texans their constitutional right to vote—a consequence that could not have occurred if they had sought relief prior to the early voting period. If Plaintiffs had sought relief promptly after plans for drive-through polling places were announced—and had prevailed on their claims—these 126,912 Texas citizens would have been able to make other voting arrangements. They have lost that chance through no fault of their own, and they should not lose it through the gamesmanship of a last-minute election lawsuit. This situation reflects the worst sort of prejudice that the laches doctrine forbids. Equity should not reward such gamesmanship.

Every American citizen who is qualified to vote has "a constitutional right to vote and to have their votes counted." *Wesberry v. Sanders*, 376 U.S. 1, 17 (1964). "Not only can this right to vote not be denied outright, it cannot, consistently with Article I, be destroyed . . ." *Id.* Yet that is the relief Plaintiffs request in this case. There is no more extreme form of prejudice. Laches bars their request for relief.

C. Plaintiffs cannot show a reasonable likelihood of success.

Even if injunctive relief were otherwise available under these circumstances, Plaintiffs could not meet their burden of showing a substantial likelihood of success. Doing so requires them to surmount not one, but two hurdles. First, they must show that drive-through polling places are contrary to the Texas Election Code; second, they must show that the variance rises to the level of a federal constitutional offense. They cannot make either showing—much less both.

1. Drive-through polling places satisfy the Texas Election Code.

Plaintiffs cite a number of Texas statutes to support their challenge, but they distort the relevant provisions and ignore the provision that is directly applicable. Plaintiffs would have the Court believe the Harris County Clerk acted unilaterally to implement drive-through voting, but in fact, the Clerk only recommends locations for early voting; the actual legal approval is issued by the Commissioners Court. Tex. Elec. Code § 85.062(a)(1). On August 25, the Commissioners Court approved the recommended early voting locations—including drive-through polling places—by a unanimous and bipartisan vote. *See* Ex. 10.

Plaintiffs would have the Court believe the governing law is Section 64.009, but in fact, the location of early voting polling places is specifically governed by Tex. Elec. Code § 85.062(b). That statute provides that an early voting polling place may be located "in any stationary structure," including a "movable structure." *Id*.

Drive-through polling places comply with the statutory scheme authorized by the Legislature because they are "stationary structures" or "movable structures." There is no dispute that drive-through polling places are either stationary or movable (and must be one or the other), so the real question is whether they are "structures." That question is simple.

The Election Code does not define "structure," so the word is to be given its ordinary meaning. "Structure" is "[a]ny construction, or any production or piece of work artificially built up or composed of parts joined together in some definite manner. That which is built up or constructed; an edifice or building of any kind." *Structure*, Black's Law Dictionary 1424 (6th ed. 1990). The word ordinarily means "[s]omething constructed, such as a building."⁴

By this ordinary definition, there is no doubt the drive-through polling places qualify as "structures." Sturdy metal frames were constructed to form "structures" that cars can drive through in distinct lines to pass through individual voting stations. "Each drive-thru location is constructed of metal frames and durable tent covers covering a space of at least ten feet by twenty feet, with a ten-foot lane for a car to pass through." Ex. 6 at \P 7. They are not such a novelty; similar tent structures are also being used (without any legal challenges) at walk-in voting centers. *Id.* at \P 12; Ex. 16 at \P 12.

⁴ https://ahdictionary.com/word/search.html?q=structure (last visited October 31, 2020).

What was legal last week will not become illegal tomorrow on Election Day. Polling places on Election Day are governed by a different statute, which states that each polling place "shall be located inside a building." Tex. Elec. Code § 43.031(b). Once again, the Election Code does not define "building," so the word is to be given its ordinary meaning. "Building" is a "[s]tructure designed for habitation, shelter, storage, trade, manufacture, religion, business, education, and the like. A structure or edifice inclosing a space within its walls, and usually, but not necessarily, covered with a roof." *Building*, Black's Law Dictionary 194-95 (6th ed. 1990). The word ordinarily means "[s]omething that is built, as for human habitation; a structure." Other Texas statutes define "building" in similar terms as "any enclosed structure" that is intended or designed "for use." *See*, *e.g.*, Tex. Local Gov't Code § 214.231; Tex. Local Gov't Code § 233.0615; Tex. Penal Code § 30.01.

By this ordinary definition, there is no doubt the drive-through polling places qualify as "buildings." As we have already explained, they are enclosed "structures" that are intended, designed, and built for a designated "use." *E.g.*, *Myers v. State*, No. 05-92-00430-CR, 1992 WL 276459, at *2 (Tex. App.—Dallas 1992, no pet.) (holding a tent at the State Fair of Texas was a "building"). These tent structures have four walls, a roof, and a controlled entrance. The fact that the walls and roof are canvas rather than wood, brick, or stone is not legally significant.

⁵ <u>https://ahdictionary.com/word/search.html?q=building</u> (last visited October 31, 2020).

Furthermore, the Texas Secretary of State is the State's chief election officer, responsible for uniformity in the application and interpretation of the Election Code. Tex. Elec. Code § 31.003. The Senior Advisor of Voting Rights and Access for the Harris County Clerk's Office "sought advice from the SOS [Secretary of State] related to drive-thru voting over the course of multiple conversations." Ex. 6 at ¶ 5. "The SOS approved of the idea and made suggestions to keep the project in compliance with the law, such as providing access to all voters who come to a particular location whether in a vehicle, by bicycle, or on foot." *Id.* This account was confirmed by testimony from the Texas Secretary of State Director of Elections in a prior case; he agreed that drive-through voting is "a creative approach that is probably okay legally" provided the polling place is associated with a building and is able to accommodate any voters who wish to vote. Ex. 14 at 108-09.

Rather than engage seriously with the plain meaning of the statutory terms, Plaintiffs conflate drive-through polling places with so-called "curbside voting." But they are very different. Curbside voting is a practice in which an election official brings a ballot to a voter at a location outside the polling station. On the other hand, drive-through voting allows a voter to enter the polling place in his or her vehicle and the act of voting occurs inside, rather than outside, the polling place. Therefore, Plaintiffs are attempting to mix apples and oranges.

The statutes governing "curbside voting" apply to all polling places and are designed to accommodate voters with particular physical disabilities or health risks. Plaintiffs recount the requirements for those special accommodations in some detail, but drive-through polling places do not offer the accommodations of curbside voting. Rather, they create temporary "structures" and "buildings" that allow any voter—not just voters with a particular disability or health condition—to vote within the polling place itself. By trying to equate drive-through voting with curbside voting, Plaintiffs are simply knocking down a strawman.

Plaintiffs' complaint requests a review of "curbside voting applications." Complaint at 17. But as the Harris County Administrator of Elections has explained, Ex. 16 at ¶ 2, there is no such thing as a "curbside voting application." *Id.* at ¶ 9. "No application is required for curbside voting. The voter merely rings a buzzer and an election worker comes to the voter's car outside the polling location with a special ADA-compliant voting machine. Voters are not questioned about their health status or the nature of their disability." *Id.*; *see also* Tex. Elec. Code § 64.009.

By contrast, "[d]rive-thru voting is a different physical layout of an in-person polling location, not a special accommodation for people with disabilities who cannot physically enter the polling places, where all election laws, including the accommodation of poll watchers, are in force." Ex. 16 at ¶ 10.

In short, drive-through polling places are just another form of polling place with a different layout and structure than traditional polling places; curbside voting is a method of voting that must be available at all polling places to accommodate voters with certain disabilities. If a voter is physically unable to enter a polling place without personal assistance or a likelihood of injuring the voter's health, on the voter's request, an election officer shall deliver a ballot to the voter at the polling place entrance or the curb. Tex. Elec. Code § 64.009(a). While this restricted method of voting is colloquially known as "curbside voting," its actual physical application varies depending on the precise nature and physical layout of each polling location. On Election Day, Harris County will have approximately 800 polling locations and "[t]he physical layout and facilities in each will vary widely although every single location will offer curbside voting as Texas law requires." Ex. 16 at ¶ 8.

Plaintiffs rely primarily on the particular statute governing curbside voting, Tex. Elec. Code § 64.009, which is inapplicable for the reasons we have explained. They also cite Tex. Elec. Code § 82.002, but that statute refers to mail-in voting and involves different eligibility criteria; it is also inapplicable. And their citation to Tex. Elec. Code § 104.001 is baffling; that provision allows a voter who cannot use a voting machine at his or her precinct on Election Day due to a health condition or physical disability to vote instead at the main early voting polling place. Once again, it is completely inapplicable here. *See* Ex. 16 at ¶ 11.

Finally, the politically-charged accusation that drive-through polling places were strategically placed in "Democratic strongholds," Complaint at 16, is not true. The Harris County Commissioners Court—a bipartisan body currently composed of three Democrats and two Republicans—unanimously approved the location of the drive-through polling places. See Ex. 10. And a map of Harris County reveals that the drive-through polling places are scattered around the county in a logical manner: one location is downtown (Toyota Center); five locations are distributed in a circle around Loop 610 (NRG Arena, Houston Community College West Loop South, Resurrection Metropolitan Church, Houston Food Bank, John Phelps Courthouse); and four are around Beltway 8 (Kingdom Builders Center, Houston Community College Alief Center, Fallbrook Church, Humble Civic Center). Ex. 15. Frankly, the idea that NRG Arena and Toyota Center are "Democratic strongholds" is absurd. Those two sites were selected for strictly neutral reasons, and two sites were located in each County Commissioner's precinct with their input and approval. Ex. 17.

In this respect, it is important to note that the only "evidence" Plaintiffs cite in support of their charged accusation is a summary of early voting statistics that includes no partisan identification of voters. *See* Complaint Ex. B. And obviously, hearsay attributed to a Republican state senator in a media report, Complaint at 16, is neither admissible nor competent evidence. There is no evidence to suggest that the drive-through voting locations created a disproportionate partisan breakdown.

2. In any event, Plaintiffs cannot prevail on their claim to reject votes cast at drive-through polling places.

Regardless of the merits of Plaintiffs' complaints about drive-through voting, their ultimate request for relief—that all votes cast at drive-through polling places by voters who were ineligible for curbside voting be "[r]ejected," Complaint at 17 cannot succeed. There has been no allegation of wrongdoing by the 126,912 voters who cast their ballots in this manner, and their votes must be counted. Otherwise, those voters will lose their right to vote in this election through no fault of their own. When those citizens chose to utilize to drive-through voting, the practice had been approved by the Secretary of State and the Texas Director of Elections, used in a prior election without legal incident, and permitted to proceed by the Texas courts. See In re Hotze, 20-0819, 2020 WL 6193918, at *1 (Tex. Oct. 22, 2020) (denying both petition for writ of mandamus and motion for emergency stay); In re Pichardo, 14-20-00697-CV, 2020 WL 6051700, at *3 (Tex. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] Oct. 14, 2020, mandamus denied). These voters had every reason to believe their votes would be counted—and the law provides that they must be counted.

"No right is more precious in a free country than that of having a voice in the election of those who make the laws under which, as good citizens, we must live. Other rights, even the most basic, are illusory if the right to vote is undermined." *Wesberry v. Sanders*, 376 U.S. 1, 17 (1964). At bottom, this extraordinary case is about nothing less than that most precious right.

Texas courts likewise hold "the right to vote is fundamental, as it preserves all other rights." *Andrade v. NAACP of Austin,* 345 S.W.3d 1, 12 (Tex. 2011) (citations omitted); *see also In re State*, 602 S.W.3d 549, 572 (Tex. 2020). As such, this right must be "zealously safeguarded," *Thomas v. Groebl*, 212 S.W.2d 625, 630 (Tex. 1948), through a "well established rule of construction" that requires courts to construe statutes as broadly as possible in favor of the right to vote. *Id*.

Mindful of this principle, when the Texas Legislature intends for violations of the Election Code to invalidate a vote, it uses unambiguous and mandatory language. *See, e.g.*, Tex. Elec. Code §§ 41.008 ("An election held on a date not permitted by this subchapter is void."), 65.010 (listing types of ballots that "may not be counted"), 86.006(h) (ballots returned in violation of that section "may not be counted"). According to the Texas Supreme Court, only these mandatory provisions permit a court to reject a ballot; merely directory provisions do not. *See Ramsey v. Wilhelm*, 52 S.W.2d 757, 759 (Tex. Civ. App.—Austin 1932, writ ref'd)⁶ (holding that "in the absence of any showing of fraud, or reasonable indication that such will has not been fairly expressed and the evidence thereof properly preserved, the courts have been liberal in construing and enforcing as directory only the provisions of the election laws which are not upon their face clearly mandatory.").

⁶ A "writ refused" case from this era "carries the imprimatur of Texas Supreme Court precedent." *Hyundai Motor Co. v. Vasquez*, 189 S.W.3d 743, 754 n.52 (Tex. 2006).

As one Texas court has explained, the Texas election laws are categorized as "either mandatory or directory," and "after the voters have acted by voting" statutes "will and ought to be construed as being directory on easier terms than provisions of election laws governing what is required of candidates." *Branaum v. Patrick*, 643 S.W.2d 745, 749 (Tex. App.—San Antonio 1982, no writ). This is appropriate "because the right to vote is a fundamental one." *Id*.

None of the statutes invoked by Plaintiffs provides that a ballot or election may be invalidated in the event of a failure to comply. They are purely directory, not mandatory, so Texas law dictates that they are not a basis to invalidate a vote. Ramsey, 52 S.W.2d at 759. Texas courts have held repeatedly that even when an election has used a procedure later found to be in violation of the Election Code, votes cast under that procedure must still be counted—including in cases involving disputes about polling places. See, e.g., Honts v. Shaw, 975 S.W.2d 816, 821-22 (Tex. App.—Austin 1998, no pet.). To hold otherwise would punish innocent voters for the mistakes of election officials. See Honts, 975 S.W.2d at 822 (warning that "a sanction for the sins of the . . . official should not [be] visited upon the voter") (quoting Alvarez v. Espinoza, 844 S.W.2d 238, 243 (Tex. App.—San Antonio 1992, writ dism'd w.o.j.)); see also Little v. Alto Indep. Sch. Dist., 513 S.W.2d 886, 890 (Tex. Civ. App.—Tyler 1974, no writ); Altgelt v. Callaghan, 144 S.W. 1166, 1171 (Tex. Civ. App.—San Antonio 1912, writ dism'd w.o.j.).

The U.S. Supreme Court recently held the same. *See Andino v. Middleton*, 592 U.S. _____, 2020 WL 5887393, at *1 (2020). In *Andino*, the Court stayed an order that would eliminate the witness requirement for absentee ballots in South Carolina, effectively keeping that witness requirement in place for the 2020 general election. The briefing noted that thousands of ballots without witness signatures had been cast in reliance on the lower court's ruling, and the Court ruled that "any ballots cast before this stay issues and received within two days of [the Court's] order [could] not be rejected for failing to comply with the witness requirement." *Id*.

This Court should rule the same. Even if a court ultimately concluded that drive-through voting does not comply with the Texas Election Code—despite the preclearance of the Secretary of State's Elections Division and the refusal of the Texas Supreme Court to reach that conclusion when given an opportunity to do so—that ruling would *not* allow the ballots cast by 126,912 citizens under that procedure to be "rejected." Complaint at 17. The magnitude of this issue cannot be overstated. The group of voters Plaintiffs seek to disenfranchise is larger than the population of most Texas cities—including, for example, Pearland, Sugar Land, College Station, Beaumont, and The Woodlands. Such an extreme action would threaten to change the outcome of numerous races on the ballot, which is the last thing a federal court should entertain doing in the middle of the election. The Court should immediately deny relief with respect to this incendiary request for relief.

3. Even if Plaintiffs' interpretation of Texas law were correct, their claims do not raise any substantial federal question or invade any protected constitutional right.

Even if Plaintiffs could establish that drive-through voting is a violation of the Texas Election Code, that conclusion would be insufficient to state a federal claim. Thus, to demonstrate a substantial likelihood of success, they must also demonstrate that the federal claims they have alleged are substantially likely to succeed.

Plaintiffs' first federal claim alleges that drive-through voting is not only contrary to the Texas Election Code but rises to the level of a violation of the Elections Clause, which provides that the "Times, Places, and Manner" of elections for United States Senators and Representatives "shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof." U.S. Const. art. I, § 4, cl. 1. Plaintiffs build their argument on a concurring opinion in *Bush v. Gore*, 531 U.S. 98 (2000), which posited that a "significant departure" from the scheme prescribed by a state legislature would raise "a federal constitutional question." *Id.* at 113 (Rehnquist, C.J., concurring).

That theory did not command a majority in *Gore*, and it is inapplicable here. For one thing, as noted, Plaintiffs lack standing to assert an Elections Clause claim. For another, the facts of this case do not involve the review of a state-court decision, nor do they approach the sort of "significant departure from the legislative scheme," *id.*, that would rise to a constitutional violation. Obviously, it cannot be the law that every dispute about state election law presents a federal constitutional question.

The practices in question here represent a reasoned interpretation of the relevant provisions of the Texas Election Code, and far from being a departure from the legislative scheme, they were approved in advance by the Elections Division of the Texas Secretary of State—the state official charged with maintaining uniformity in the application and interpretation of the Election Code. Tex. Elec. Code § 31.003. Even if there is some room for a debate about whether drive-through polling places are permissible "structures" and "buildings" under the Election Code, that debate is hardly the sort of "significant departure" that Chief Justice Rehnquist had in mind.

The *Gore* concurrence contended that "with respect to a Presidential election, the court must be both mindful of the legislature's role under Article II in choosing the manner of appointing electors and deferential to those bodies expressly empowered by the legislature to carry out its constitutional mandate." Id. at 114 (emphasis added). Here, the Harris County Commissioners Court (which determines temporary polling places and unanimously voted to approve drive-through voting) and the Clerk (who administers the election) are "those bodies expressly empowered by the legislature to carry out its constitutional mandate." This is not a case in which "[t]he general coherence of the legislative scheme" has been "altered" by any court (or other state actor) "so as to wholly change the statutorily provided apportionment of responsibility" regarding election procedures. Id. In truth, the *Gore* concurrence supports deference to the public officials' discharge of their legal duties.

Plaintiffs' equal protection claim alleges that Harris County is the only county that has adopted drive-through voting and "surrender[ed] the safeguards associated with curb-side voting while other counties maintain the integrity of the ballot box." Complaint at 11-12. That claim is factually untrue, 7 and legally insubstantial. Defendant has authority only over elections in Harris County, and as Plaintiffs note, he is treating every Harris County voter identically. The fact that voters elsewhere are subject to different voting procedures does not mean the Harris County Clerk's identical treatment of every Harris County voter is a violation of equal protection. Citizen Ctr. v. Gessler, 770 F.3d 900, 917–19 (10th Cir. 2014). At least with respect to a county official, the Equal Protection Clause "requires only that each county treat similarly situated voters the same." *Id.* at 917. "In the absence of an allegation that [the Clerk] treated voters in a single county differently, [Plaintiffs have] failed to state a valid equal protection claim against" the Harris County Clerk. *Id.* at 919.

Plaintiffs rely on the per curiam majority opinion in *Gore*, but the Court noted that "[t]he question before the Court is not whether local entities, in the exercise of their expertise, may develop different systems for implementing elections." *Gore*, 531 U.S. at 109. Here, that is precisely the question—whether Texas counties may implement drive-through voting consistent with the Texas Election Code.

⁷ Plaintiffs are mistaken to assert that Harris County is the only county using drive-through voting. http://users.neo.registeredsite.com/2/5/8/19955852/assets/EV_HOURS38404.pdf (Calhoun Cty.).

This question, while undoubtedly important to the citizens of Texas, is not a matter of constitutional significance. *Gore* involved "a situation where a state court with the power to assure uniformity has ordered a statewide recount with minimal procedural safeguards." *Id.* at 109. The Court held that the Florida Supreme Court had fashioned an ad hoc remedial scheme that lacked "the rudimentary requirements of equal treatment and fundamental fairness." *Id.* This drive-through voting plan, which was carefully conceived and pre-approved by election officials, does not lack "the rudimentary requirements of equal treatment and fundamental fairness." *Id.* Far from it: every Harris County voter is treated fairly and equally.

As the Proposed Intervenors have explained, *Gore* involved a situation in which counties were using "varying standards to determine what was a legal vote," *id.* at 107, which meant that ballots were being "valued" differently. *Id.* at 104-05. That is not the case here; every ballot is being valued the same. *Wise v. Circosta*, No. 20-2104, 2020 WL 6156302, at *5 (4th Cir. Oct. 20, 2020). The allegations in the complaint do not state a viable equal protection claim.

D. Granting a preliminary injunction in the midst of the election would disserve the public interest.

Finally, even if Plaintiffs could show a substantial likelihood of success and an irreparable injury—which they lack, since they have no individual injury at all—injunctive relief would be unwise because of the public interest in completing the election and avoiding politicization of the courts.

In preliminary injunction analysis, the third factor is whether the plaintiff's injury outweighs the threatened harm to the party to be enjoined; the fourth factor is whether granting a preliminary injunction will "not disserve" the public interest. *USI Sw.*, 2020 WL 2220573, at *3 (Hanen, J.). "These factors merge when the Government is the opposing party." *Nken v. Holder*, 556 U.S. 418, 435 (2009).

Plaintiffs claim that in balancing the equities this Court should only consider the injury to them and argue there would be no harm to the Clerk. Doc. No. 4 at 12. But this argument ignores the severe harm to the public interest and the voters.

The Constitution of the United States protects the right of all qualified citizens to vote, in state as well as in federal elections. *Reynolds v. Sims*, 377 U.S. 533, 554 (1964). Plaintiffs' requested relief would affect 126,912 votes cast in early voting; those voters would lose their constitutional right to vote in this epochal election. Indeed, the Proposed Intervenors have provided affidavits from drive-through voters who voted in reliance on Harris County's authorization—one of whom is out of state and could not easily return now to cast a second ballot. *See* Doc. No. 13-1 at 18-19; Doc Nos. 13-7 to 13-11. They are the faces of more than 125,000 Texas citizens.

Courts have held repeatedly that disenfranchisement is an irreparable injury, tipping the balance powerfully against the most extreme injunctive relief requested by Plaintiffs. *See Obama for America v. Husted*, 697 F.3d 423, 436 (6th Cir. 2012); *Williams v. Salerno*, 792 F.2d 323, 326 (2d Cir. 1986).

Similarly, even if a preliminary injunction were limited to segregating the drive-through voting records and not counting them on Election Day—or even allowing the possibility that they might not be counted—the harm would be severe. All voters who have voted using the drive-through procedure would be left in limbo. As Proposed Intervenors point out, such voters realistically would be unable to cast a second ballot due to the possibility of criminal prosecution. *See* Doc. No. 13-1 (citing Tex. Elec. Code § 64.012). They would be left to wonder whether their votes would be counted. Confidence in the democratic process would be shaken. Thus, Plaintiffs are wrong to contend there is no countervailing harm.

Next, Plaintiffs claim that the public interest would be served by an injunction. On the contrary, the public interest favors non-interference with official procedures that were adopted and publicized by Harris County election officials months ago—including drive-through polling places. Avoiding voter confusion and disruption is "within the public interest given the extremely fast-approaching election date." *Texas Democratic Party v. Abbott*, 961 F.3d 389, 412 (5th Cir. 2020).

Indeed, in analyzing this factor, both the Fifth Circuit and other courts have relied on the *Purcell* principle. Avoiding interference and alteration of election rules so close to the election date is an important priority in the public-interest analysis. *Id.*; *Wise*, 2020 WL 6156302, at *7 ("the balance of equities is influenced heavily by *Purcell* and tilts against federal court intervention at this late stage").

In summary, deference to publicly-elected officials is the appropriate course. The Clerk implemented drive-through voting after consultation and approval from the Secretary of State, and the Texas Supreme Court has twice declined to interfere. The fact that the final arbiter of the Texas Election Code found no justification for interfering with drive-through polling places—based on the same legal arguments—in the middle of the election is an unmistakable indication that the public interest is best served by allowing the election to proceed without interference.

CONCLUSION

Plaintiffs' request for a preliminary injunction should be denied.

Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing document has been forwarded to all counsel of record via the Court's electronic filing system pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure on November 1, 2020.

/s/ Richard Warren Mithoff, Jr.
Richard Warren Mithoff, Jr.



THE SUPREME COURT OF TEXAS

Orders Pronounced November 1, 2020

MISCELLANEOUS

THE FOLLOWING PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS IS DENIED:

20-0863 IN RE STEVEN HOTZE, M.D., WENDELL CHAMPION, HON. STEVE TOTH, AND SHARON HEMPHILL

motion to exceed word limit granted relators' emergency motion for temporary relief denied



THE SUPREME COURT OF TEXAS

Orders Pronounced October 22, 2020

ORDERS ON PETITIONS FOR REVIEW

A STAY IS ISSUED IN THE FOLLOWING PETITION FOR REVIEW:

20-0785	JETALL COMPANIES, INC. v. JPG WACO HERITAGE, LLC; from McLennan County; 7th Court of Appeals District (07-20-00126-CV, SW3d, 06-20-20)
	petitioner's emergency motion to stay proceedings granted stay order issued
	[Note : The petition for review remains pending before this Court.]

MISCELLANEOUS

THE FOLLOWING PETITIONS FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS ARE DENIED:

20-0800 IN RE JUAN GERARDO PEREZ PICHARDO AND PUBLIC INTEREST LEGAL FOUNDATION, INC.; 14th Court of Appeals District (14-20-00685-CV, ___ SW3d ___, 10-08-20)

Justice Devine notes his dissent to the Court's denial of the petition for writ of mandamus relief.

(Justice Boyd not participating)

20-0815 IN RE JUAN GERARDO PEREZ PICHARDO AND THE REPUBLICAN PARTY OF TEXAS; 14th Court of Appeals District (14-20-00697-CV, ___ SW3d ___, 10-14-20) as amended

Justice Devine notes his dissent to the Court's denial of the petition for writ of mandamus relief. *See* opinion issued in cause 20-0739, *In re Steven Hotze, M.D.*, *et al.*

(Justice Guzman and Justice Boyd not participating)

20-0819 IN RE STEVEN HOTZE, M.D., HARRIS COUNTY REPUBLICAN PARTY, KEITH NIELSEN, AND SHARON HEMPHILL Exhibit 2

Cases 20:20574037 Document n 00512623668d of age 530 in Dates File n at 102/2020 relators' emergency motion for temporary relief denied

Justice Devine delivered a dissent to the Court's denial of mandamus relief and emergency stay.

See opinion issued in cause 20-0739, In re Steven Hotze, M.D., et al.

THE FOLLOWING PETITIONS FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS ARE DENIED:

20-0830 IN RE ELIZABETH BIESEL, LAURA BIESEL, MEG BAKICH, LISA BURROUGHS & LYNN DAVENPORT

Justice Devine notes his dissent to the Court's denial of the petition for writ of mandamus relief.

10/27/2020 10:48 PM tex-47581770 SUPREME COURT OF TEXAS BLAKE A. HAWTHORNE, CLERK

NO
In the Supreme Court of Texas
IN RE STEVEN HOTZE, M.D., WENDELL CHAMPION, HON. STEVE TOTH, AND SHARON HEMPHILL,
Relators,
On Petition for Writ of Mandamus to the Harris County Clerk
PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS

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Counsel for Relators

Identity of Parties and Counsel

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Dr. Hotze is a registered voter in Harris County and will be voting in the general election.

Hon. Steve Toth

Conroe, Texas 77384.

State Representative Toth is a member of the Texas House of Representatives, representing District 15. Representative Toth is on the November 3, 2020 ballot.

Wendell Champion

Houston, Texas 77002

Mr. Champion is the Republican nominee for Texas' 18th Congressional District, Texas. He is on the ballot in the general election on November 3, 2020.

Sharon Hemphill

Spring, Texas 77379

Sharon Hemphill is a registered voter in Harris County. Sharon Hemphill is the Republican nominee for judge of the Texas 80th District Court, Harris County, Texas. She is on the ballot in the general election on November 3, 2020. She advanced from the Republican primary on March 3, 2020.

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2. Respondent

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Statement of the Case

Nature of the Case

Respondent Harris County Clerk Chris Hollins' Offices created a new "manner" of voting in Harris County, "drive-thru" voting. Drive-thru voting is not recognized in the Texas Election Code. Hollins' drive-thru voting scheme allows any and all Harris County registered voters — regardless of whether they are permitted to do so under the Texas Election Code — to engage in early and election day "drive-thru" voting. Hollins who is a Democrat and currently serves as Deputy Vice-Chair of Finance for the Democratic Party of Texas, has identified ten (10) drive-thru voting locations and placed nine (9) of the locations in heavily Democratic areas. [App. ___]

Through the Texas Election Code, the Legislature chose not to recognize drive-thru voting; however, the Texas Legislature did expressly create a narrowly defined exception to voting in person for those who are physically unable to enter the polling place without personal assistance or likelihood of injuring the voter health - "curb-side voting." Tex. Elect. Code §§64.009, 82.02, and 104.001-104.005.

The Legislature restricted curbside voting to three distinct categories: (i) presents sick at the time of the vote; (ii) a voter has a physical condition requiring personal assistance (e.g., is physically handicapped); or (iii) voting inside the polling

location would create a likelihood of injuring the voter's health. *Id.* Additionally, if a voter qualifies as disabled under Texas Election Code § 82.002 the voter is eligible to vote by mail. This Court recently held that a voter's lack of immunity to COVID-19, without more, is not a "disability" as defined by the Election Code, and therefore, is not a sufficient basis to permit a voter to validly vote by mail. *In re State*, 602 S.W.3d 549, 550 (Tex. 2020) (a voter's general fear or lack of immunity from COVID-19 is not a "disability" as defined by the Election Code).

By indiscriminately encouraging and allowing any and all Harris County registered voters to cast their ballots curb side on this invalid basis, Respondent's ultra vires act regarding drive-thru voting is a violation of state and federal law and must be stopped. By circumventing the Texas Legislature and implementing a manner of voting not recognized in the Texas Election Code, Respondent is violating Art. I, section IV, clause 1 of the United States Constitution. Additionally, by adopting a manner of voting that is inconsistent with the Texas Election Code and not adopted by any other county in Texas, Respondent is violating the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

Accordingly, Relators seek mandamus relief to compel Respondent to perform his nondiscretionary, ministerial duties to restrict curbside voting to only those Harris County registered voters who have submitted sworn applications which facially satisfy at least one of the specific categories permitting curbside voting under the Texas Election Code.

Respondent

Chris Hollins, in his official capacity as the Harris County Clerk, who, under Section 83.002 of the Texas Election Code (early voting) and Section 104.001 of the Texas Election Code (election day voting), is designated as the "Early Voting Clerk."

Relief Requested

Respondent should be required to stop drive-thru voting and only allow curbside voting for registered voters in Harris County who have submitted the required sworn application to vote curbside or who submitted an application which facially satisfies any of the required criteria for curb-side voting.

On Saturday, October 31, 2020, all the Judge's Booth Controllers ("JBC") from early voting will be delivered to central count at NRG. [App.___]. Seals will be broken and the memory cards - Mobile Ballot Box ("MBB") will be accessed to count the number of ballots contained in each MBB-not tally the vote. [App. A]. On the morning of November 3, 2020, the same MBBs will be connected to the Tally machine to download the actual ballots contained. [App. A]. The Tally machine will then conduct the counting/tabulation process for early votes utilizing the drive thru process. [App. A]. After 7:00 p.m. on November 3, 2020, Respondent will enter

the MBBs from election day votes at drive thru location into the Tally machine to conducting the counting/tabulation of election day votes at drive-thru locations. [App. A]. Accordingly, Relators are asking this Court to require all memory cards from the ten (10) drive-thru voting locations be secured and not entered or downloaded into the Tally machine until this Court issues an order on Relators' Petition for Writ of Mandamus.

Statement of Jurisdiction

Texas Election Code §273.061 gives the Court original jurisdiction to issue a writ of mandamus "to compel the performance of any duty imposed by law in connection with the holding of an election." The Relators have a compelling reason to request mandamus from this Court in the first instance. *See* Tex. R. App. P. 52.3. The November 3rd, 2020 general election is quickly approaching and Respondent is allowing drive-thru voting for all voters regardless of whether the voter: (i) is sick at the time of the vote; (ii) has a physical condition requiring personal assistance (e.g., is physically handicapped); or (iii) voting inside the polling location would create a likelihood of injuring the voter's health. Tex. Elec. Code §§ 64.009, 82.02 and 104.001-005.

This Court has stated "that an election in this state is not a single event, but a *process*, and that the entire *process* is subject to contest." *Dickson v. Strickland*, 265 S.W. 1012, 1018 (Tex. 1924). This case involves the enforcement by mandamus of duties involved with the "holding of an election," an election being the *entire process* including the date early voting begins and when a voter can deliver a marked ballot by mail in person to the early voting clerk's office. *Grant v. Ammerman*, 437 S.W.2d 547, 548-49 (Tex. 1969). Mandamus will lie to enforce ministerial duties arising in connection with an election. *Id*.

In this Petition for Writ of Mandamus, Relators are challenging the *process* of the election, i.e., the manner in which the Respondent is implementing a drivethru voting scheme that is not recognized under the Texas Election Code. Relators include federal and state candidates on the November 3, 2020 ballot in Harris County, Texas, (Wendell Champion, Hon. Steve Toth, and Sharon Hemphill) and a voter/activist (Dr. Steven Hotze).

Relators ask the Court to use the power granted by the Election Code "to compel the performance of any duty imposed by law in connection with the holding of an election." Tex. Elec. Code § 273.061.

When time is of the essence, this Court has not hesitated to exercise its mandamus authority. *See*, e.g., *In re Woodfill*, 470 S.W.3d 473, 481 (Tex. 2015) (per curiam); *In re Carlisle*, 209 S.W.3d 93, 95-96 (Tex. 2006) (per curiam); *In re Tex. Senate*, 36 S.W.3d 119, 121 (Tex. 2000); *Sears v. Bayoud*, 786 S.W.2d 248, 250 & n.1 (Tex. 1990). The Court should exercise its original mandamus authority again in that Hollins illegal actions have begun and will continue through election day.

Statement of the Issues Presented

- 1. Does Respondent Hollins' drive-thru voting violate Article I, Section IV, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution in that Hollins redefines the manner of conducting elections in Harris County contrary to the Texas Election Code?
- 2. Does Respondent Hollins' drive-thru voting violate the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution?
- 3. Is Respondent failing to perform his nondiscretionary, ministerial duties by encouraging and permitting Harris County registered voters to cast their ballots curbside/drive-thru even though they do not satisfy any of the three specific categories permitting curbside voting under the Texas Election Code?

Introduction

Under Section 83.002 of the Texas Election Code, Respondent has the responsibility of enforcing the election laws to ensure a fair and honest election in Harris County. Despite the fact that the Texas Election Code restricts curb-side voting to specific and narrowly defined categories of voters, and fails to recognize drive-thru voting, Respondent has implemented a drive-thru voting scheme that is violating the law. Respondent abusing the COVID-19 pandemic as his pretext – of permitting any and all Harris County registered voters to vote curbside or as Hollins On May 15, 2020, the Texas Supreme Court rejected terms it-drive-thru. Respondent's contention that a voter's lack of immunity from COVID-19 and concern about contracting it at a polling place constitutes a "disability" within the meaning of the statute permitting a voter to cast a ballot by mail. In re State, 602 S.W.3d 549, 550 (Tex. 2020). The exact same rationale applies with equal force to Respondent's latest attempt to ignore the narrow confines of the carefully defined standards for the three types of situations where a voter may properly vote curbside under the Texas Election Code. None of those instances are satisfied by a voter's lack of immunity to COVID-19, or by a generalized subjective fear of contracting a virus, or by a desire for "convenience" or to enjoy the "comfort" of one's vehicle while voting. Unless stopped, illegal votes will be cast and counted in direct

violation of the Texas Election Code and the United States Constitution and result in the integrity of elections in Harris County being compromised.

Statement of Facts

I. Respondent Hollins' Ministerial Duties Under the Texas Election Code

As the early voting clerk for Harris County, Respondent has the responsibility of enforcing the election laws to ensure a fair and honest election in Harris County. One of the statutory election mandates for which Respondent Hollins is responsible deals with curb-side voting. This is a method of voting whereby a qualifying voter may vote from a vehicle in lieu of coming inside to vote at a polling location. In order to take advantage of curb-side voting, a registered voter must prepare and sign a sworn application. The application is similar to the application for vote by mail, and a voter must affirmatively check specific boxes on the form in order to facially demonstrate to the Early Voting Clerk (Respondent Hollins) compliance with the curbside voting statutes under the Texas Election Code.

Under Texas Election Code, curbside voting is restricted to distinct categories: (i) the voter is sick at the time of the vote; (ii) the voter has a physical condition requiring personal assistance (e.g., is physically handicapped); or (iii) voting inside the polling location would create a likelihood of injuring the voter's health. Tex. Elec. Code §§ 64.009, 82.02 and 104.001-005.

Despite the fact that the Texas Election Code restricts curbside voting to specific and narrowly defined categories of voters, Respondent– using the COVID-

19 pandemic as his pretext – is permitting any and all Harris County registered voters to vote curbside or drive-thru and vote.

II. Respondent Hollins Is Permitting Countywide Drive-Thru Voting In Direct Violation of the Texas Election Code

Respondent Hollins has implemented a countywide "drive-thru" voting program for every registered voter in Harris County. A true and correct transcription of the pertinent excerpt from a press conference where Respondent Hollins identifies the program is attached to the Appendix to this Mandamus Petition. See App. B At 5-6. Beginning at the 4-minute mark, and continuing on to 4:33, Respondent Hollins said the following:

"Drive-thru voting is an option for all voters who would like to be able to vote from the safety and comfort of your vehicle. Drive-thru voting allows those who don't qualify to vote by mail to minimize your exposure to other voters and to election workers. While we hope to have short lines across the county, drive-thru voters waiting in line will be able to wait in the comfort of your vehicle where you can listen to the radio or converse with loved ones until you are pointed to your drive-thru voting booth. We hope that Harris County voters will consider utilizing drive-thru voting."

See App. B At 5-6. Hollins' position is that anyone and everyone may vote curb side in Harris County should they wish to do so.

Because Respondent Hollins is allowing Harris County Registered voters to vote curb side (drive-thru) without regard to whether they are eligible to vote curb-side, and because of the very clear threat of imminent harm which will result from ineligible curbside voting taking place in violation of the Texas Election Code and

the United States Constitution, Relators bring this Mandamus Petition to mandate compliance by the Respondent with his clear and non-discretionary ministerial duties.

Argument

I. Hollins is Violating the United States Constitution

Respondent Hollins' drive-thru voting scheme violates Article I, Section IV, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution in that Hollins redefines the manner of conducting elections in Harris County contrary to the Texas Election Code. Additionally, Hollins violates the Fourteenth Amendment's Equal Protection Clause by adopting a manner of voting in Harris County that has not been adopted by other Texas' counties.

A. The Election Clause Requires this Court to Uphold the Manner of Voting Defined by the Legislature in the Texas Election Code

The Constitution's Elections Clause directs that "[t]he Times, Places, and Manner of holding Elections for Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof," subject to the directives of Congress. U.S. Const. Art. I, § 4, Cl. 1.

Because federal offices "arise from the Constitution itself," any "state authority to regulate election to those offices . . . had to be delegated to, rather than reserved by, the States." *Cook v. Gralike*, 531 U.S. 510, 522 (2001). The

Constitution effected such delegations to State Legislatures through the Electors and Elections Clauses. See U.S. Const. Art. II, § 1, Cl. 2; id. Art. I, § 4, Cl. 1. The Elections Clause vests State Legislatures, subject to Congress's enactments, with authority "to provide a complete code for congressional elections." Smiley v. Holm, 285 U.S. 355, 366 (1932); see also Ariz. State Legislature v. Ariz. Indep. Redistricting Comm'n, 576 U.S. 787, 826 (2015) (Roberts, C.J., dissenting) (noting that the Elections Clause "imposes a duty on States and assigns that duty to a particular state actor"). This "broad power to prescribe the procedural mechanisms for holding congressional elections," Cook v. Granlike, 531 U.S. 510, 523 (2001) (internal quotation marks omitted), includes authority to enact "the numerous requirements as to the procedure and safeguards which experience shows are necessary in order to enforce the fundamental right involved," Smiley, 285 U.S. at 366; Cook, 531 U.S. at 523–24; see also Storer v. Brown, 415 U.S. 724, 730 (1974) (stating that state legislatures may enact election laws in order to ensure that elections are "fair and honest" and that "some sort of order, rather than chaos, is to accompany the democratic process"). This sweeping grant of authority means that "the text of [state] election law itself, and not just its interpretation by the courts of the States, takes on independent significance," Bush v. Gore, 531 U.S. 98, 112–13 (2000) (Rehnquist, C.J., concurring), and the federal Constitution "operate[s] as a limitation upon the State in respect of any attempt to circumscribe the [delegated]

legislative power," *Palm Beach Cnty.*, 531 U.S. at 76; *McPherson*, 146 U.S. at 25. The United States Supreme Court has made it clear that "[a] significant departure from the legislative scheme for electing U.S. Representatives—including when such departure is carried out by the state judiciary—thus presents a federal constitutional question." *Bush*, 531 U.S. at 113 (Rehnquist, C.J., concurring); see also *Palm Beach Cnty.*, 531 U.S. at 76; *McPherson*, 146 U.S. at 25.

Here, the Texas Legislature has created a detailed statutory scheme related to curb-side voting to govern the conduct of federal elections. Respondent Hollins has significantly departed from the legislative scheme regarding curb-side voting. By allowing Hollins to significantly alter the manner of voting that has not been prescribed by the Legislature, Hollins' drive-thru voting scheme violates the United States Constitution Art. I, § 4, Cl. 1. Relators requests this Court stop Hollins from rewriting an integral part of the Texas Election Code's comprehensive scheme for regulating the manner for conducting federal elections.

1. The Texas Election Code Should Be Strictly Construed

"This Court has stated in no uncertain terms that county election officials possess only those powers 'granted in express words' or 'necessarily or fairly implied in an express grant." *In re Hotze*, No. 20-0819 (October 22, 2020) (Devine, J., dissenting, quoting *State v. Hollins*, No. 20-0729, 2020 WL 5919729, at *4 (Tex.

Oct. 7, 2020) (per curiam) (internal quotations omitted)). As Justice Devine writes in his dissent in *In re Hotze*, "These implied powers are themselves narrow—they must be 'indispensable,' 'not simply convenient." *Id*. The powers are governed by a "lengthy, detailed, and comprehensive Election Code." *Id*. at *2. Hollins acts are outside the scope of the Election Code and constitute ultra vires conduct that undermine the integrity of the election process. *See Richardson v. Hughs*, No. 20-50774, 2020 WL 6127721, at *1–2 (5th Cir. Oct. 19, 2020). "Though certain enumerated powers may create a narrow range of implied powers, the Legislature's silence on an issue raises the presumption that it has not granted that power." *In re Hotze*, No. 20-0819 (October 22, 2020) (Devine, J., dissenting). Nothing in the Texas Election Code allows for Hollins' drive-thru voting.

2. Hollins Attempts to Redefine Polling Location

Under Respondent Hollins' drive-thru voting scheme, a car is turned into a polling location. Specifically, to drive-thru vote, the voter never exits the vehicle. Instead, the voter sits in their car as the e-slate is hand delivered to the voter who then cast their vote within the confines of their vehicle. It should be noted that many times these votes are cast by numerous people in one car, eliminating the confidentiality surrounding one's vote. The garages, tents, canopies, and other "coverings" the car drives into are not the actual polling location -the polling place is the car. The e-slate is physically placed in the car, the vote is cast in the car, and

the voter remains in the car. [App. C]. The voter never physically exits the car. [App. C]. A car is not a polling place. If a car is a polling place, Harris County now has millions of voting locations around the county that change locations throughout the day. Attached, as App. C, are photos of voters utilizing "drive-thru" voting.

The Election Code mandates that a registered voter cast a ballot in a "voting station" at a "polling place." See TEX. ELEC. CODE §§ 64.001, .009(a). Qualified individuals may request their ballot curbside in a vehicle on election day and throughout the early voting period. Id. § 64.009(a). This exception applies only to those physically unable to enter the polling place without assistance or for whom a likelihood of injury exists. *Id.*; see also *In re State*, 602 S.W.3d 549, 550 (Tex. 2020) (a voter's general fear or lack of immunity from COVID-19 is not a "disability" as defined by the Election Code). Otherwise, voting is to take place in a "polling place." TEX. ELEC. CODE § 64.009(a). Respondent has previously argued that rows of semi-permanent tents where election officers stand awaiting dozens of cars, inside of which any voter may cast a ballot, qualify as a "polling place." In his dissent in *In re Hotze*, Justice Devine rejects Hollins' definition, stating, "I struggle to see how the Election Code contemplates such a novel concoction. Hollins stretches the text of the Code beyond its historical and common-sense understanding." In re Hotze, No. 20-0819 (October 22, 2020) (Devine, J., dissenting).

The Texas Election Code states that polling locations "may be located in any stationary structure," including a "movable structure." *Id.* § 85.062(b). Hollins has previously argued that these "tents" satisfy the requirements of movable structure. However, as Justice Devine has stated, "[T]he Texas Election Code likely contemplates that 'structure' is a place one enters to get to the polling place; the structure itself is not the polling place." *In re Hotze*, No. 20-0819 (October 22, 2020) (Devine, J. dissenting). The Texas Election Code prohibits electioneering "within 100 feet of an outside door through which a voter may enter the building or structure in which the early voting polling place is located." Texas Elec. Code § 85.036(a) (emphasis added). As Justice Devine has previously identified, "The prepositional phrase 'in which' indicates that the polling place is to be inside of a building or structure. The structure itself cannot be the polling place and the voting station rolled into one. Even harder to understand is how one's vehicle could qualify as a 'polling place,' as it is not a 'structure' as commonly understood. Nor can one's vehicle be a 'voting station,' which is a specific location designated for voters to cast a ballot. Station, WEBSTER'S NEW COLLEGIATE DICTIONARY (1975) ("[A] place established to provide a public service." (emphasis added))." Id. Hollins' expansion of the statute manifests itself in the absurd result that every voter's vehicle is a "polling place" or "voting station." *Id*.

3. <u>Texas Attorney General Recently Addressed Drive-Thru Voting</u>

On October 16, 2020, Attorney General Ken Paxton addressed the issue of "drive-thru" voting. [App. D]. In the letter General Paxton states, among other things, that Texas Election Code "makes no provision for 'drive-thru' voting centers at which any voter may cast a ballot from his or her vehicle." [App. D].

4. The Texas Legislature has Rejected "Drive-Thru" Voting

Legislators have previously attempted to amend the Texas Election Code to allow a form of Respondent Hollins' "drive-thru" voting scheme. During the 2019 legislative session, legislation was proposed to allow polling places to accommodate parents with young children, HB 2898. [App. E]. Because Texas law required curbside voting for people with disabilities, HB 2898 left it up to local election officials to decide whether to offer curbside voting for parents with young children. [App. E]. The bill also created a study to be performed by the Texas Secretary of State's office that would evaluate the best practices for curbside voting for people with children and report it to the legislature by December 2020. [App. E]. The Texas House approved the bill that supporters believed would increase voter turnout by allowing parents with children younger than five (5) years old to participate in curbside voting. The argument is similar to that made by Respondent Hollins as a justification for his drive-thru voting scheme. On May 8, 2019, the House gave the bill final approval in a 90-52 vote. However, the Texas Senate failed to pass the bill.

Here, Hollins is asking this Court to implement a form of "drive-thru" voting that is much broader than one previously rejected by the Legislature. A pandemic should not be a license for this Court to turn into a super-legislature. If the Texas Legislature has effectively rejected Hollins' scheme, so too should this Court.

5. <u>Drive-Thru Voting Locations Placed in Democratic</u> <u>Strongholds</u>

Nine of the ten "drive-thru" voting locations in Harris County are placed in areas that vote heavily Democratic. [App. G]. State Sen. Paul Bettencourt (R-Houston) recently noted nine of the 10 drive-thru voting locations are in Democrat areas of the county, adding that "nothing in the Texas election code allows Mr. Hollins to do this setup." Erin Anderson, *Texas AG: Legal Action for Unlawful Drive-Thru Voting*, Texas Scorecard, October 20, 2020.

6. Over 100,000 Illegal Drive-Thru Votes Have Been Cast

Harris County accounts for nearly 15 percent of all registered voters in Texas.

To date, over 100,000 "drive-thru" votes have been cast. [App. F].

B. Hollins' Drive-Thru Voting Scheme Violates the Fourteenth Amendment

The Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution provides, "No State shall... deny to any person..., the equal protection of the laws." USCS Const. Amend. 14, § 1. Harris County is the only Texas County that has adopted drivethru voting. [App. A]. By using different criteria for voting and allowing a new form

of voting to occur in only in Harris County, Hollins is violating the Equal Protection Clause. *Bush v. Gore*, 531 U.S. 98 (2000). Hollins violates the Equal Protection Clause, in that Harris County, unlike other counties, surrenders the safeguards associated with curb-side voting while other counties maintain the integrity of the ballot box by complying with the strict requirements imposed by the Texas Legislature in §§ 64.009, 82.02, and 104.001-104.005 of the Texas Election Code.

The Supreme Court's per curiam majority opinion in *Bush v. Gore* eviscerated the distinction between nuts-and-bolts questions and big picture questions by holding that Florida law, at least as construed by the Florida Supreme Court, violated the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment. 531 U.S. 98 (2000). The Court held that a state violates equal protection when it fails to have uniform standards for the recounting of votes during a statewide election contest. *Id.* at 109. The opinion makes it clear that disparity regarding the means of voting is a justiciable question. Here, Hollins has implemented a form of voting that is unique to Harris County and differs from the remaining 253 counties in the state of Texas.

II. <u>Mandamus is Appropriate to Compel Compliance with a Non-Discretionary, Ministerial Duty.</u>

"A writ of mandamus will issue to compel a public official to perform a ministerial act." *Anderson v. Seven Points*, 806 S.W.2d 791, 793 (Tex. 1991) (citing *Womack v. Berry*, 156 Tex. 44, 291 S.W.2d 677, 682 (1956); *Turner v. Pruitt*, 161 Tex. 532, 342 S.W.2d 422, 423 (1961)). "An act is ministerial when the law clearly

spells out the duty to be performed by the official with sufficient certainty that nothing is left to the exercise of discretion." *Anderson*, 291 S.W.2d at 793. That is the case here.

A. Respondent Hollins Has a Ministerial Duty to Review Each Sworn Application in Order to Verify that the Applicant Has Supplied All of the Required Information to Permit Curbside Voting.

Because Section 64.009 of the Texas Election Code permits curbside voting under limited circumstances during Early Voting, Respondent Hollins' duties as the Early Voting Clerk include the enforcement of curbside voting during Early Voting. In order to enable an eligible voter to legally vote curbside, the registered voter must submit a sworn application for ballot similar to the application for a ballot by mail described in Section 84.001 (Eligible voter must make an application for an early voting ballot to be voted by mail).

The duty to review each application is not discretionary; it is mandatory. *In re Robinson*, 175 S.W.3d 824, 830 (Tex. App. 2005) ("The use of the word shall in a statute is generally construed as creating a nondiscretionary duty."). This duty includes the specific obligation to ensure that each sworn application satisfies the criteria set forth in the Texas Election Code to permit a specific voter to vote curbside during both Early Voting and Election Day voting.

B. Respondent Hollins Has a Ministerial Duty to Reject an Application for Curbside Voting That does No Contain the Required Information to Permit Curbside Voting.

Under Texas Election Code Sections 64.009, 82.02, and 104.001, curbside voting is restricted to three distinct categories: (i) a voter is presently sick at the time of the vote; (ii) a voter has a physical condition requiring personal assistance (e.g., is physically handicapped); or (iii) voting inside the polling location would create a likelihood of injuring the voter's health. Respondent Hollins, however, has announced his policy to permit any registered Harris County voter to cast their ballot via drive-thru voting. This illegal policy, which is grounded on the dubious notion that a lack of immunity from COVID-19 justifies a wholesale repudiation of the Texas Election Code, has already been expressly rejected by the Texas Supreme Court. In re State, 602 S.W.3d 549 (Tex. 2020). Rejecting Respondent Hollins' argument in that case that a voter's lack of immunity from the disease and concern about contracting it a polling place justifies a voter's choice to case a ballot by mail, the Supreme Court made clear that a generalized fear of contracting a virus would not, standing alone, be sufficient to trigger a statutory right to vote by mail.

The Court's reasoning in *In re State*, 602 S.W.3d 549 (Tex. 2020), applies Respondent's allowing curbside voting for anyone who wants to vote curbside. The "disability" language contained in Section 82.002(a) regarding ballots by mail tracks the same language as is contained in Sections 64, 82, and 104 regarding curbside voting. Under Texas Election Code Sections 64.009, 82.02, and 104.001, curbside voting is restricted to three distinct categories: (i) a voter is presently sick at the time

of the vote; (ii) a voter has a physical condition requiring personal assistance (e.g., is physically handicapped); or (iii) voting inside the polling location would create a likelihood of injuring the voter's health. It is abundantly clear that Respondent Hollins may not, consistent with his ministerial duties to comply with the Texas Election Code, permit registered Harris County voters to engage in drive-thru voting who do not satisfy one or more of the statutorily prescribed exceptions to voting inside the polling place.

The obligation to reject insufficient applications to vote curbside is not discretionary; it is mandatory. *See In re Robinson*, 175 S.W.3d at 830. The duty to challenge ineligible curbside voting is not discretionary; it is mandatory. *Id*.

III. Respondent Hollins is Permitting Curbside Voting to Voters Not Entitled to Vote Curbside in Breach of His Ministerial Duties under the Texas Election Code.

Hollins is allowing curbside/drive-thru voting for all 2.37 million registered voters in Harris County. This is a clear and direct violation of his duties to enforce the Texas Election Code and the United States Constitution. Respondent Hollins has a non-discretionary, ministerial duty to limit curbside voting solely to those registered voters who submit facially valid sworn applications to vote curbside. All other requests to vote curbside must be denied. "Failure to perform his duty subjects [Respondent Hollins] to mandamus." *Bejarano v. Hunter*, 899 S.W.2d 346, 350 (Tex. App. 1995). Absent an order compelling Respondent Hollins to comply with

his ministerial duties under the Texas Election Code, ineligible applicants and/or facially invalid sworn applications will be approved.

IV. Relators Are Being Harmed, Have Standing, and Will Continue to be Harmed, Absent Relief.

Respondent Hollins' non-compliance with the law is harming the interests of Relators. With respect to Relator Hotze, he has standing because he is threatened with a violation of his right to vote. Relator Champion is the Republican nominee for the 18th District, Harris County, Texas. Hollins illegal vote scheme results in votes being illegally cast in his race for the United States Congress. Relator Hemphill is also on the November 3, 2020 general election ballot for District Judge in Harris County, Texas. Hollins illegal vote scheme results in votes being illegally cast in her race for the 80th Judicial District Court. Representative Steve Toth is a member of the Texas Legislature and is also on the November 3, 2020 general election ballot. As a member of the State Legislature, Hollins is usurping his authority as a lawmaker by creating a voting scheme that was not adopted by the Texas Legislature.

"Undeniably the Constitution of the Untied States protects the right of all qualified citizens to vote, in state as well as in federal elections." *Reynolds v. Sims*, 377 U.S. 533, 554 (1964). This right "can neither be denied outright. . . nor destroyed by alteration of ballots. . . nor diluted by ballot-box stuffing." *Id.* "The right to vote is 'individual and personal in nature,' and 'voters who allege facts

showing disadvantage to themselves as individuals have standing to sue' to remedy that disadvantage." *Gill v. Whitford*, 138 S. Ct. 1916, 1920 (2018) (quoting *Reynolds*, 377 U.S. at 561 and *Baker v. Carr*, 369 U.S. 186, 206 (1962)). Relators object to the casting and to the counting of any ineligible or illegal curbside voting, as the consequence of permitting such activity hurts not only the integrity and the reported outcomes of the election for all of the candidates and all of the voters who voted, but it could also dilute or otherwise diminish and cancel Relators casting of a legal vote for the candidates of their choice in the General Election.

V. Relators Have No Other Adequate Remedy.

Texas Election Code Section 273.081 allows "injunctive relief" to "prevent" violations from occurring. Relators seek injunctive relief prohibiting Respondent Hollins from engaging in his illegal "drive-thru" voting programs. Alternatively, Relators seek affirmative compliance with ministerial duties.

Prayer

For these reasons, Realtors respectfully request that the Court grant this Petition for Writ of Mandamus and enter an order compelling Respondent Hollins to do the following:

1. Relators request this Court to require all memory cards from the ten (10) drive-thru voting locations be secured and not entered or downloaded into

the Tally machine until this Court issues an order on Relators' Petition for

Writ of Mandamus.

2. Relators request the Court reject any votes it finds were cast in violation

of the Texas Election Code.

3. Review all curbside voting applications submitted by an person requesting

to vote curbside during either Early Voting or Election Day Voting in

Harris County for facial compliance with Texas Election Code sections

64.009, 82.002, and 1104.001-104.005, as required by the Texas Election

Code Sections 83.002 and 014.001;

4. Reject all curbside voting applications submitted by any person requesting

to vote curbside during either Early Voting or Election Day Voting in

Harris County which lack facial compliance with Texas Election Code

Sections 64.009, 82.002, and 104.001-104.005, as required by the Texas

Election Code Sections 83.002 and 104.001; and

5. Reject any curbside voting efforts during either Early Voting or Election

Day Voting in Harris County which are not in compliance with Texas

Election Code Sections 64.009, 82.002, and 104.001-104.004, as required

by the Texas Election Code Sections 83.002 and 104.001.

Dated: October 27, 2020

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Exhibit 3

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Jared R. Woodfill

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

By affixing my signature above, I, Jared Woodfill, hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the above Original Petition for Writ of Mandamus has been delivered via electronic mail to the parties below on the 27th day of October, 2020.

/s/Jared Woodfill
Jared Woodfill

TRAP 52.3(J) CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to TRAP 52.3(j), the undersigned certifies that he has reviewed the above Petition for Writ of Mandamus and concluded that every factual statement in the petition is supported by competent evidence included in the appendix and or the record.

/s/ Jared Woodfill
Jared Woodfill

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

I, Jared Woodfill, Counsel for Relators certify that this document was generated by a computer using Microsoft Word which indicates that the word count of this document is 4,077. The typeset is Times New Roman 14 pt for text.

/s/ Jared Woodfill
Jared Woodfill

10/30/2020 3:55 PM tex-47697745 SUPREME COURT OF TEXAS BLAKE A. HAWTHORNE, CLERK

No. 20-0863

In the Supreme Court of Texas

IN RE STEVEN HOTZE, M.D., WENDALL CHAMPION, HON. STEVE TOTH, AND SHARON HEMPHILL,

Relators.

On Petition for a Writ of Mandamus to the Harris County Clerk

HARRIS COUNTY CLERK CHRIS HOLLINS'S RESPONSE TO PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS AND EMERGENCY MOTION FOR TEMPORARY RELIEF

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STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Nature of the Case Election petition for writ of mandamus asserting

that Chris Hollins, the Harris County Clerk, is violating the law by providing drive-thru voting without requiring "curbside voting applications" and thus violating the Elections Clause and Equal

Protection.

Relators: Steven Hotze, M.D. (voter), Wendell Champion

(candidate), Sharon Hemphill (candidate), and the Hon. Steve Toth (legislator), filed October 27,

2020 (collectively "Hotze" or "Relators")

Respondent: Chris Hollins, Harris County Clerk

Respondent's action from Providing drive-thru polling locations pursuant to

which Relators seek relief: a Commissioners Court order

Real Party in Interest: Voters of Harris County

STATEMENT OF JURISDICTION

While Texas courts may have jurisdiction to issue certain injunctive relief for election law violations, that jurisdiction does not include all forms of relief or the power to interfere with the "entire process" of an election. *See* Pet. at 5-6; TEX. ELEC. CODE § 273.061. Hotze seeks the relief of preventing the counting of votes and rejecting votes. Pet. at 25-26. This Court does not have jurisdiction to grant that form of relief. *See Carter v. Thompson*, 227 S.W.2d 795 (Tex. 1950). That relief is limited to election contests:

The power to enact laws regulating contested elections rests with the Legislature, and the statutes enacted must be looked to in order to find the provisions controlling the trial of contested election suits. If such statutes provide a method of procedure, that method is final and exclusive, and the courts are limited to such procedure.

Id. at 12. The canvassing of election returns may not be interfered with by the judiciary outside of an election contest. City of Austin v. Thompson, 219 S.W.2d 57, 59-60 (Tex. 1949) (separation of powers "should constrain the courts to caution and certainty when their authority if invoked against the determination of the popular will") (quoting City of Dallas v. Dallas Consolidated Elec. St. Ry. Co., 148 S.W 292, 105 Tex. 337 (1912)); see also Moore v. Edna Hospital Dist., 449 S.W.2d 508, 521 (Tex. App. – Corpus Christi 1969, writ ref'd n.r.e.) (discussing history of court jurisdiction over election contests and noting that the statutory framework is "designed to be final, exclusive, and the courts are limited thereto").

ISSUES PRESENTED

- 1. Plans for drive-thru voting were announced beginning on June 15. Multiple subsequent public announcements ensued. Hotze filed a petition contesting drive thru locations on the third day of early voting which this Court already denied. He filed this second petition two-and-a-half weeks into early voting, six days before Election Day, and after fifty percent of registered voters have already voted. *Do equitable principles or the Purcell doctrine bar election mandamus relief?*
- 2. The Relators have not articulated any particularized harm for each of them and premised their alleged harms on the false assertion that votes cast in drivethru polling locations are "illegal" and may not be counted. *Do the Relators have standing to bring their petitions for writ of mandamus?*
- 3. Pursuant to the Election Code, the Harris County Commissioners Court
 not the County Clerk issued the orders approving polling locations and
 funding. Each of the Relators failed to appeal these orders to the district court.

 Should the petitions be dismissed as improper collateral attacks on those court
 orders?
- 4. The Election Code explicitly provides for temporary branch polling places in "any stationary structure" or "movable structure." The Secretary of State

has approved and praised the drive-thru voting option at in-person polling locations.

May large metal-framed tents or parking garages serve as polling locations?

5. Hotze asks that votes cast in drive-thru voting locations not be counted either on Election Day or at all, yet offers no briefing or authorities to support that conclusion or explain why the plain text of the Election Code should be ignored. More than a century of Texas caselaw requires that votes be counted even if election official violate directory election laws. Should this Court order that more than 130,000 votes cast by eligible voters not be counted?

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Harris County Clerk Chris Hollins ("Hollins") first announced drive-thru voting in June and its pilot test in July, and the Commissioners Court approved the ten locations in August. Early voting began on October 13. As of October 29, after all but one day of early voting 1, 176,084 voters have voted in-person and 166,838 have returned their mail-in ballots constituting 54.2% of the registered voters in Harris County. *See* Daily Record EV Totals ("Oct. 29 Daily Record EV Totals"), as of Oct. 29, 2020, https://www.harrisvotes.com/Docs/Uploads/EVPA_unofficial.pdf. Supp.MR 137, 144.

A. Hollins's plans to offer drive-thru voting have been public for months.

On June 15, just a few weeks after he was appointed County Clerk to fill a vacancy, Hollins first announced the possibility of drive-thru voting as he launched his plan for a secure, accessible, fair, and efficient election ("S.A.F.E. Plan"). Supp.MR 14. In the S.A.F.E. Plan press release Hollins stated he would "[i]ncrease curbside voting and potentially introduce drive-thru voting." *Id*.

Typically, local election authority staff confer with Secretary of State ("SOS") staff about any changes to election procedures seeking advice on the law. *See* TEX. ELEC. CODE § 31.004. Hollins's office did so with regard to drive-thru voting over the course of multiple conversations, and the SOS approved of the idea. Decl. of Rebecca (Beth) Stevens at ¶¶ 4-5, Supp.MR 2. Further, as is the routine practice,

the County Clerk's office held a series of stakeholder meetings beginning in the summer to discuss plans for the general election, get informal input from stakeholders, get formal input on topics like the names of proposed election judges and alternate judges for early voting and Election Day, and explain decisions the County Clerk made to manage and conduct the election including the drive-thru program. *Id.* at ¶ 6.

On July 22, after the primary runoff, Hollins issued another press release announcing that his office had conducted a pilot drive-thru voting service during the primary runoff on July 10 at one polling location surveying voters who used the service for feedback. Supp.MR 16. Voters raved about the experience responding to the question of whether they would use the service again with a score of 9.7 on a 1-to-10 scale. *Id*.

On August 25, the *Houston Chronicle* reported on the Harris County Commissioners Court approving additional funding for the general election including funding for drive-thru voting. Zach Despart, *Harris County OKs \$17 million to add polls, voting hours and drive-thru voting for November election*, HOUSTON CHRON. Aug. 25, 2020, https://www.houstonchronicle.com/politics/houston/article/Harris-County-OKs-17M-to-add-polls-voting-hours-15514804.php. Supp.MR 17. At that August 25 meeting, the Court unanimously approved the list of early voting locations including the drive-thru locations. *See* Harris County

Commissioners Court Order, Notification of Election & Request for Election Details, Aug. 25, 2020, Supp.MR 22. None of the Relators appealed that order.

On September 9, during the temporary injunction hearing in *State v. Hollins*Texas Secretary of State Director of Elections Keith Ingram was asked on direct exam about the legal propriety of drive-thru voting. He answered:

You know, it's – it's a creative approach that is probably okay legally. You know, the requirement is that polling places be located in a building so what we've told counties who want to try this is that they need to have the location associated with a physical building and that they need to take whoever shows up at that location, whether they are walking, riding a bicycle or driving a car, they need to be able to provide all of those folks with an opportunity to vote.

Transcript, Temporary Injunction Hearing, *State v. Hollins*, No. 2020-52383, Sept. 9, 2020, RR71-72, Supp.MR 108-09. In Hollins's testimony he confirmed he would be providing drive-thru voting as a method to making voting as safe as it can be during the pandemic. *Id.*, RR134. On cross exam, the State asked him to "wrap it up on a high note" and "brag about how great and how safe your in-person voting is." *Id.*, RR169. Hollins again publicly stated that drive-thru voting would be offered during the general election. *Id.*, RR170.

On September 29, the Harris County Commissioners court approved acceptance of a \$9.6 million grant in part to expand drive-thru voting locations. The Court again issued an order approving drive-thru voting, this time to accept grant money to expand their number. *See* Harris County Commissioners Court Order,

CTCL COVID-19 Response Grant, Sept. 29, 2020, Supp.MR 115. None of the Relators appealed that order either.

B. Drive-thru voting is the same as any other in-person voting.

Harris County has ten drive-thru voting locations, each of which is adjacent to a traditional indoor polling place. There are 122 early voting polling locations at 112 addresses. *See* EV Location Map, Supp.MR 123. The drive-thru locations were co-located with traditional polling locations to accommodate all voters in case of inclement weather or technical difficulties. *See* Stevens Decl. at ¶ 11, Supp.MR 4. Each drive-thru polling location has its own election judge and clerks. *Id.* In essence, the drive-thru lines provide additional capacity of voting booths at each of the ten locations. For example, at the NRG Arena location there are thirty drive-thru lanes. *Id.*, at ¶ 8.

The photos below are typical of the drive-thru voting centers. Voters line up in their cars:



Then form separate lines:



A Greeter asks them to have photo identification ready and tells them to turn off their cell phones. *Id.*, at ¶ 9, Decl. of Lillian Henry at ¶ 4, Supp.MR 125; Decl. of Anne Whitlock at ¶ 2, Supp.MR 127; Decl. of Edwin Alexander at ¶ 3, Supp.MR 129; Decl. of Robert O'Sullivan, Supp.MR 131. Then they enter the voting area:



When they enter a particular line, an election clerk again requests that they turn off

their cell phone, checks their identification, asks the voter the usual questions about whether their address is current, determines whether the voter is on the voter roll, and if so, has them sign the voting roster, then hands them a voting code and a voting machine — all just as if they were casting a vote at a walk-in polling location. Stevens Decl. at ¶ 10; Henny Decl. at ¶ 4; Whitlock Decl. at ¶ 3; Alexander Decl. at ¶ 3; O'Sullivan Decl. The election worker then sanitizes the voting machine before the next car enters the voting area. Stevens Decl. at ¶ 10; Henny Decl. at ¶ 4; Whitlock Decl. at ¶ 3; Alexander Decl. at ¶ 4, 5.

Most of the drive-thru locations are constructed of metal frames and durable tent covers covering a space of at least ten feet by twenty feet with a ten foot wide lane for a car to pass through. Stevens Decl. at ¶ 7. Depending on the location, the size of the drive-thru polling place can be quite large. *See* Supp.MR 132, Declaration of Michael Winn at ¶ 10.¹ The Toyota Center location is in a parking garage. Stevens Decl. at ¶ 7; *see* Pet. App. C. These polling locations were designed to allow space for election clerks to work and poll watchers to watch, and a number of poll watchers have shown up at the drive-thru locations. *Id.* There are no photos of the inside of the tent during actual voting because recording devices are banned in polling places. *See* Tex. Elec. Code § 61.014. The same rules apply to drive-thru voting as any other polling place. Poll watchers may watch the processing of voters.

¹ https://twitter.com/Tejasimo/status/1321994048710782976 (video of overall structure).

TEX. ELEC. CODE § 33.056. There is no electioneering within 100 feet. TEX. ELEC. CODE § 61.003. Voters must turn off their cell phones as they enter the tent structures. See TEX. ELEC. CODE § 61.014; see also Video.²

Similar tent structures are being used at walk-in polling locations. Stevens Decl. at ¶ 12. For example, to alleviate lines at the Barbara Bush Library, the County Clerk's office constructed similar tents so that the polling place check in lines can come outside the permanent building to allow more space for socially-distanced voting booths inside the building. *Id*. The expanded arrangement includes voting machines in the tent structures. Winn Decl. at ¶ 12.

Each evening, the counts of voters at each location including the drive-thru locations that are co-located with traditional locations, are posted on the Harris Votes website. *See* Oct. 29 Daily Record EV Totals. As of Thursday, October 29, more than 117,462 Harris County voters used this service amounting to 10% of the total in-person votes and 8.7% of the total votes. The most popular drive-thru locations are the NRG Center, the Humble Civic Center in northeast Harris County, Fallbrook Church in the northwest, and HCC West Loop South. *See id.* Hollins anticipates at least 135,000 votes will be cast at the ten drive-thru locations through Election Day.

² https://twitter.com/HarrisVotes/status/1316493237906026496. "Curbside Larry" is a recurring character who promotes the Harris County Public Library. *See* https://twitter.com/TXLA/status/-1316378479890489346. His video explains drive-thru voting and makes it clear that pick-up trucks are welcome.

C. Hotze has already sought and been denied mandamus relief.

On October 15, Hotze and a slightly different array of relators filed a similar petition for writ of mandamus with this Court seeking nearly identical relief. *In re Hotze*, No. 20-0819. This Court denied relief on October 22. *In re Hotze*, No. 20-0819, 2020 WL 6193918 (Tex. Oct. 22, 2020).

ARGUMENT

Hotze's petition is based on the false premises that: (1) drive-thru voting is the same as "curbside voting"; (2) there is such a thing as "curbside applications"; and (3) votes cast in drive thru voting locations are "illegal." He also fails to appreciate how polling locations are selected for early voting and election day—namely that the Commissioners Court did so by orders all of the Relators failed to appeal. Hotze also ignores that the Election Code explicitly allows temporary and movable structures for voting. Hotze still pretends that drive-thru voting was first raised on September 10, but the topic was raised in June and publicly tested on July 10. This Court has already held on October 7 that election petitions for writ of mandamus are too late for the general election. In short, Relators are wrong about the law, too late, and in the wrong forum; thus, their petition and motion should be promptly denied.

"Mandamus is intended to be an extraordinary remedy, available only in limited circumstances." *Walker v. Packer*, 827 S.W.2d 833, 840 (Tex. 1992).

"Mandamus issues only to correct a clear abuse of discretion or the violation of a duty imposed by law when there is no other adequate remedy by law." *Id.* (quotation omitted). Thus, to obtain a writ of mandamus under Election Code § 273.016, a relator must establish (1) "a clear abuse of discretion" by the respondent and (2) the lack of "a clear and adequate remedy at law, such as a normal appeal." *Id.* (citations omitted). Mandamus relief is meant for circumstances "involving manifest and urgent necessity and not for grievances that may be addressed by other remedies." In re Murrin Bros. 1885 Ltd., 603 S.W.3d 53, 57 (Tex. 2019) (citation omitted). Further, "[d]isputed facts . . . prevent the Court from resolving issues in a mandamus proceeding." In re Angelini, 186 S.W.3d 558, 560 (Tex. 2006) (orig. proceeding). Here, the Relators had the remedy of appealing the Commissioners Court order. They failed to do so. Moreover, the proper remedy for election law violations resulting in "illegal" votes is an election contest after the votes have been counted.

I. Hotze seeks mandamus relief too long after the plans for drive-thru voting were announced and too late during an ongoing election.

Relators' petition should be dismissed because it is woefully untimely and thus are barred by: (1) equitable principles and (2) the well-established principle that courts should not alter election procedures on the eve of — much less during — an election.

Mandamus relief is largely controlled by equitable principles. *In re Int'l Profit Associates, Inc.*, 274 S.W.3d 672, 676 (Tex. 2009); *Rivercenter Assocs. v.*

Rivera, 858 S.W.2d 366, 367 (Tex. 1993). Courts should not grant mandamus relief to those who slumber on their rights. *Id.* Texas courts have denied mandamus when, for example, relators offered no explanation for a multi-month delay before challenging a trial-court order. *See In re Harbrook Tool & Mfg., Co.*, 181 S.W.3d 551, 552 (Tex. App. – El Paso 2005, orig. proceeding); *Furr's Supermarkets, Inc. v. Mulanax*, 897 S.W.2d 442, 443 (Tex. App. – El Paso 1995, orig. proceeding). This principle applies with more urgency in the context of election mandamuses. *See In re Hotze*, 2020 WL 5919726, at *2-3 (Tex. Oct. 7, 2020) (denying relief where petition filed after mail-in balloting had begun and weeks after the offending order had issued).

That the petition seeks relief *after* an election has begun and after a nearly identical petition was denied makes the application of equitable principles all the more necessary, as granting relief would cause severe prejudice that could have been avoided if Relators sought relief sooner. The U.S. Supreme Court, applying equitable principles, "has repeatedly emphasized that lower federal courts should ordinarily not alter the election rules on the eve of an election." *Republican Nat'l Comm. v. Democratic Nat'l Comm.*, 140 S. Ct. 1205, 1207 (2020). The U.S. Supreme Court frequently applies these principles to stay lower-court decisions that would alter election procedures when an election is "imminen[t]." *Purcell v. Gonzalez*, 549 U.S. 1, 5 (2006) (per curiam). The *Purcell* doctrine reflects that court-

ordered changes to election procedures immediately before an election can cause "serious disruption of [the] election process" and "confusion" for voters. *See Williams v. Rhodes*, 393 U.S. 23, 34-35 (1968). The Court has explained that "voter confusion" is a paramount concern whenever a court orders changes to election procedures on the eve of an election, and "[a]s an election draws closer, that risk will increase." *Purcell*, 549 U.S. at 4-5. In recent years, the Supreme Court has applied *Purcell* to stay lower-court orders that would have changed election laws 32 days before Election Day, *N. Carolina v. League of Women Voters*, 574 U.S. 927 (2014), and even 61 days before election day, *Husted v. Ohio State Conference of N.A.A.C.P.*, 573 U.S. 988 (2014). And the Court has reaffirmed the importance of the *Purcell* doctrine within the past year. *Republican Nat'l Comm.*, 140 S. Ct. at 1207.

The same result obtains under Texas law. Applying the related doctrine of mootness, this Court has dismissed election-related mandamus petitions once "absentee balloting has begun," reasoning that the election was "already in progress, and no order which this court might enter could be effective at this late date to govern such election." *Skelton v. Yates*, 119 S.W.2d 91, 91-92 (Tex. 1938); *see also, e.g.*, *Law v. Johnson*, 826 S.W.2d 794, 797 (Tex. App. – Houston [14th Dist.] 1992, no writ) ("A case is moot once it has become too late to invalidate a candidate and print new absentee ballots in time for the beginning of the casting of ballots."). Not even

three weeks ago, this Court applied *Purcell* to deny mandamus relief that would have disrupted an ongoing election. *In re Hotze*, No. 20-0739, 2020 WL 5919726, at *3 & *3 n.18 (citing, *inter alia*, *Purcell*, 549 U.S. 1).

Here the election is not just "imminent" — it is happening. More than fifty percent of the Harris County electorate has already voted. Supp.MR. 13 (628,708 votes as of October 18); Supp. MR 144 (1,344,915 votes as of October 29). Voters have cast their ballots in reliance of the SOS-approved polling locations. *See* Amicus Ltr. of Janice Jucker, No. 20-0819, Supp.MR 145; Amicus Ltr. of Elizabeth Schreiber, No. 20-0819, Supp.MR 146 ("I should not have my vote stolen."). Changing these procedures now by court order will cause the sort of disruption that the *Purcell* doctrine prohibits.

II. Relators each lack standing because they have not alleged any concrete injury, nor established that the conduct is causing any injury.

Relators have no standing to pursue the writ they request. "[S]tanding is a constitutional prerequisite to maintaining a suit" in Texas courts. *Tex. Ass'n of Bus. v. Tex. Air Control Bd.*, 852 S.W.2d 440, 444 (Tex. 1993). It requires "a concrete injury to the plaintiff and a real controversy between the parties that will be resolved by the court." *Heckman v. Williamson Cty.*, 369 S.W.3d 137, 154 (Tex. 2012). Relators have the burden to establish (1) an "injury in fact" that is both "concrete and particularized" and "actual or imminent"; (2) that the injury is "fairly traceable" to the defendant's challenged actions; and (3) that it is "likely," as opposed to

merely 'speculative,' that the injury will be 'redressed by a favorable decision." *Id.* at 154-55 (quoting *Lujan v. Defs. of Wildlife*, 504 U.S. 555, 560–61 (1992)).

Relators' allegations of harm are premised on the assertion that votes cast in drive thru polling places are "illegal." Pet. at 8-9, 24-25. As explained in Part IV, they are wrong about the propriety of drive-thru voting locations. Moreover, as explained in Part V, they are wrong about such votes being "illegal" and not countable.

None of the Relators — who are an individual voter, hopeful candidates, and a single member of the Legislature from another county — allege any "injury distinct from that sustained by the public at large." *Brown v. Todd*, 53 S.W.3d 297, 302 (Tex. 2001). That failure alone forecloses standing.

Hotze claims his right to vote has been threatened by drive thru voting. Pet. at 24. But, "[n]o Texas court has ever recognized that a plaintiff's status as a voter, without more, confers standing to challenge the lawfulness of governmental acts." *Brown*, 53 S.W.3d at 302. Even when a "preferred candidate . . . has less chance of being elected," the "harm" is not "a restriction on voters' rights and by itself is not a legally cognizable injury sufficient for standing." *Becker v. FEC*, 230 F.3d 381, 390 (1st Cir. 2000); *see also Berg v. Obama*, 586 F.3d 234, 240 (3d Cir. 2009); *Gottlieb v. FEC*, 143 F.3d 618, 622 (D.C. Cir. 1998). Hotze does not have standing.

Under these well-established principles, Relators' allegations about vote dilution or "votes being illegally cast" — in addition to being entirely baseless — are irrelevant. *See* Pet. at 24. "[R]ecognizing standing based on such an 'undifferentiated' injury is fundamentally 'inconsistent' with the exercise of the judicial power." *Protect Our Parks, Inc. v. Chicago Park Dist.*, 971 F.3d 722, 731 (7th Cir. 2020) (Barrett, J.) (quoting *Lujan*, 504 U.S. at 575).

Relators make no argument as to why Rep. Toth has standing other than the fact he is currently a representative. But individual legislators do not have standing by virtue of their office alone. See Raines v. Byrd, 521 U.S. 811, 829-30, 117 S. Ct. 2312, 2321 (1997); Corman v. Torres, 287 F. Supp. 2d 558, 567 (M.D. Penn. 2018) ("a legislator suffers no Article III injury when alleged harm is borne equally by all members of the legislature"). Relators' position is also misplaced because this case does not allege the invalidation of a specific legislative act. See Brown, 53 S.W.3d at 303-04. As this Court made clear in *Brown*, it is inappropriate to conceive of an amalgam of disparate legislative pronouncements as "a specific legislative act" that legislators might have standing to defend. Id. at 304 (emphasis in original). Moreover, Rep. Toth only entered the Legislature in 2013. See Legislative Reference Library, Texas Legislators: Past and Present, https://lrl.texas.gov/legeLeaders/members/membersearch.cfm. All of the sections at issue were enacted at least before the 1985 Election Code. *See* TEX. ELEC. CODE §§ 43.031, 64.009, 84.002, 85.062, 104.001. These laws are not Rep. Toth's to defend.

Even if any Relators had alleged cognizable, redressable injuries, they surely have not proven them. To establish standing in an original proceeding, Relators need evidence. See In re Hotze, 2020 WL 5919726, at *5 (Blacklock, J. concurring) (citing *Hunt v. Bass*, 664 S.W.2d 323, 324 (Tex. 1984)). That evidence must show a "particular personal interest which separates [relator] from the general public." Hunt, 664 S.W.2d at 324. Even if Relators' threadbare presumptions that drive-thru voting will disfavor their candidates and candidacies were credible, they have introduced no evidence supporting that the voting method will actually harm candidates or cause any concrete, particularized injury. At an absolute minimum, there are "[d]isputed facts" in this case that "prevent the Court from resolving issues in a mandamus proceeding." In re Angelini, 186 S.W.3d at 560. Finally, as candidates, Relators Champion and Hemphill should be careful what they ask for. Whether they are polling better or worse with voters who choose to and can access drive-thru polling locations versus conventional ones is unknowable, and they may very well harm their own election chances by seeking relief should drive-thru voters disproportionately prefer their candidacies compared to Harris County voters as a whole. This failure to produce any evidence to show concrete harm from voters voting from their cars undermines their claim for standing to bring suit.

III. Hotze had an adequate remedy but each Relator failed to challenge the court order approving the drive-thru polling locations, and the order cannot be collaterally attacked now.

In addition to the independent reasons to deny mandamus relief for a too-late filed petition and lack of standing, the Relators are suing the wrong respondent in the wrong forum. As early voting clerk and County Clerk, Hollins recommends voting locations, but the Commissioners Court issues an order approving them both for early voting and Election Day. *See* TEX. ELEC. CODE §§ 43.002 (election day for general election); 85.062(a)(1) (early voting). That order should have been timely challenged in district court.

In its initial incarnations, early voting typically took place at the county clerk's main office. *See* TEX. ELEC. CODE § 85.002(a). However, the Commissioners Court may determine that space is impracticable and select a different location in the same city as Harris County has done by selecting the NRG Arena as its headquarters. *See* TEX. ELEC. CODE § 85.002(b). When the county clerk is the early voting clerk as is the case in Harris County, each of the clerk's branch offices may be an early voting polling place known as a "permanent branch polling place." TEX. ELEC. CODE § 85.061(a), (c). But the Commissioners Court may also by order provide that other locations be "temporary branch polling" locations. TEX. ELEC. CODE §§ 85.061(b), 85.062(a)(1).

On August 25, the Commissioners' Court issued an unanimous order approving the drive-thru polling places. Supp.MR 22. The Relators did not appeal that order. On September 29, the Commissioners' Court issued another order approving additional funding including for expanded drive-thru voting locations. Supp.MR 115. The Relators did not appeal that order. Commissioners court orders are appealed to a district court. TEX. CONST. art. V, § 8.3 Orders of the Commissioners Court are binding and conclusive and may not be collaterally attacked. Burgess v. State, 313 S.W.3d 844, 852-54 (Tex. App. – Fort Worth 2010, no pet.) (collecting cases); Hanks v. Smith, 74 S.W.3d 409, 412 (Tex. App. – Tyler 2001, pet. denied). This is true for election cases as well including election contests. *Harrison* v. Jay, 153 Tex. 460, 463-64, 271 S.W.2d 388, 389-90 (1954) (refusing a collateral attack on court order establishing polling precincts). Harrison is directly on point to Hotze's challenge to polling locations. Hotze has sued the wrong respondent, in the wrong forum, and failed to timely challenge the polling location orders. Consequently, his petition and motion should be denied.

Moreover, the Election Code provides an adequate remedy for those truly aggrieved by a violation of election laws: an election contest. *See* TEX. ELEC. CODE, Title 14 Election Contests (chs. 221, 231-33, 241-43). The Code specifies the scope

³ See Henry v. Cox, 520 S.W.3d 28, (Tex. 2017) (noting that courts supervision of commissioners court acts is limited).

of inquiry in an election contest. Tex. Elec. Code § 221.003. Notably, the filing of an election contest does not affect the canvass, and the counting and certification of the election results shall continue as if a contest had not been filed. Tex. Elec. Code § 221.006. Only through the process of an election contest can votes be declared invalid and not counted. But Hotze is asking this Court to ignore that statutory scheme, create a new remedy outside the bounds of the Code, and order that Harris County drive-thru votes be quarantined and not counted on Election Day. *See Blum v. Lanier*, 997 S.W.2d 250 (Tex. 1999) ("An injunction that delays the election would be improper, but an injunction that facilitates the elective process may be appropriate."). That request runs directly contrary to the election laws the Legislature has enacted and such an end run around the law should not be indulged.

IV. The Election Code explicitly allows for temporary structures to accommodate voters.

Hotze's misreading of the Election Code is so off base, it seems willful. He complains about drive-thru polling locations, yet under the Code it is the Commissioners Court that approved these drive-thru locations — not the Clerk who can only recommend them. He alleges that the locations are an "illegal scheme" but the Code explicitly allows "temporary" and "movable structures" and even the use of "ropes." He claims the votes are "illegal" and thus cause the Relators redressable harm, but the Election Code says nothing about polling location violations resulting in votes that "may not be counted."

A. Drive-thru voting is a polling place within a structure or a building.

Temporary branch polling locations may be located "at any place in the territory served by the early voting clerk and may be located in *any stationary structure*." TEX. ELEC. CODE §§ 85.062(b) (emphasis added). In addition, the polling place may be located "in a movable structure" and "[r]opes and other suitable objects may be used" to arrange voting stations so that voters have privacy but election workers and poll watchers can view the voting area. *Id.*; *see also* TEX. ELEC. CODE § 62.004. Thus, temporary branch polling locations do not even have to be in a "building" at all. They may be in any structure including those that are movable.

Here, the drive-thru voting locations use more than "ropes" to arrange voting stations. Sturdy metal frames form large stationary structures that cars can drive through in distinct lines to pass through voting stations and create voting areas that are in view of election officers, watchers, and persons waiting to vote, but are separated from others waiting to vote. *See* TEX. ELEC. CODE § 62.004(1). One location is a parking garage. Thus, structures like the drive-thru voting locations Harris County has innovated are explicitly allowed under the Election Code. They are not "illegal" or even legitimately questionable under the Code's plain language.

The drive thru locations are also legally permitted on Election Day. *See* TEX. ELEC. CODE § 43.031 (polling locations must be in a building).⁴ The drive-thru polling locations are buildings. The Oxford Dictionary of English defines "building" as "a structure with roof and walls such as a house or a factory." The Election Code does not define a building, but other statutes do. *See* TEX. PENAL CODE § 30.01 ("any enclosed structure intended for use or occupation as a habitation or for some purpose of trade, manufacture, ornament, or use"); TEX. LOC. GOV'T CODE § 233.0615 ("any enclosed structure intended for use or occupation as a habitation or for some purpose of trade, manufacture, ornament, or use"); TEX. LOC. GOV'T CODE § 214.231 ("any enclosed structure designed for use as a habitation or for a commercial use, including engaging in trade or manufacture").

Texas law liberally applies "building" as used in these code provisions. In *Myers v. State*, the defendant was arrested after being found partially inside a ten foot by twenty foot tent on the State Fair grounds and charged with burglary of a "building." *Myers v. State*, 1992 WL 276459 (Tex. App. – Dallas Oct. 9, 1992, no writ) (per curiam). That edifice is very similar to but not as sturdy as those used for drive-thru voting and precisely the same dimensions as individual voting stations in the drive-thru locations. The court held that the tent was a "building." *Id.*, at *2.

⁴ Section 43.031 is part of Title 4 of the Election Code which only applies to Election Day. Title 7 governs early voting.

The Dallas Court of Appeals has also held that a football stadium qualifies as a polling location. *Bielamowicz v. Cedar Hill Indep. Sch. Dist.*, 136 S.W.3d 718, 721 (Tex. App. – Dallas 2004, pet. denied). There the court refused a challenge to a temporary branch polling location in a football stadium to make voting convenient for a school bond election. The drive-thru voting locations are both a structure and a building and are expressly permitted under the Election Code.

B. "Curbside voting" is not drive-thru voting and does not require an application or a justification to the State.

The Relators ask that the Court order Hollins to review "all curbside voting applications" and reject those that lack compliance with Sections 64.009, 84.002, and 104.001. Pet. at 26. There is no such thing as a "curbside voting application" under the Election Code. Winn Decl. at ¶ 9. Voters simply ask for curbside assistance, and the election clerks provide it without interrogating them as to their health status. *Id.* An application is not required. *Id.*; *see* TEX. ELEC. CODE § 64.009.

While drive-thru voting is just another polling place with a different layout and structure than traditional polling places, curbside voting is a *method* of voting that must be available at *all* polling places to accommodate voters with certain disabilities. If a voter is physically unable to enter the polling place without personal

assistance or a likelihood of injuring the voter's health,⁵ on the voter's request, an election officer shall deliver a ballot to the voter at the polling place entrance or the curb. TEX. ELEC. CODE § 64.009(a). While this restricted method of voting is colloquially known as "curbside voting" in what physical circumstance it takes place depends on the nature and physical layout of each polling location. (On Election Day Harris County will have 800 polling locations which of course will vary widely. Winn Decl. at ¶ 8). Regular voting procedures may be modified by the election officer to the extent necessary to conduct voting to accommodate the voter. Tex. ELEC. CODE § 64.009(b). The same accommodations must be applied at every polling place during early voting. TEX. ELEC. CODE § 85.034. Drive-thru voting is a different physical layout of an in-person polling location, not a special accommodation for people with disabilities who cannot physically enter the polling places, where all election laws, including the accommodation of poll watchers are in force. Winn Decl. at ¶ 10.

Hotze repeats a string citation to Election Code Sections in his petition to Sections "64.009, 82.02 and 104.001." Pet. 1, 5, 10, 20, 22. The citations are misplaced and confused. As explained above, "curbside voting" is not the same as drive-thru voting temporary polling locations. *See* Tex. Elec. Code § 64.009. The

⁵ This description resembles the definition of "disability" for voting-by-mail before the 1985 modernization of the Election Code. *See* Act of Apr. 19, 1979, 66th Leg., R.S., ch. 91, § 1, 1979 Tex. Gen. Laws 167 (H.B. 434).

citation to "82.02" presumably intends Section 82.002 which does not come into play at all because Chapter 82 governs mail-in ballots and has a different criteria than Section 64.009. See TEX. ELEC. CODE ch. 82 (eligibility for early voting by mail). The citation to Section 104.001 is baffling. That provision has nothing to do with the role of an early voting clerk, but instead allows a voter whose precinct polling place uses a voting machine and who has a sickness or physical condition that prevents the voter from using that machine to vote at the main early voting polling place on Election Day. See Tex. Elec. Code §§ 104.001, 104.003; Winn Decl. at ¶ 11. Unlike Chapter 102's provisions for late voting by a sick or disabled voter, Chapter 104 does not reference Section 82.002. See TEX. ELEC. CODE § 102.001(a). Moreover, modern voting systems and better physical facilities for voting, along with the universal requirement for curbside voting make Chapter 104 largely obsolete and rarely used.⁶ See TEX. ELEC. CODE § 64.009, 85.034; Winn Decl. at \P 11.

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⁶ As for the Attorney General's memo it too confuses the disability accommodation of "curbside voting" with the layout and establishment of polling locations. Pet. at 18. This "memo" is not a letter opinion. *See* TEX. GOV'T CODE § 402.042. Moreover, the Election Code charges the Secretary of State with advising local election authorities on election law, not the Attorney General. TEX. ELEC. CODE § 31.004.

V. Votes cast in a drive-thru polling place are not "illegal" and even if an election law was broken, those votes still must be counted.

Hotze argues that the votes cast in drive thru voting locations are "illegal" and should not be counted. Pet. at 8-9. Yet, Hotze offers no argument or authorites as to why such votes — even if there were Election Code violations — should not be counted. For this failure alone the petition should be denied as Hotze's failure to brief the issue waives it. Tex. R. App. P. 52.3(h); see also ERI Consulting Eng'rs, Inc. v. Swinnea, 318 S.W.3d 867, 889 (Tex. 2010).

In fact, the plain language of the Election Code and more than a century of Texas jurisprudence requires that even if the drive thru locations violate the Election Code, the votes cast there must be counted. An "illegal vote' means a vote that is not legally countable." Tex. Elec. Code § 221.003(b). A ballot cast in person is not "illegal" because of the physical lay-out of the polling location. An "illegal vote" is a criminal offense *only if* a person:

- (1) votes or attempts to vote in an election in which the person knows the person is not eligible to vote;
- (2) knowingly votes or attempts to vote more than once in an election;
- (3) knowingly votes or attempts to vote a ballot belonging to another person, or by impersonating another person; or
- (4) knowingly marks or attempts to mark any portion of another person's ballot without the consent of that person, or without specific direction from that person how to mark the ballot.

TEX. ELEC. CODE § 64.012(a). Thus, uncountable votes are those that resulted from clear fraudulent behavior: ineligible voters voting, voting twice, voting for another, or marking another's ballot without permission and compliance with the law. There is nothing about an eligible voter casting an in-person vote from their car that renders their vote "illegal," fraudulent, or not countable.

The Elections Code is very specific as to when a vote is "not legally countable" by simply specifying in what circumstances a vote "may not be counted" including that phrase in nearly two dozen separate statutes. Thus, there is a clear textual reason for ballots to be voided or not counted whether during the canvass or in an election contest, and an absence of the text phrase in the provisions alleged to have been violated means any votes cast that way must still be counted. *See Galvan v. Vera*, 2018 WL 4096383, at *3 & *3 n.2 (Tex. App. – San Antonio Aug. 29, 2018, no pet.); *Jones v. Morales*, 318 S.W.3d 419, 426 (Tex. App. – Amarillo 2010, pet. denied) (both counting ballots despite election code violations where the sections violated did not specify the votes "may not be counted").

Some of these twenty provisions concern whether marred or irregular paper ballots may be counted.⁷ Other provisions concern the procedure for mail-in ballots⁸ or certain other methods of voting by mail such as late voting by mail because of a sickness or disability that begins after the deadline for voting by mail.⁹ Still others concern when votes for types of candidates may be counted such as write in candidates whose name does not appear on the list of candidates.¹⁰ And a few concern conduct of recounts and new elections.¹¹ The sections concerning polling locations and curbside voting do not contain the phrase "may not be counted;" thus any alleged violations will not render those now 100,000 plus votes "not legally countable." *See* Tex. Elec. Code §§ 43.031, 64.009, 85.061, 85.062. Even Chapter 104 which the Relators claim Hollins is violating does not contain any language

⁷ TEX. ELEC. CODE §§ 52.006 (ballots corrected by a sticker), 65.007 (tallying straight-party votes where a voter marks more than one party), 65.008 (tallying write-in votes where a sticker for a write-in candidate is affixed to the ballot), 65.010 (physical ballots with irregularities or a provisional ballot that does not qualify to be counted).

⁸ TEX. ELEC. CODE §§ 86.003 (sending a ballot to a voter other than by mail), 86.006 (voter returns ballot other than by mail, common carrier, or hand delivery without showing identification), 86.007 (ballot received after the deadline), 86.010 (unlawful assistance of a voter including inadequate documentation thereon).

⁹ TEX. ELEC. CODE § 102.004 (providing a ballot in violation of this section), 102.006 (returning a ballot other than in person, in the carrier envelope, by the person who submitted the application for the 'late disabled' voter).

¹⁰ TEX. ELEC. CODE §§ 146.002 (general election), 146.051 (city election), 146.081 (special legislative election), 171.0231 (county or precinct chair), 192.063(b) (independent presidential candidate who has withdrawn, died, or been declared ineligible)

¹¹ TEX. ELEC. CODE §§ 213.006 (early voting ballots rejected by early voting ballot board in a recount); 232.043 (write-in votes in a new election ordered by the court where the candidate did not receive votes in the first election).

indicating that votes cast by an improper method by an otherwise eligible voters are not legally countable.

Outside of these "may not be counted" statutes Election Code language prohibiting certain acts or not explicitly and in detail allowing others is not applied mechanically by Texas courts. Under the "substantial compliance" rule, review of allegations that an elections officer engaged in "fraud or illegal conduct or made a mistake" is limited to violations of statutes that are mandatory and not directory. *See* TEX. ELEC. CODE § 221.003. Further, election laws that are mandatory may be construed as directory in the absence of fraud or a statutory provision voiding ballots for failure to comply with a statute. Even the addition of the word "shall" does not make an election statute mandatory so as to defeat the will of the voters. *Thomas v. Groebl*, 147 Tex. 70, 78, 212 S.W.2d 625, 630 (1948) (following the "well established rule of construction that statutes regulating the right to vote should be given a liberal interpretation in favor of that right.").

Election contestants must prove that a violation affected the outcome of the election, and violations of even mandatory provisions do not amount to an automatic invalidation of an election. *Honts v. Shaw*, 975 S.W.2d 816, 820 (Tex. App. – Austin 1998, no pet.). In *Honts*, the contestant alleged violations of Chapter 43 Polling Places because the election administrator had improperly combined voting precincts violating Section 43.001 (one polling place in each precinct). The court did not

invalidate the election holding that (1) statutes governing the *manner* of the election are directory in the sense that their violation does not justify setting aside an election, 975 S.W.2d at 821-22 (citations omitted) and (2) violations of directory provisions stemming from the election officials' conduct do not result in illegal votes. *Id.* at 823; *see also Alvarez v. Espinoza*, 844 S.W.2d 238, 243 (Tex. App. – San Antonio 1992, writ dism'd w.o.j.) ("a sanction for the sins of the . . . official should not [be] visited upon the voter"). Likewise, here the manner of voting in a drive-thru polling location versus any other polling place is governed by directory statutes, and any violation cannot result in illegal or uncountable votes.

Finally, as discussed in the Statement of Jurisdiction this Court does not have the jurisdiction to grant the relief requested — prior restraint on the counting of votes and interference with the canvass — outside of an election contest. *See City of Austin v. Thompson*, 219 S.W.2d 57, 59-60 (Tex. 1949); *City of Dallas v. Dallas Consolidated Elec. St. Ry. Co.*, 148 S.W 292, 105 Tex. 337 (1912); *see also Moore v. Edna Hospital Dist.*, 449 S.W.2d 508, 521 (Tex. Civ. App. – Corpus Christi 1969, writ ref'd n.r.e.)

VI. Hotze's federal arguments are unfounded, inapplicable to the drivethru voting locations and resulting votes, and cannot be the basis for a court order against the counting of votes.

Hotze argues the Elections Clause and the Electors Clause of the United States

Constitution create a redressable federal constitutional right because Hollins has

"significantly departed" from the Election Code. Pet. at 12-14 (citing U.S. CONST. art. I, § 4, cl. 1; U.S. CONST. art. II, § 1, cl.2; *Bush v. Gore*, 531 U.S. 98, 112-13, 121 S. Ct. 525, 534 (2000) (Rehnquist, C.J., concurring)). Putting aside that, as argued above, the drive-thru location are supported by rather than contrary to the statutes, Hotze's position is unsupported by federal law. Notably, Hotze does not cite to *Bush v. Gore*'s holding, but to the Rehnquist concurrence even while claiming that the "United States Supreme Court has made it clear" that the law is as Hotze says. Pet. at 14.

To the contrary *Bush v. Gore* was about the *method* of counting *votes already cast*. The majority opinion held that counting ballots differently in different counties would violate the Equal Protection Clause. 531 U.S. at 108-11. The majority expressly limited its opinion to "present circumstances" given the complexity of election processes. *Id.* at 19. Nothing in the majority opinion supports Hotze's theory of a private right of action under the Elections and Electors Clauses or their application to the facts at hand — which does not include a court order changing the method of counting votes cast.

Even the Rehnquist concurrence does not support Hotze's case. Rehnquist argued that although "comity and respect for federalism compel us to defer to the decisions of state courts on issues of state law" a "significant departure from a legislative scheme for appointing Presidential electors presents a federal

constitutional question." 531 U.S. at 112-13. Rehnquist continued to limit the scope of his theory in his analysis:

Isolated sections of the code may well admit of more than one interpretation, but the general coherence of the legislative scheme may not be altered by judicial interpretation so as to wholly change the statutorily provided apportionment of responsibility among these various bodies. In any election but a Presidential election, the Florida Supreme Court can give as little or as much deference to Florida's executives as it chooses

Id. at 114. Hotze does not even argue that Hollins violates the "general coherence of the legislative scheme" but only of a few "isolated sections." Thus, even under the Rehnquist analysis his claim for relief fails.

Hotze's Equal Protection argument is likewise uncoupled from *Bush v. Gore* by seeking to apply it to means of voting, rather than the method of counting votes cast. *Bush* is limited to its "present circumstances" and cannot be stretched to encompass any allegations of election law violations. In a perverse twist to the majority opinion's preservation of the fundamental right to vote and to have one's vote counted, 531 U.S. at 104, 111, Hotze asks this Court to order those votes not be counted. This Court should decline.

Finally, Hotze has produced no evidence that Harris County is the only county in Texas utilizing drive-thru voting locations. Preventing Harris County's drive-thru votes from being counted, when other counties' drive-thru votes would be counted,

would create the very problem *Bush v. Gore* addressed: unequal standards in counting votes created by the courts.

In sum, Hotze has not shown he is entitled to the relief sought. Thus, his petition must be denied. *See* TEX. R. APP. P. 52.8(a).

* * *

Voting is a good thing. Texas courts have long liberally construed statutes tending to limit citizens in their exercise of the right to vote in the favor of voters. *Thomas*, 147 Tex. at 78, 212 S.W.2d at 630 ("The right to vote is so fundamental in our form of government that it should be as zealously safeguarded as are our natural rights."); *Owens v. State ex rel Jennett*, 64 Tex. 500, 509 (1885). Here the statutes explicitly allow polling places to be temporary, movable, and any sort of structure or building that meets the needs of the community. Hollins has not violated the law. Even if he had, the votes cast must still be counted. This Court lacks jurisdiction over the Relator's claims and their request for relief. Thus, this Court should deny the petition.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, this Court should deny the petition and the motion.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Susan Hays

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RULE 52.3(j) CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that I have reviewed this response brief and every factual statement is supported by the record.

/s/ Susan Hays

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that the foregoing instrument was served on all parties of record via eFiling on October 30, 2020.

/s/ Susan Hays

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

Microsoft Word reports that this brief contains 7,474 words, excluding the portions of the brief exempted by Rule.

/s/ Susan Hays



Chris Hollins · Harris County Clerk

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

June 15, 2020

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(713) 274-9550

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Harris County Clerk Chris Hollins Launches 23-Point S.A.F.E. Plan Ahead of July Primary Runoff Elections

(Houston, TX) – Today, Clerk Hollins announced S.A.F.E., a robust set of 23 initiatives to ensure the July Primary Runoff Elections and the November General Election are safe, secure, accessible, fair, and efficient. The framework addresses the challenges of administering an election during an unprecedented global pandemic through thoughtful consideration of voter and poll-worker safety and innovating conventional practices to make voting more efficient.

"Since taking office on June 1st, I have spent my first two weeks learning, meeting with staff and stakeholders, and creating dedicated working groups to tackle the challenges we are facing as we head into July and November. Through these discussions, we developed S.A.F.E. to communicate to voters and staff what they can expect at the polls," **said Harris County Clerk Chris Hollins**. "My commitment to all the residents of Harris County is to administer a safe, secure and fair election this July and again in November. This office will do everything we can to give every Harris County voter an equal say at the polls and give you the peace of mind that your vote will be counted."

More information on the 23 S.A.F.E. initiatives below:

SAFE is our commitment to voters that you can exercise your right to vote without putting your health at risk. We will:

- 1. Provide PPE to all poll workers and voters who need it;
- 2. Optimize the floor plans of polling locations for safety and social distancing; and
- 3. Promote and maximize vote-by-mail within the bounds of the law.

Our election will be **SECURE**. It is ours—no one else's—and we will not allow any tampering. We will:

- 4. Ensure the security of our voting systems and hardware; and
- 5. Respond proactively to any reports of voter intimidation, coercion, or fraud.

Our election will be **ACCESSIBLE.** Harris County voters can cast their votes at more polling sites and can do so quickly and conveniently. We will:

- 6. Utilize data to increase the number and optimize the locations of polling sites;
- 7. Procure sufficient additional machines from other jurisdictions and provide them with exceptional technical support;
- 8. Allocate machines across polling sites based on known traffic patterns and expected turnout;
- 9. Accurately report wait times across the County during the Early Voting period and on Election Day;
- 10. Provide increased voting hours during the Early Voting period;
- 11. Ensure ADA accessibility across County polling sites; and
- 12. Increase curbside voting and potentially introduce drive-thru-voting.

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Our election will be **FAIR.** Every Harris County voter has equal access to the polls, and your vote is your voice in our democracy. We will:

- 13. Increase outreach to all voters and groups traditionally left out of the democratic process;
- 14. Seek and incorporate meaningful feedback from all stakeholders;
- 15. Count every vote and ensure the accuracy of election results;
- 16. Reduce the time it takes to report results on Election Day; and
- 17. Proactively engage provisional ballot voters on how to cure their ballots so they may be counted.

And our election will be **EFFICIENT.** We will ensure that the resources are in place for our elections to run smoothly despite today's unprecedented conditions. We will:

- 18. Recruit more than enough poll workers to operate polling locations during the Early Voting period and on Election Day;
- 19. Train poll workers and clarify standard operating procedures for a safe and effective operation under the current circumstances;
- 20. Prepare resources in anticipation of increased vote-by-mail usage by Harris County voters;
- 21. Put key performance indicators (KPIs) in place to measure our preparedness in ensuring a S.A.F.E. election for the voters of Harris County;
- 22. Optimize the ballot layout to allow voters to cast their votes more quickly; and
- 23. Procure the next generation of voting machines for use beyond 2020.

The first election of Clerk Hollins's administration will be the 2020 Primary Runoff. The Early Voting Period for this election will be June 29-July 10, and Election Day is on July 14.

For more information go to HarrisVotes.com and follow @harrisvotes on Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram.

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Harris County Clerk Chris Hollins Launches 23-Point S.A.F.E. Plan (video)

STATE of TEXAS	§
	§
	§
	§
COUNTY OF HARRIS	§

DECLARATION OF REBECCA ("BETH") STEVENS, SENIOR ADVISOR, VOTING RIGHTS AND ACCESS HARRIS COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE

My name is Beth Stevens. My date of birth is , and my address is 1001 Preston, Houston, Harris County, Texas, 77002. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct:

- 1. I am submitting this declaration and its attachments to explain the facts surrounding the planning, announcements, and implementation of drive-thru voting in Harris County.
- 2. I am an attorney and a member of the State Bar of Texas. Beginning in June 2020, I became the Senior Advisor for Voting Rights and Access of the Harris County Clerk's Office and was tasked with helping plan and implement the conduct and management of the July primary runoff election and the November general election. As part of my duties, I regularly communicate with attorneys in the Division of Elections of the Office of the Texas Secretary of State ("SOS").
- 3. Attached to this Declaration are true and correct copies of the items listed in the Index to Supplemental Mandamus Record.

4. As the Early Voting Clerk, the Harris County Clerk designates staff members to confer with the SOS about plans for the election and any changes to election procedures. As a designee, I routinely seek advice on election law pursuant to the SOS's statutory duty to provide that advice. It is a regular practice in Texas for local elections authorities to get advice from the SOS. Sometimes that advice is given verbally over the phone. Sometimes the SOS sends an email confirming advice. And sometimes the SOS issues a formal Advisory to all election officials.

- 5. I sought advice from the SOS related to drive-thru voting over the course of multiple conversations. The SOS approved of the idea and made suggestions to keep the project in compliance with the law, such as providing access to all voters who come to a particular location whether in a vehicle, by bicycle, or on foot.
- 6. As is the routine practice, the County Clerk's Office held a series of "stakeholder meetings" over the summer to discuss plans for the general election, get informal input from stakeholders, get formal input on topics like the names of proposed election judges and alternate judges for early voting and Election Day, and explain decisions the County Clerk made to manage and conduct the election such as the implementation of the drive-thru voting program. The Harris County Republican Party ("HCRP") was invited to these meetings and regularly sent representatives. As a result, the HCRP has been aware of the County Clerk's plans for drive-thru voting, including the pilot project that was conducted on July 10 and

the ten locations that were submitted to Commissioners Court for approval and are

in operation today.

7. Each drive-thru location is constructed of metal frames and durable tent

covers covering a space of at least ten feet by twenty feet, with a ten-foot wide lane

for a car to pass through. The drive-thru locations were designed to allow space both

for election workers and for poll watchers. There is space for poll watchers to

observe the interaction between the election worker and the voter, such as by

bringing a chair to sit inside the tent, and a number of poll watchers have shown up

at our drive-thru locations.

8. Voters who are biking have utilized drive-thru voting, but no walkers

have utilized drive-thru voting to date. The capacity of the drive-thru lines varies by

location. For example, there are thirty drive-thru lanes at NRG Arena and only ten

at the Houston Food Bank. The photographs in the brief are of the NRG Arena

location.

9. As voters are waiting in line at a drive-thru voting center, a Greeter asks

them to make sure they have photo identification handy. Once a voting booth opens

up, the Greeter tells the voter to turn off their cell phones, as recording devices are

prohibited in polling places.

10. When a voter enters a particular drive-thru booth in their vehicle, an

election clerk checks their identification, asks the voter the usual questions about

whether their address is current, again instructs the voter to turn off their cell phones,

and determines whether the voter is on the voter roll. If so, the election clerk has the voter sign the voting roster, then hands them a voting code and a voting machine — all just as if the voter was casting their vote at a walk-in voting center. The election worker then steps away so the voter has privacy while voting. The voting machines are connected to a judge's booth controller ("JBC") unit where votes are backed up and stored. When the voter is done marking their ballot, the voter hands the election worker the voting machine and departs. The election worker sanitizes the voting machine before the next voter enters the booth.

- 11. All drive-thru voting centers are co-located with traditional walk-in voting centers. This is to ensure that, in case of technical challenges or inclement weather, voters can easily access another voting center. The Clerk's Office reports each drive-thru location as a separate voting center. Attached to this declaration is a copy of the unofficial daily record of early voting as of Sunday, October 18. At the bottom of the list you can see polling places with a code beginning with "DTV." These are the ten drive-thru locations. You will find the same location names appear above with a "SRD" code. The votes cast at a DTV location have their own JBC units and are operated by their own election judges.
- 12. Similar tent structures are being used at walk-in voting centers to increase capacity. For example, to alleviate lines at the Barbara Bush Library ("HCPL Barbara Bush Branch" on the EV Daily Record), the County Clerk's Office is constructing tents so that additional voting machines can be placed outside the

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permanent building. This change is part of our efforts to address overcrowding and

long lines at voting centers whenever possible so that voters are not discouraged

from voting. As that change is implemented, that very popular polling location will

be partially inside and partially outside the permanent building.

Executed in Harris County, State of Texas, on the 19th day of October, 2020.

Rebecca (Beth) Stevens

Declarant



CHRIS HOLLINSHarris County Clerk



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE July 22, 2020 CONTACT: Communications & Voter Outreach

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(713) 274-9550

Harris County Clerk's Drive-Thru Voting Pilot Is Highly Successful

Voters Would Overwhelmingly Use the Service Again and Recommend It to Others

(Houston, TX) — On Friday, July 10, the last day of Early Voting during the July Primary Runoff Elections, the Harris County Clerk's Office piloted Drive-Thru Voting as an additional option for voters to cast their ballot safely in the midst of the COVID-19 pandemic. This was the first time in Texas history that an elections office held Drive-Thru Voting, where many voters at a time could cast their ballot without leaving the comfort and safety of their car.

"My number one priority is to keep voters and poll workers safe," **said Harris County Clerk Chris Hollins.** "The feedback we received from the Drive-Thru Voting pilot proves that voters felt safe exercising their right to vote and that it was an easy and efficient alternative to going inside a voting center. We are exploring options to expand this program for the November General Election at select locations as another method of voting during COVID-19."

Voters raved about the experience. Of the 200 voters who voted at the Drive-Thru Voting site, 141 completed an optional survey reviewing the new service. Some wrote that Drive-Thru Voting was "easy to use" and others cited how the service "made voters feel safe." One respondent even wrote that it was their "best voting experience EVER!"

Voters would overwhelmingly use the service again and recommend it to others. When asked on a scale of 0 through 10, with 10 being extremely likely, whether they would consider using the same service if it is provided again in the future, voters on average gave a score of 9.70. On the same scale, when asked whether they would recommend Drive-Thru Voting to another voter, voters on average gave a score of 9.66.

Fear of exposure to COVID-19 was the top reason for using Drive-Thru Voting. When asked why voters chose to vote using the Drive-Thru Voting service as opposed to the traditional walk-in voting method, 82 (58%) cited worries about health and safety in the midst of the pandemic. Other frequently mentioned reasons included the convenience of the service and pure curiosity about the experience of Drive-Thru Voting.

Drive-Thru Voting was piloted from 7:00 AM to 10:00 PM on Friday, July 10th, 2020, at Houston Community College – West Loop.

Raw anonymous survey results can be found <u>HERE.</u> The survey was available in English, Spanish, Chinese and Vietnamese. Out of 200 voters, 141 completed the survey.

###



July 29, 2020

The Honorable Christopher Hollins Harris County Clerk 1001 Preston Houston, TX 77002

Re: Election Day "Drive-Thru" voting options

Dear Mr. Hollins:

You inquired with this office as to whether the Harris County Clerk could conduct voting operations in an uncovered parking lot utilizing a "drive-thru" voting ("DTV") system that allows voters to remain in their vehicles while voting. Specifically, you have asked whether such an option would run afoul of statutory requirements that election-day polling locations must be inside a building. After reviewing statutes and relevant case law on this issue, we have determined that a DTV system would be permissible when operated adjacent to and in conjunction with a polling location in a building.

Background

In response to the COVID19 pandemic, the Clerk's office had initiated a pilot program during the primary runoffs to allow drivers to vote while remaining in their cars. Voting occurred within parking structures, and was open to any voter who sought the service. This process was distinct from the current curbside voting process that was statutorily established under Tex. Elec. Code 64.009 (a) for voters that self-identify as being physically unable to enter the polling place without personal assistance or the likelihood of injuring their health. Those voters can request a ballot to the voter at the polling place entrance or curb. Both the pilot DTV program and the curbside program have been successful in creating a safe voting option.

Page 2 Election Day "Drive-Thru" voting options July 29, 2020

Tex Elec. Code Section 43.031

Section 43.031 requires that the polling place for Election Day "shall be located inside a public building." The express intent of the statute was to prohibit the use of personal residences or private facilities as a voting location, with specific prohibitions of both under Section 43.031(e). While there is limited authority interpreting this section, the plain language of the statute suggests that a polling location must be located within the building. While a polling location must be located within a building, the statute does not expressly prohibit an alternative process adjacent or connected to the main polling location to service voters. As evidenced by the statutory authority granted in Section 64.009(a), the legislature has allowed for alternative voting operations adjacent to an existing polling location. While a free standing polling location must be within a public building, it can be inferred that a polling operation that is outside would be permissible if connected to the main polling site.

Conclusion

Based upon our review of relevant statutes and advisories, we have concluded that a DTV system would be permissible when operated adjacent to and in conjunction with a polling location in a building. If you have any additional questions, or require further clarification on this matter please contact me at your convenience.

Sincerely,

VINCE RYAN Harris County Attorney

By: Jay Aiyer
Douglas P. Ray, Special Assistant

Jay Aiyer, Assistant County Attorney

APPROVED:

Rofet W. Soard

Robert Soard

First Assistant County Attorney

POLITICS // HOUSTON POLITICS

Harris County OKs \$17M to add polls, voting hours and drive-thru balloting for November election

Zach Despart Aug. 25, 2020 Updated: Aug. 26, 2020 1:13 p.m.



Allison Aungier, an election clerk, left, works behind a plastic barrier at her desk wearing a face mask, face shield and gloves as she checks in voters at the Metropolitan Multi-Service Center, 1475 West Gray, Friday, July 10, 2020, in Houston.

Photo: Melissa Phillip, Houston Chronicle / Staff photographe

Harris County voters this November will have more time and more than a hundred additional places to cast ballots in the presidential election, including drivethrough locations and one day of 24-hour voting, under an expansive plan approved by Commissioners Court Tuesday.

With the additional polling locations, an extra week of early voting and up to 12,000 election workers, Harris County Clerk Chris Hollins is pledging a smooth

November election.

Skip to m

e-edition

election plan. The money is on top of the <u>\$12</u> million the court approved earner this year to expand mail-in voting amid fears that in-person balloting could spread the coronavirus during the ongoing pandemic.

The clerk's plan includes extended early balloting hours, including multiple nights to 10 p.m. and one 24-hour voting session, drive-through options, as well as new equipment to process an expected record number of mail ballots.

"The County Clerk's office has made it our top priority to ensure a safe, secure, accessible, fair and efficient election for the voters of Harris County this November," Hollins told court members. "And to ensure this outcome, our office has ... executed a robust set of 24 initiatives, many of which were piloted in the July primary runoff election."

Related Stories



BY ZACH DESPART, STAFF WRITER

How you can avoid the long voting lines around Harris County



BY ZACH DESPART, STAFF WRITER

Harris County joins in recognizing Indigenous Peoples Day

Hollins' plan is among the boldest unveiled by a Texas elections administrator to improve a voter's experience and increase turnout in a state with historically low participation, said University of Houston political science Professor Brandon Rottinghaus.

"These changes would rocket Harris County to the top of the list as the most progressive approach to voting," Rottinghaus said.

Rice University political science professor Mark Jones said the plan could inadvertently undermine a push by Democrats to expand mail voting for voters under 65 during the COVID-19 pandemic.

"Hollins is making sure that voting in person is safer than going to the grocery store," Jones said. "To the extent to which other county clerks follow his lead, it's more and more difficult to make the case that voting in person represents a risk to someone's health."

In previous elections, Harris County operated about 40 early voting and 750 Election Day sites. The additional funding, Hollins said, will allow the county to operate 120 early voting and 808 Election Day locations.

He estimated 1.7 million voters may turn out, a record in any Harris County election and an increase of 361,000 since the 2016 presidential contest.

A spokeswoman for Hollins did not respond to a request for the total estimated cost of the 2020 election.

The Democratic majority on Commissioners Court approved the new funding on a party line vote, with the two Republican members opposed. Precinct 4 Commissioner Jack Cagle noted the county clerk plans to spend far more money on this election than in past presidential years, including \$3.2 million in 2012 and \$4.1 million in 2016.

Precinct 3 Commissioner Steve Radack pointed out that the heavily Democratic Precinct 1 is slated to host at least 20 percent more Election Day voting locations than other precincts.

"I find these numbers to be disturbing to be weighted the way it is," Radack said.

Lillie Schecter, the Harris County Democratic Party chairwoman, praised the clerk's office for making voting "as accessible as possible."

Harris County Republican Party Chairman Keith Nielsen said the CARES Act funding would have been better spent on direct aid to businesses and residents harmed by the pandemic. He also said it was unwise for Hollins, an inexperienced clerk, to try to implement so many new initiatives in such an important election.

"In the midst of all that we have to cope with, it just seems like we're making a worse situation, as far as what voters understand and how they understand where to go vote," Nielsen said.

Hollins said his office clustered voting sites near where residents work and attend school, placing a disproportionate number inside Precinct 1, which includes much of the city of Houston. Since last year, county residents have been able to <u>vote at</u> any location, rather than their assigned precinct, former county clerk Diane

Trautman's signature initiative.

County clerks of both political parties have struggled to run hiccup-free elections, owing to Harris County's size and status as the third-most populous in the United States.

This fall brings additional challenges, namely the COVID-19 pandemic that has upended daily life and required people to avoid unnecessary contact with others.

Texans also no longer have the option to vote straight tickets, which the Legislature abolished after the 2018 general election. Seventy-six percent of Harris County voters punched a straight ticket that year, a far quicker method than individually choosing a candidate in each race.

This change, along with the need to enforce social distancing at polling sites, could cause long lines without a significant increase in locations to cast ballots, Hollins said.

Securing funding for polling locations and staff is one obstacle; finding sites to host them is another. Hollins said the county caught a break when Houston Independent School District decided to hold classes virtually, allowing the clerk's office to reserve classrooms and gymnasiums.

"If all districts that touch Harris County are able to do that, we'd have much better access... for voting on Election Day," Hollins said.

The clerk's office plans to open a <u>massive voting center</u> at NRG Arena, and also will move its vote-counting headquarters there. Hollins said the Toyota Center also has volunteered its cavernous facility for voting, a well-known location he hoped would prove popular.

Hollins, who was appointed to the job in May, has never run an election of this size, though he successfully administered the low-turnout July primary runoff. He is keen to avoid the blunders of his predecessors, including delayed results during last year's mayoral election and hourslong voting lines in the March primaries.

This year's presidential election is the last contest that will be the responsibility of the Harris County clerk. Commissioners Court last month created an independent elections administration office to take over the role, a move most major Texas counties have already made.

The first day of early voting is Oct. 13.

zach.despart@chron.com

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August 17, 2020		YES	NO	ABSTAIN
	Judge Lina Hidalgo	✓		
Honorable Judge and Commissioners Court	Comm. Rodney Ellis	V		
1001 Preston, 9th Floor	Comm. Adrian Garcia	\checkmark		
Houston, Texas 77002	Comm. Steve Radack	V		
	Comm. R. Jack Cagle	V		

RE: General and Special Elections

November 3, 2020

Agenda - Notification of Election & Request for Election Details

Dear Members:

Pursuant to Section 4.001 of the Texas Election Code, this shall serve as notification of the November 3, 2020 General and Special Elections and request approval of the following election details.

One hundred and twenty (120) Early Voting locations are planned to be open October 13th - October 30th, 2020, at the locations and times described in the attached schedule. Please approve the attached Early Voting document.

Eight hundred and eight (808) shared countywide Election Day polling locations are planned. Locations will be posted in local newspapers and kept current on our website. Further, it is requested that the court adopt the locations of the countywide polling places for each Harris County election precinct on the attached list.

Ten (10) Election Day drop-off locations are planned for Election Judges to drop off election supplies and equipment.

The Notice of Public Test for the Logic and Accuracy Test will be published and conducted pursuant to Section 127.096 of the Texas Election Code.

The Notice of Election will be published in local newspapers pursuant to Section 4.003 of the Texas Election Code.

We will convene the Early Voting by Mail/Absentee, Early Voting by Personal Appearance, Signature Verification Committee, and Early Voting Ballot Board, as needed, to support verification of the Mail/Absentee ballots.

The election website <u>www.HarrisVotes.com</u> will be updated with current information regarding:

- Early Voting locations and times
- Lists of Election Day locations
- Sample Ballots
- Voter search to find and determine their Election Day voting location and voter specific ballot
- Information for Ballot by Mail Voters
- Information for Military and Overseas Voters
- General and Extensive information about voting in Harris County

Presented to Commissioners Court

August 25, 2020

Approve: G/E

Honorable Judge and Commissioners Court August 17, 2020 Page 2

Lastly, it is requested that the court approve the following appointments pursuant to Sections 127.002-127.003 of the Texas Election Code relating to the conduct of the November 3, 2020 General and Special Elections:

- 1. Appointment of Michael Winn as Central Count Station Manager;
- 2. Appointment of Jason Bruce as Tabulation Supervisor;
- Appointment of Jonathan Dulany, Mark Hopkins and Jeramie Gant as Assistants to the Tabulation Supervisor;
- 4. Appointment of William Pesota, Democratic Party Presiding Judge, and Kathy Rembert, Republican Party Presiding Judge for the Central Count Station.

Please Note: Voting locations, hours, and testing are subject to change.

Respectfully submitted for your approval,

Chris Hollins

County Clerk, Harris County, Texas

CH/mf

Attachments

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П	Propose	d Early Vo	ting	Schedule 1	Proposed Early Voting Schedule for November 3, 2020 General and Special Elections	S	
2	Please n	ote, these	locat	ions and	Please note, these locations and hours are subject to change		
3	Tuesday,	Tuesday, October 13 th	th – 5	aturday, C	– Saturday, October 17th : 7:00am – 7:00pm		
4	Sunday, (Sunday, October 18th : 12:00pm – 6:00pm	h: 12	.00pm – 6:(J0pm		
2	Monday,	Monday, October 19 th	th – 5	aturday, C	– Saturday, October 24 th : 7:00am – 7:00pm		
9	Sunday, (Sunday, October 25th : 12:00pm – 6:00pm	^h : 12:	00pm – 6:(J0pm		
7	Monday,	Monday, October 26th : 7:00am – 7:00pm	th: 7:	00am – 7:C	00pm		
8	Tuesday,	October 27	r th – 1	hursday, C	Tuesday, October 27 th – Thursday, October 29 th :7:00am – 10:00pm		
6	*Thursda	ıy, October	29 th	POSSIBLE	*Thursday, October 29 th : POSSIBLE (1) 24hr Location at NRG roles into Friday morning/TBD		
10		Friday, October 30th : 7:00am – 7:00pm	: 7:00	am – 7:00p	m		
11		Tuesday, November 3 rd : 7:00am – 7:00pm	3 rd : 7	:00am – 7:	mq00:		
12	PCT	HOME	AH	PollCode	Early Voting Location	Address 1	Address 2
Ž,		NewDTV DTV131K	H	DTV131K	DTV131K Kingdom Builders Center	6011 West Orem Drive	
1 4	NewDTV	DTV134W H	I	DTV134W	DTV134W HCC West Loop South	5601 West Loop South	
T T	NewDTV	DTV139F	I	DTV139F	Fallbrook Church	12512 Walters Road	
16	NewDTV	DTV141U	エ	DTV141U	Humble Civic Center	8233 Will Clayton Pkwy	
O	NewDTV	DTV142H	I	DTV142H	DTV142H Houston Food Bank	535 Portwall St	
18	NewDTV	DTV145C	ェ	DTV145C	HCC Southeast College Building C Parking Garage	6960 Rustic Street	at Garland Drive
19	NewDTV	DTV146N	I	DTV146N	NRG Center	1 NRG Pkwy	
20		NewDTV DTV147C	Н	DTV147C	Toyota Center	1510 Polk St	
21	NewDTV	NewDTV DTV148Z	H	DTV148Z	Resurrection Metropolitan Community Church	2025 West 11th Street	near T C Jester B
22	NewDTV	DTV149H	H	DTV149H	HCC Alief Center	13803 Bissonnet St	
23	SRD001C	SRD001C	I	SRD001C	County Attorney Conference Center	1019 Congress Avenue	
24	0631	SRD126C	I	SRD126C	HCPL Barbara Bush Branch	6817 Cypresswood Drive	at Castletown Pa
25		SRD126P SRD126P	I	SRD126P	Prairie View A&M University Northwest	9449 Grant Road	
26	SRD127A	SRD127A	I	SRD127A	Atascocita Branch Library	19520 Pinehurst Trail Drive	
27	0629	SRD127H	ェ	SRD127H	Lake Houston Church of Christ	8003 Farmingham Road	at FM 1960 East
28	SRD127J	SRD127J	I	SRD127J	Journey of Faith UMC	130 Atascocita Road	
29	-	SRD127V SRD127V	ェ	SRD127V	SRD127V Victory Houston	809 West Road	
30	0459	SRD127Y	ェ	SRD127Y	Kingwood Community Center	4102 Rustic Woods Drive	at West Lake Hoo

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3 <u>T</u>	SKD128F	SKD128F	Е	SKD128F	La Porte Recreation and Fitness Center	1322 South Broadway	
32	SRD128J	SRD128J	I	SRD128J	San Jacinto Community Center	604 Highland Woods Dr	
33	SRD128L	SRD128L	ェ	SRD128L	Crosby Community Center	409 Hare Road	
34	SRD128P	SRD128P	ェ	SRD128P	East Harris County Activity Center	7340 Spencer Highway	
35	SRD129	SRD129	ェ	SRD129	Freeman Branch Library	16616 Diana Lane	
36	0654	SRD129E	ェ	SRD129E	El Franco Lee Community Center	9500 Hall Road	at Kingspoint Ro
37	SRD1291	SRD1291	I	SRD1291	Clear Lake Islamic Center	17511 El Camino Real	
38	SRD129P	SRD129P	ェ	SRD129P	Pipers Meadow Community Center	15920 Pipers View Dr	
39	0545	SRD129S	ェ	SRD129S	Harris County Scarsdale Annex	10851 Scarsdale Boulevard	
40	0941	SRD129U	ェ	SRD129U	University of Houston Clear Lake	2700 Bay Area Boulevard	
41	SRD129X	SRD129X	ェ	SRD129X	To Be Determined		
42	0734	SRD130C	ェ	SRD130C	Juergens Hall Community Center	26026 Hempstead Highway	near Spring Cypr
43	SRD130S	SRD130S	ェ	SRD130S	Saint John Lutheran Church and School	15235 Spring Cypress Road	
X	SRD130T	SRD130T	ェ	SRD130T	Tomball Public Works Building	501B James Street	
h 1	0319	SRD131	Ι	SRD131	Hiram Clarke Multi Service Center	3810 West Fuqua Street	near Buffalo Spe
Q	0649	SRD1311	ェ	SRD1311	To Be Determined		
<u>/</u> #	SRD131K	SRD131K	ェ	SRD131K	Kingdom Builders Center	6011 West Orem Drive	
7	0458	SRD131P	I	SRD131P	The Power Center	12401 South Post Oak Road	at South Main St
Ĵ		SRD131R SRD131R	ェ	SRD131R	Raindrop Turkish House	9301 West Bellfort Boulevard	
20	SRD132A	SRD132A	ェ	SRD132A	Lakeland Activity Center	16919 North Bridgeland Lake Parkway	
51		SRD132H SRD132H	エ	SRD132H	Morton Ranch High School	21000 Franz Road	
52	0772	SRD132J	ェ	SRD132J	James E Taylor High School	20700 Kingsland Boulevard	at Dominion Driv
53	0119	SRD132K	エ	SRD132K	Katy Branch Harris County Public Library	5414 Franz Road	near Drexel Stre
54	0302	SRD132L	ェ	SRD132L	Lone Star College Cypress Center	19710 Clay Road	near North Fry R
55	SRD132X	SRD132X	ェ	SRD132X	To Be Determined		
26	0483	SRD133	ェ	SRD133	Nottingham Park Building	926 Country Place Drive	at Kimberley Driv
57	0626	SRD133C	エ	SRD133C	To Be Determined		
58	0272	SRD133U	ェ	SRD133U	Unity of Houston Annex	2819 Hillcroft Street	at Hillcroft Stree
59		SRD133X SRD133X	I	SRD133X	To Be Determined		
09	SRD133Z	SRD133Z	I	SRD133Z	First Congregational Church	10840 Beinhorn Road	
61	0274	SRD134C	ェ	SRD134C	Crowne Plaza Houston Galleria	7611 Katy Freeway	at Silber Road

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62	0434	SRD134G	ェ	SRD134G	Hampton Inn Galleria	4500 Post Oak Parkway	at West Loop
63	SRD134I	SRD1341	I	SRD1341	Hampton Inn & Suites Houston I-10 Central	5820 Katy Freeway	
64	0070	SRD134M H	ェ	SRD134M	SRD134M Metropolitan MultiService Center	1475 West Gray Street	at Metropolitan
65	0361	SRD134R	ェ	SRD134R	Reckling Park - Rice University Athletics	2050 University	
99	SRD134W	SRD134W SRD134W	H	SRD134W	SRD134W HCC West Loop South	5601 West Loop South	
67	0074	SRD135	I	SRD135	City Jersey Village Municipal Government Center	16327 Lakeview Drive	near Acapulco Di
89	0620	SRD135W	Ι	SRD135W	SRD135W Richard and Meg Weekley Community Center	8440 Greenhouse Road	near Longenbaug
69	8000	SRD137B	ェ	SRD137B	Bayland Park Community Center	6400 Bissonnet Street	near Hillcroft
70	0559	SRD137C	ェ	SRD137C	SRD137C Comfort Suites Westchase	2830 Wilcrest Drive	at Meadowglen
71	SRD137T	SRD137T	ェ	SRD137T	Tracy Gee Community Center	3599 Westcenter Drive	
72	SRD1381	SRD1381	ェ	SRD138I	ISGH Bear Creek Community Center	17250 Coventry Park Drive	
73	0407	SRD138J	ェ	SRD138J	John Knox Presbyterian Church	2525 Gessner Road	at Brigade Street
7.4	0621	SRD138K	I	SRD138K	Katherine Tyra Branch Library	16719 Clay Road	at Kinloch Drive
X /5	0707	SRD138S	ェ	SRD138S	Trini Mendenhall Community Center	1414 Wirt Road	at Shadyvilla Lan
1 / ₀	0120	SRD138Z	ェ	SRD138Z	Encourager Church	10950 Katy Freeway	near Brittmore R
Ь	SRD139A	SRD139A SRD139A	I	SRD139A	SRD139A Acres Homes Multi Service Center	6719 West Montgomery Road	
<u>&</u>	SRD139F	SRD139F	ェ	SRD139F	Fallbrook Church	12512 Walters Road	
6	0848	SRD139V	ェ	SRD139V	Lone Star College Victory Center	4141 Victory Drive	at Vogel Road
Ĝ	0779	SRD140	ェ	SRD140	Hardy Street Senior Citizens Center	11901 West Hardy Road	at Canino Road
81	SRD140B	SRD140B	I	SRD140B	BakerRipley East Aldine Campus	3000 Aldine Mail Route Road	
82	0254	SRD140X	ェ	SRD140X	Anclamars W Reception Hall B	10330 Eastex Fwy	
83	SRD141B	SRD141B SRD141B	ェ	SRD141B	Bammel Church of Christ - Kaleo Building	2700 Cypress Creek Parkway	
84	SRD141C	SRD141C SRD141C	ェ	SRD141C	Northeast Multi Service Center	9720 Spaulding Street	
85	SRD141G	SRD141G	ェ	SRD141G	Green House International Church	200 West Greens Road	
98	SRD1411	SRD1411	ェ	SRD1411	Holiday Inn Houston Intercontinental Airport Hotel	15222 John F Kennedy Boulevard	
87	SRD141L	SRD141L	ェ	SRD141L	Lone Star College North Harris	2700 WW Thorne Drive	
88	SRD141N	SRD141N	ェ	SRD141N		6010 Little York Road	
89	0108	SRD141U	エ	SRD141U	Humble Civic Center	8233 Will Clayton Pkwy	
90	0045	SRD142C	I	SRD142C	SRD142C C E King Middle School	8530 C E King Parkway	
91	0344	SRD142G	ェ	SRD142G	Greater Emmanuel Family Worship Center	3915 Kelley Street	at Sayers Street
92	SRD142H	SRD142H SRD142H	ェ	SRD142H	SRD142H Houston Food Bank	535 Portwall St	

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00	6770	SRN1/12K	<u>ا</u> ـ	SRD1/12K	Kashmara MultiSarvica Cantar	1802 Loowylo Lynn	at Rand Road
8 8	SRD147T	SRN1/17T	: 1	SRD142T	Tuffley Park Community Center	3200 Bussell Street	
ל ל	27.70	יאיכייים איכייים	: :	יאיכיי	North Change Dange Library	7 - 7 - 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
95	0460	SKD142W H	_	SKD142W	SKD142W North Channel Branch Library	15/41 Wallisville Road	at Carpenters La
96	0141	SRD142Z	ェ	SRD142Z	Martin Flukinger Community Center	16003 Lorenzo Street	
97	0208	SRD143G	ェ	SRD143G	Alvin D Baggett Community Center	1302 Keene Street	
86	0010	SRD143R	ェ	SRD143R	Neighborhood Centers Inc Ripley House Campus	4410 Navigation Boulevard	at North Jenkins
66	0102	SRD144	ェ	SRD144	Lee College	200 Lee Drive	
100	0527	SRD144J	ェ	SRD144J	John Phelps Courthouse	101 South Richey Street	
101	0154	SRD145C	ェ	SRD145C	HCC Southeast College Building C Parking Garage	6960 Rustic Street	at Garland Drive
102	0541	SRD146F	ェ	SRD146F	Crowne Plaza Houston NRG	8686 Kirby Drive	
103	SRD146N	SRD146N	ェ	SRD146N	NRG Center* (possible 24 hr location, Thurs 10/29/2020 1 NRG Pkwy	1 NRG Pkwy	
104		SRD146S SRD146S	ェ	SRD146S	Sunnyside Multi Service Center	9314 Cullen Boulevard	
495	SRD146Y	SRD146Y SRD146Y	I	SRD146Y	J J Roberson Family Life Center	4810 Redbud	
30 06	0223	SRD146Z	ェ	SRD146Z	Holiday Inn Houston NRG/Med Center	8111 Kirby Dr	at LaConcha Lane
3 07		SRD147B SRD147B	ェ	SRD147B	Beverly Hills Community Center	9800 Kingspoint Road	
6	0016	SRD147C	ェ	SRD147C	Toyota Center	1510 Polk St	
60 I	0037	SRD147E	エ	SRD147E	West End Multi Service Center	170 Heights Boulevard	
0 ₹	New	SRD147S	ェ	SRD147S	University of Saint Thomas	3800 Montrose Boulevard	
4	0380	SRD147S	ェ	SRD147S	Wheeler Avenue Baptist Church	3826 Wheeler Ave	
112	SRD147T	SRD147T	ェ	SRD147T	Texas Southern University	3100 Cleburne Street	
113	0389	SRD147U	ェ	SRD147U	University of Houston	4800 Calhoun Road	
114	114 0538	SRD147Y	ェ	SRD147Y	Alice McKean Young Neighborhood Library	5107 Griggs Road	near Martin Luth
115	SRD147Z	SRD147Z	ェ	SRD147Z	Shrine of The Black Madonna Cultural and Event Center 5309 Martin Luther King Boulevard	5309 Martin Luther King Boulevard	
116	9800	SRD148B	ェ	SRD148B	Sheraton Houston Brookhollow Hotel	3000 North Loop West Freeway	at Directors Row
117		SRD148C SRD148C	エ	SRD148C	Saint Charles Borromeo Church	501 Tidwell Rd	
118	9960	SRD148H	ェ	SRD148H	SRD148H The Grand Tuscany Hotel	12801 Northwest Freeway	at Northwest Fre
119		SRD148M SRD148M	I	SRD148M	SRD148M Moody Park Community Center	3725 Fulton Street	
120	0054	SRD148S	ェ	SRD148S	SPJST Lodge Num 88	1435 Beall Street	at 15th Street
121	0905	SRD148Z	ェ	SRD148Z	Resurrection Metropolitan Community Church	2025 West 11th Street	near T C Jester B
122	SRD149H	SRD149H	I	SRD149H	HCC Alief Center	13803 Bissonnet St	
123	SRD1491	SRD1491	ェ	SRD1491	Mission Bend Islamic Center	6233 Tres Lagunas	

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124	SRD149X	SRD149X	ェ	SRD149X	To Be Determined		
125	SRD150B	SRD150B	Н	SRD150B	To Be Determined		
126	0575	SRD150K	ェ	SRD150K	Klein Multipurpose Center	7500 FM 2920	west of Alvin A K
127	SRD150L	SRD150L	н	SRD150L	Lone Star College Creekside	8747 West New Harmony Trail	
128	SRD150R	SRD150R	н	SRD150R	Spring First Church	1851 Spring Cypress Road	
129	SRD150X	SRD150X	н	SRD150X		16526 Ella Blvd	
130		*Polling k	ocatic	ons may cha	*Polling locations may change up until Early Voting		
131							
132	PCT	HOME	H_V	H_V PollCode	Election Day Location	Address 1	Address 2
133	0001	0001	н	0001	Crockett Elementary School	2112 Crockett Street	at Hemphill Stre
134	9675	0001	^	0001	Crockett Elementary School	2112 Crockett Street	at Hemphill Stre
135	0007	0007	н	0007	Trinity Lutheran Church Downtown	800 Houston Avenue	at Washington A
136	0681	0007	^	0007	Trinity Lutheran Church Downtown	800 Houston Avenue	at Washington A
137	0003	0003	н	0003	Hogg Middle School	1100 Merrill Street	at Norhill Boulev
138	0004	0004	н	0004	Travis Elementary School HISD	3311 Beauchamp Street	at Pecore Street
65	9000	9000	н	2000	Proctor Plaza Park Community Center	803 West Temple Street	at Julian Street
440	9000	9000	I	9000	Hirsch Elementary School	2633 Trailing Vine Road	near Canyon Lak
141		6000	I	6000	Settegast Park Community Center	3000 Garrow Street	at Middleton Str
1 2	9580	6000	^	6000	Settegast Park Community Center	3000 Garrow Street	at Middleton Str
143	6880	6000	>	6000	Settegast Park Community Center	3000 Garrow Street	at Middleton Str
144	1005	6000	>	6000	Settegast Park Community Center	3000 Garrow Street	at Middleton Str
145	0011	0011	I	0011	Eastwood Park Community Center	5020 Harrisburg Boulevard	at Dumble Street
146	0013	0013	I	0013	To Be Determined		
147	0012	0013	>	0013	To Be Determined		
148	0014	0014	т	0014	Parker Elementary School	10626 Atwell Drive	at Willowbend B
149	0291	0014	^	0014	Parker Elementary School	10626 Atwell Drive	at Willowbend B
150	0015	0015	I	0015	To Be Determined		
151	0017	0017	т	0017	Shearn Elementary School	9802 Stella Link Road	at Osby Drive
152	0018	0018	т	0018	Longfellow Elementary School	3617 Norris Drive	at Timberside Dr
153	0931	0018	>	0018	Longfellow Elementary School	3617 Norris Drive	at Timberside Dr
154	0932	0018	>	0018	Longfellow Elementary School	3617 Norris Drive	at Timberside Dr
155	0933	0018	>	0018	Longfellow Elementary School	3617 Norris Drive	at Timberside Dr

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156	90019	0019	ェ	0019	New High School for Law Enforcement	3505 Coyle Street	at Tharp Avenue
157	, 0880	0019	^	0019	New High School for Law Enforcement	3505 Coyle Street	at Tharp Avenue
158	3 0892	0019	^	0019	New High School for Law Enforcement	3505 Coyle Street	at Tharp Avenue
159	0070	0070	т	0070	Trinity Episcopal Church	1015 Holman Street	at Main Street
160	0021	0021	н	0021	Emancipation Park	3018 Emancipation Avenue	near Elgin Street
161	. 0198	0021	^	0021	Emancipation Park	3018 Emancipation Avenue	near Elgin Street
162	0022	0022	ェ	0022	Foerster Elementary School	14200 Fonmeadow Drive	at Haviland Stree
163	8638	0022	^	0022	Foerster Elementary School	14200 Fonmeadow Drive	at Haviland Stree
164	1 0024	0024	Н	0024	Baylor College of Medicine Academy at Ryan Middle Sch 2610 Elgin Street	2610 Elgin Street	at Live Oak Stree
165	90025	0024	^	0024	Baylor College of Medicine Academy at Ryan Middle Sch 2610 Elgin Street	2610 Elgin Street	at Live Oak Stree
166	9700	0026	Н	0026	To Be Determined		
167	, 0027	0027	т	0027	Eastwood Academy Charter High School	1315 Dumble Street	at Clay Street
468	8 0028	0028	ェ	0028	Wyndham Park Apartments	2700 Rollingbrook Drive	at Rollingcreek D
69*	6700	0029	т	0029	To Be Determined		
170	0030	0030	т	0030	To Be Determined		
9	. 0890	0030	>	0030	To Be Determined		
172	0918	0030	>	0030	To Be Determined		
1 73	0031	0031	т	0031	To Be Determined		
4)4	1 0032	0032	т	0032	To Be Determined		
175	9080	0032	>	0032	To Be Determined		
176	9033	0033	н	0033	African American Library	1300 Victor Street	enter on Clevela
177	, 0034	0034	н	0034	Gregory Lincoln Education Center	1101 Taft Street	at West Clay Stre
178	9800	9800	н	0036	Daniel Ortiz Middle School	6767 Telephone Road	at Dillon Street
179	0749	9800	>	9800	Daniel Ortiz Middle School	6767 Telephone Road	at Dillon Street
180	0038	0038	н	0038	Woodrow Wilson Elementary School	2100 Yupon Street	at Indiana Street
181	. 0039	6800	т	0039	Bering United Methodist Church	1440 Harold Street	at Mulberry Stre
182	0041	0041	н	0041	To Be Determined		
183	0043	0043	н	0043	To Be Determined		
184	1 0044	0044	ェ	0044	Leonel J Castillo Community Center	2101 South Street	at Henry Street
185		0044	>	0044	Leonel J Castillo Community Center	2101 South Street	at Henry Street
186	6660 9	0044	>	0044	Leonel J Castillo Community Center	2101 South Street	at Henry Street

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187	0046	0046	ェ	0046	John Marshall Middle School	1115 Noble Street	at Cochran Stree
188	0736	0046	>	0046	John Marshall Middle School	1115 Noble Street	at Cochran Stree
189	0844	0046	>	0046	John Marshall Middle School	1115 Noble Street	at Cochran Stree
190	0047	0047	ェ	0047	Dogan Elementary School	4202 Liberty Road	near Altoona Str
191	0201	0047	>	0047	Dogan Elementary School	4202 Liberty Road	near Altoona Str
192	2980	0047	>	0047	Dogan Elementary School	4202 Liberty Road	near Altoona Str
193	0060	0047	>	0047	Dogan Elementary School	4202 Liberty Road	near Altoona Str
194	0940	0047	>	0047	Dogan Elementary School	4202 Liberty Road	near Altoona Str
195	0048	0048	ェ	0048	Mickey Leland College Preparatory Academy for Young I 1700 Gregg Street	1700 Gregg Street	at Lyons Avenue
196	0049	0049	ェ	0049	Hockley Community Center	28515 Old Washington Road	
197	0121	0049	^	0049	Hockley Community Center	28515 Old Washington Road	
198	0020	0020	ェ	0020	To Be Determined		
499	0051	0051	I	0051	To Be Determined		
% 00	0052	0052	ェ	0052	West End Multi Service Center	170 Heights Boulevard	near Washingtor
201	0053	0053	ェ	0053	To Be Determined		
Q 05	9880	0053	>	0053	To Be Determined		
203	0887	0053	>	0053	To Be Determined		
204	0055	0055	I	0055	Hampton Inn and Suites	5820 Katy Freeway	at Washington A
2 05	9500	9500	ェ	9500	To Be Determined		
206	0057	0057	I	0057	Heights High School	560 East 14th Street	at Columbia
207	8500	0058	I	0058	Love Park Community Center	1000 West 12th Street	at North Shephe
208	208 0059	6500	I	0029	Field Elementary School	703 East 17th Street	at Studewood St
209	0900	0900	I	0900	Lanier Middle School	2600 Woodhead Street	at Westheimer R
210	0061	0061	ェ	0061	To Be Determined		
211	0062	0062	ェ	0062	Denver Harbor Park Community Center	6402 Market Street	at Rouse Street
212	0187	0062	>	0062	Denver Harbor Park Community Center	6402 Market Street	at Rouse Street
213	0810	0062	>	0062	Denver Harbor Park Community Center	6402 Market Street	at Rouse Street
214	6900	6900	ェ	8900	San Jacinto Community Center	604 Highland Woods Drive	near Hackberry [
215	0064	0064	ェ	0064	Gallegos Elementary School	7415 Harrisburg Boulevard	at 74th Street
216	900	900	ェ	900	DeZavala Park Community Center	907 76th Street	at Avenue H
217	9900	9900	ェ	9900	John R Harris Elementary School	801 Broadway Street	at Magnolia Stre

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218	2900	2900	ェ	2900	Brookline Elementary School	6301 South Loop 610 East	at Askew Street
219	8900	8900	ェ	8900	Sunnyside Park Community Center	3502 Bellfort Street	at Woodard Stre
220	8980	8900	>	8900	Sunnyside Park Community Center	3502 Bellfort Street	at Woodard Stre
221	6900	6900	I	6900	Edison Middle School	6901 Avenue I	at Maltby Street
222	0020	0000	I	000	Memorial Elementary School	6401 Arnot Street	at Pickens Street
223	0071	0071	ェ	0071	To Be Determined		
224	0072	0072	ェ	0072	Mason Park Community Center	541 South 75th Street	at Tipps Street
225	0075	0075	ェ	0075	Helms Community Learning Center	503 West 21st Street	at Lawrence Stre
226	226 0076	9200	ェ	9200	To Be Determined		
227	8200	0078	I	8/00	Harris County Department of Education	6300 Irvington Boulevard	at Caplin Street
228	6200	6/00	ェ	6/00	Charles Eliot Elementary School	6411 Laredo Street	at Kress Street
229	0800	0800	ェ	0800	Judson Robinson Junior Elementary School	12425 Woodforest Boulevard	near Wild Plum 9
330	0082	0082	I	0082	To Be Determined		
X 31	0084	0084	I	0084	Deer Park Junior High School	410 East 9th Street	near Columbia St
332	0346	0084	>	0084	Deer Park Junior High School	410 East 9th Street	near Columbia St
3 33	0360	0084	>	0084	Deer Park Junior High School	410 East 9th Street	near Columbia St
234	0085	0085	I	0085	Saint Luke the Evangelist Episcopal Church	3530 Wheeler Avenue	at Attucks Street
285	0313	9800	>	9800	Sheraton Houston Brookhollow Hotel	3000 North Loop West Freeway	at Directors Row
982	2800	0087	ェ	2800	West University Scout House	6108 Edloe Street	near Rice Boulev
237	9060	0087	>	2800	West University Scout House	6108 Edloe Street	near Rice Boulev
238	6800	6800	I	6800	Southside Place Park Clubhouse	3743 Garnet Street	at Chilos Street
239	239 0090	0600	I	0600	City of El Lago City Hall	411 Tallowood Drive	at Ferndale Drive
240	0091	0091	I	0091	Webster Recreation Center	311 Pennsylvania Avenue	at South Austin S
241	0220	0091	>	0091	Webster Recreation Center	311 Pennsylvania Avenue	at South Austin S
242	2060	0091	>	0091	Webster Recreation Center	311 Pennsylvania Avenue	at South Austin S
243	0092	0092	I	0092	Armand Bayou Elementary School	16000 Hickory Knoll Drive	at Running Sprin
244	6003	0093	I	0093	To Be Determined		
245	0220	0093	>	0093	To Be Determined		
246	8060	0093	>	0093	To Be Determined		
247	0095	9600	Ι	0095	Econolodge West Energy Corridor	715 Highway 6 South	at Memorial Driv
248	9600	9600	ェ	9600	Sheldon ISD Administration Building Network Operatior 11411B CE King Parkway	r 11411B CE King Parkway	near Garrett Roa

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249	2600	2600	ェ	2600	Newport Elementary School	430 North Diamondhead Boulevard	at Port O Call
250	1008	2600	^	2600	Newport Elementary School	430 North Diamondhead Boulevard	at Port O Call
251	8600	8600	ェ	8600	West Campus Gym	24403 East Lake Houston Parkway	at Berrys Way
252	6600	6600	ェ	6600	Sterling Municipal Library	1 Mary Elizabeth Wilbanks Avenue	at West Sterling
253	0010	0100	ェ	0100	To Be Determined		
254	0103	0103	ェ	0103	To Be Determined		
255	0104	0104	ェ	0104	To Be Determined		
256	0105	0105	ェ	0105	Clark Park Community Center	9718 Clark Road	at Dipping Lane
257	0107	0107	ェ	0107	Berry Elementary School	2310 Berry Road	at Schneider Stre
258	0702	0107	>	0107	Berry Elementary School	2310 Berry Road	at Schneider Stre
259	0775	0107	>	0107	Berry Elementary School	2310 Berry Road	at Schneider Stre
260	260 0109	0109	ェ	0109	To Be Determined		
761	0110	0110	Τ	0110	To Be Determined		
× 62	0912	0110	^	0110	To Be Determined		
263	0111	0111	т	0111	To Be Determined		
964	0112	0112	Τ	0112	Krahn Elementary School	9502 Eday Drive	at Bonnie Sean
265	0113	0113	н	0113	Klein Forest High School	11400 Misty Valley	
3 86	0114	0114	Τ	0114	Samuel Matthews Park Community Center	1728 Hufsmith Road	at Stanolind Roa
287	0915	0114	^	0114	Samuel Matthews Park Community Center	1728 Hufsmith Road	at Stanolind Roa
268	0116	0116	Τ	0116	City of Spring Valley City Hall	1025 Campbell Road	near Bace Drive
269	0700	0116	>	0116	City of Spring Valley City Hall	1025 Campbell Road	near Bace Drive
270	270 0117	0117	Τ	0117	Oyo Townhouse	12439 Northwest Freeway	near Bingle Road
271	0446	0117	>	0117	Oyo Townhouse	12439 Northwest Freeway	near Bingle Road
272	6080	0117	>	0117	Oyo Townhouse	12439 Northwest Freeway	near Bingle Road
273	0118	0118	エ	0118	To Be Determined		
274	0122	0122	ェ	0122	John F Kennedy Elementary School	400 Victoria Drive	at Werner Street
275	9880	0122	^	0122	John F Kennedy Elementary School	400 Victoria Drive	at Werner Street
276	0123	0123	エ	0123	Montrose Branch Houston Public Library	4100 Montrose Boulevard	at Colquitt Stree
277	0802	0123	>	0123	Montrose Branch Houston Public Library	4100 Montrose Boulevard	at Colquitt Stree
278	0922	0123	>	0123	To Be Determined		
279	0124	0124	ェ	0124	Ault Elementary School	21010 Maple Village Drive	at Vintage Falls 🛘

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280	0125	0125	ェ	0125	Bleyl Middle School	10800 Mills Road	at Jones Road
281	0126	0126	н	0126	Rosehill Elementary School	17950 Waller Tomball Road	at Decker Prairie
282	0127	0127	Τ	0127	To Be Determined		
283	0128	0128	Τ	0128	Civic Center Auditorium	7008 South Rice Avenue	
284	0826	0128	>	0128	Civic Center Auditorium	7008 South Rice Avenue	
285	0129	0129	ェ	0129	Briargrove Elementary School	6145 San Felipe Street	at Briarmead Dri
286	0130	0130	ェ	0130	To Be Determined		
287	0572	0130	>	0130	To Be Determined		
288	288 0131	0131	ェ	0131	Abiding Faith United Methodist Church	14300 Almeda School Road	at Fellows Road
289	0132	0132	Ξ	0132	Saint Philip Neri Catholic Church	10960 Martin Luther King Boulevard	at Cedarburg Dri
290	2090	0132	>	0132	Saint Philip Neri Catholic Church	10960 Martin Luther King Boulevard	at Cedarburg Dri
291	0133	0133	Ξ	0133	West University Elementary School	3756 University Boulevard	at Edloe Street
792	0135	0135	Τ	0135	River Oaks Recreation Center	3600 Locke Lane	at Timber Lane
293	0177	0135	^	0135	River Oaks Recreation Center	3600 Locke Lane	at Timber Lane
294	0136	0136	Τ	0136	Saint James Episcopal Church	3129 Southmore Boulevard	at the Rail Road ⁻
295	0138	0138	ェ	0138	New Pleasant Grove Baptist Church	3221 Bain Street	at Linn Street
967	0139	0139	ェ	0139	Lamar Senior High School	3325 Westheimer Road	at Eastside Stree
765	0140	0140	Τ	0140	Thompson Elementary School	6121 Tierwester Street	at Griggs Road
23 8	23 8 0228	0140	^	0140	Thompson Elementary School	6121 Tierwester Street	at Griggs Road
299	0143	0143	ェ	0143	Cy Fair College Library at Lone Star	9191 Barker Cypress Road	at West Road
300	0144	0144	エ	0144	To Be Determined		
301	301 0145	0145	エ	0145	To Be Determined		
302	0146	0146	н	0146	Platou Community Center	11655 Chimney Rock Road	at Burdine Street
303	0147	0147	ェ	0147	To Be Determined		
304	0148	0148	ェ	0148	Michael E DeBakey High School for Health Professions	2545 Pressler Street	at West Holcomk
305	0149	0149	ェ	0149	Woodie Coker Andre Elementary School	8111 Fry Road	near Longenbaug
306	0624	0149	^	0149	Woodie Coker Andre Elementary School	8111 Fry Road	near Longenbaug
307	0901	0149	>	0149	Woodie Coker Andre Elementary School	8111 Fry Road	near Longenbaน _ย ์
308	0120	0120	エ	0120	To Be Determined		
309	0371	0150	>	0150	To Be Determined		
310	310 0832	0150	>	0150	To Be Determined		

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311	0152	0152	ェ	0152	Shady Lane Park Community Center	10220 Shady Lane	at Parker Road
312	0153	0153	I	0153	Janowski Elementary School	7500 Bauman Road	at Van Molan Str
313	0155	0155	ェ	0155	Kirk Elementary School	12421 Tanner Road	East of North Eld
314	0156	0156	ェ	0156	Lora B Peck Elementary School	5001 Martin Luther King Boulevard	at Arvilla Lane
315	0157	0157	ェ	0157	Highland Park Recreation Center	3316 De Soto Street	at Balbo Street
316	0158	0158	ェ	0158	Reynolds Elementary School	9601 Rosehaven Drive	at Sunbeam Stre
317	0159	0159	ェ	0159	Bruce Elementary School	510 Jensen Drive	at Grayson Stree
318	0160	0159	>	0159	Bruce Elementary School	510 Jensen Drive	at Grayson Stree
319	319 0866	0159	>	0159	Bruce Elementary School	510 Jensen Drive	at Grayson Stree
320	0924	0159	>	0159	Bruce Elementary School	510 Jensen Drive	at Grayson Stree
321	0965	0159	>	0159	Bruce Elementary School	510 Jensen Drive	at Grayson Stree
322	0161	0161	ェ	0161	Julia C Hester House	2020 Solo Street	at Rawley Street
33	0412	0161	>	0161	Julia C Hester House	2020 Solo Street	at Rawley Street
X 324	9862	0161	>	0161	Julia C Hester House	2020 Solo Street	at Rawley Street
325	3 25 0162	0162	Τ	0162	To Be Determined		
	0925	0162	>	0162	To Be Determined		
327	0163	0163	ェ	0163	First Baptist Church of Jacinto City	10701 Wiggins Street	at Kerbey Street
328	0164	0164	ェ	0164	Clinton Park Community Center	200 Mississippi Street	at Midway Stree
676	0528	0164	>	0164	Clinton Park Community Center	200 Mississippi Street	at Midway Stree
330	0857	0164	>	0164	Clinton Park Community Center	200 Mississippi Street	at Midway Stree
331	0165	0165	ェ	0165	To Be Determined		
332	0166	0166	ェ	0166	Saint Anne de Beaupre Catholic Church	2810 Link Road	at East 29th Stre
333	0993	0166	>	0166	Saint Anne de Beaupre Catholic Church	2810 Link Road	at East 29th Stre
334	0168	0168	ェ	0168	Felix Cook Junior Elementary School	7115 Lockwood Drive	at Bennington St
335	0583	0168	>	0168	Felix Cook Junior Elementary School	7115 Lockwood Drive	at Bennington St
336	0169	0169	ェ	0169	To Be Determined		
337	0110	0170	ェ	0170	To Be Determined		
338	0171	0171	ェ	0171	To Be Determined		
339	0830	0171	>	0171	To Be Determined		
340		0173	ェ	0173	To Be Determined		
341	0174	0174	ェ	0174	University Baptist Church	16106 Middlebrook Drive	at Glenshannon :

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342	0175	0175	Ξ.	0175	To Be Determined		
343	0176	0176	ェ	0176	Lovett Elementary School	8814 South Rice Avenue	at Jason Street
344	0179	0179	ェ	0179	Freed Park Clubhouse	6818 Shadyvilla Lane	at Afton
345	0180	0180	ェ	0180	M E Foster Elementary School	3919 Ward Street	near Scott Street
346	0181	0181	ェ	0181	Pearl Rucker Elementary School	5201 Vinett Street	at Ahrens Street
347	0094	0181	>	0181	Pearl Rucker Elementary School	5201 Vinett Street	at Ahrens Street
348	0183	0183	ェ	0183	West University Community Building and Senior Center 6104 Auden Street	6104 Auden Street	at Rice Boulevard
349	0184	0184	ェ	0184	Independence Hall Apartments Community Room	6 Burress Street	at Airline Drive
350	350 0185	0185	ェ	0185	To Be Determined		
351	0188	0188	ェ	0188	To Be Determined		
352	7770	0188	>	0188	To Be Determined		
353	0189	0189	ェ	0189	Oak Forest Elementary School	1401 West 43rd Street	at Oak Forest Dri
354	0190	0100	I	0100	To Be Determined		
% 252	0394	0110	>	0110	To Be Determined		
356	3 56 0191	0191	ェ	0191	To Be Determined		
G 57	0193	0193	I	0193	To Be Determined		
358	0194	0194	ェ	0194	MacGregor Elementary School	4801 LaBranch Street	at Wentworth St
3 59	0195	0195	ェ	0195	To Be Determined		
095	38 0 0197	0197	ェ	0197	Osborne Elementary School	800 Ringold Street	at Lawn Street
361	2860	0197	>	0197	Osborne Elementary School	800 Ringold Street	at Lawn Street
362	0199	0199	I	0199	To Be Determined		
363	363 0202	0202	I	0207	Wheatley Senior High School	4801 Providence Street	at Finnigan Stree
364	0929	0202	>	0207	Wheatley Senior High School	4801 Providence Street	at Finnigan Stree
365	0204	0204	I	0204	Lazybrook Baptist Church	1822 West 18th Street	near Ella Bouleva
366	0202	0205	ェ	0202	Fonwood Elementary School	9709 Mesa Drive	at Sterlingshire S
367	0700	9070	ェ	0700	Montie Beach Park Community Center	915 Northwood Street	at Coronado Stre
368	0207	0207	ェ	0207	To Be Determined		
369	0210	0210	Τ	0210	Saint Marys Catholic Church	3006 Rosedale Street	at Ennis Street
370	370 0211	0211	Τ	0211	Chavez High School	8501 Howard Drive	
371		0211	>	0211	Chavez High School	8501 Howard Drive	
372	0213	0213	ェ	0213	To Be Determined		

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373	0214	0214	ェ	0214	Cunningham Elementary School	5100 Gulfton Street	near South Rice /
374	0215	0215	Н	0215	Faith American Lutheran Church	4600 Bellaire Boulevard	at White Drive
375	0182	0215	>	0215	Faith American Lutheran Church	4600 Bellaire Boulevard	at White Drive
376	0819	0215	>	0215	Faith American Lutheran Church	4600 Bellaire Boulevard	at White Drive
377	0216	0216	Ξ	0216	Montgomery Elementary School	4000 Simsbrook Drive	at Bathurst Drive
378	0217	0217	ェ	0217	First Cumberland Presbyterian Church	2119 Avalon Place	at Peckham Stre
379	0218	0218	Ξ	0218	J P Henderson Elementary School	1800 Dismuke Street	at Berremore Str
380	0219	0219	ェ	0219	Mount Olive Baptist Church	3515 Yellowstone Boulevard	at Cadillac Street
381	0220	0220	Ξ	0220	L W Kolarik Education Center	1120 Sheldon Road	at Bear Bayou Dr
382	0221	0221	Ξ	0221	Meadowcreek Village Park Community Center	5333 Berry Creek Drive	at Winding Creel
383	0222	0222	Ξ	0222	To Be Determined		
384	384 0224	0224	ェ	0224	Linkwood Park Community Center	3699 Norris Drive	at Ilona Lane
385	0891	0224	^	0224	Linkwood Park Community Center	3699 Norris Drive	at Ilona Lane
988	0974	0224	>	0224	Linkwood Park Community Center	3699 Norris Drive	at Ilona Lane
387	0225	0225	Ξ	0225	To Be Determined		
388	0226	0226	ェ	0226	Ingrando Park Recreation Center	7302 Keller Street	at Kellogg Street
686	0227	0227	т	0227	River Oaks Elementary School	2008 Kirby Drive	at San Felipe Stre
000	0229	0229	т	0229	Jacinto City Town Center Community Center	1025 Oates Road	at Challenger 7
-3 31	6920	0229	^	0229	Jacinto City Town Center Community Center	1025 Oates Road	at Challenger 7
392	0838	0229	>	0229	Jacinto City Town Center Community Center	1025 Oates Road	at Challenger 7
393	9060	0229	>	0229	Jacinto City Town Center Community Center	1025 Oates Road	at Challenger 7
394	394 0935	0229	>	0229	Jacinto City Town Center Community Center	1025 Oates Road	at Challenger 7
395	0230	0530	т	0230	To Be Determined		
396	0574	0230	>	0230	To Be Determined		
397	0231	0231	ェ	0231	Golfcrest Elementary School	7414 Fairway Drive	at Joplin Street
398	0172	0231	>	0231	Golfcrest Elementary School	7414 Fairway Drive	at Joplin Street
399	9920	0231	>	0231	Golfcrest Elementary School	7414 Fairway Drive	at Joplin Street
400	0945	0231	>	0231	Golfcrest Elementary School	7414 Fairway Drive	at Joplin Street
401	0946	0231	>	0231	Golfcrest Elementary School	7414 Fairway Drive	at Joplin Street
402	0232	0232	ェ	0232	Pershing Middle School	3838 Blue Bonnet Boulevard	at Braes Bouleva
403	9260	0232	>	0232	Pershing Middle School	3838 Blue Bonnet Boulevard	at Braes Bouleva

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404	0233	0233	ェ	0233	Girl Scouts of San Jacinto Council	3000 Southwest Freeway	near Wakeforest
405	0234	0234	т	0234	To Be Determined		
406	0235	0235	т	0235	Hartsfield Elementary School	5001 Perry Street	at Milart Street
407	0236	0236	т	0236	Norris Chapel United Methodist Church	7415 Saint Lo Road	at Van Fleet Stre
408	0237	0237	т	0237	Jones Future Academy	7414 Saint Lo Road	at Van Fleet Stre
409	0238	0238	ェ	0238	Kelso Elementary School	5800 Southmund Street	at Crestridge Stre
410	0239	0239	т	0239	Edgewood Park Community Center	5803 Bellfort Street	at Southbank Str
411	0822	0239	>	0239	Edgewood Park Community Center	5803 Bellfort Street	at Southbank Str
412	0240	0240	Ξ	0240	To Be Determined		
413	0242	0242	Τ	0242	To Be Determined		
414	0244	0244	Ξ	0244	Willbern Elementary School	10811 Goodspring Drive	at Legacy Park Di
415	0245	0245	Τ	0245	Kohrville Elementary School	11600 Woodland Shore Drive	at Sandy Woods
446	0246	0246	ェ	0246	To Be Determined		
★ 17	0247	0247	т	0247	Cuney Homes Community Center	3260 Truxillo Street	at Burkett Street
118	0248	0248	Ι	0248	To Be Determined		
610	0249	0249	ェ	0249	To Be Determined		
450	0220	0220	н	0220	JD Walker Community Center	7613 Wade Road	near Jones Road
421	0251	0251	т	0251	Charles R Drew Elementary School	223 Red Oak Avenue	at Penn Street
422	0252	0252	т	0252	Greater New Hope Missionary Baptist Church	10505 Bainbridge Street	at Calgary Lane
423	0253	0253	Ι	0253	To Be Determined		
424	0255	0255	ェ	0255	Red Elementary School	4520 Tonawanda Drive	at Cliffwood Driv
425	425 0256	0256	ェ	0256	William S Sutton Elementary School	7402 Albacore Drive	at Sharpview Dri
426	8860	0256	>	0256	William S Sutton Elementary School	7402 Albacore Drive	at Sharpview Dri
427	0257	0257	ェ	0257	To Be Determined		
428	0258	0258	I	0258	To Be Determined		
429	0259	0259	I	0259	Pleasantville Elementary School	1431 Gellhorn Drive	at Cowart Street
430	0560	0560	ェ	0970	Lafaye Johnson Lee Elementary School	12900 West Little York Road	at McKendree Pa
431	0904	0560	>	0560	Lafaye Johnson Lee Elementary School	12900 West Little York Road	at McKendree Pa
432	0939	0560	>	0560	Lafaye Johnson Lee Elementary School	12900 West Little York Road	at McKendree Pa
433	0261	0261	Ι	0261	American Legion Post No 586	708 East Parker Road	at Guse Street
434	0683	0261	>	0261	American Legion Post No 586	708 East Parker Road	at Guse Street

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435	0795	0261	>	0261	American Legion Post No 586	708 East Parker Road	at Guse Street
436	0914	0261	^	0261	American Legion Post No 586	708 East Parker Road	at Guse Street
437	6860	0261	^	0261	American Legion Post No 586	708 East Parker Road	at Guse Street
438	0262	0262	н	0262	To Be Determined		
439	0263	0263	Ξ	0263	To Be Determined		
440	0264	0264	ェ	0264	To Be Determined		
441	0265	0265	ェ	0265	To Be Determined		
442	0266	0266	ェ	0266	To Be Determined		
443	443 0267	0267	ェ	0267	To Be Determined		
444	0268	0268	Ξ	0268	ChristChurch Presbyterian	5001 Bellaire Boulevard	at 3rd Street
445	0269	0269	Ξ	0269	To Be Determined		
446	446 0270	0270	Ξ	0270	Clifton Middle School	6001 Golden Forest Drive	at Lost Forest Dri
447	0271	0271	н	0271	Cloverland Park Bessie Swindle Community Center	11800 Scott Street	at Hickok Lane
4 48	0273	0273	н	0273	To Be Determined		
49	0275	0275	н	0275	Glenbrook United Methodist Church	8635 Glen Valley Drive	at Wilmerdean S
950	0791	0275	>	0275	Glenbrook United Methodist Church	8635 Glen Valley Drive	at Wilmerdean S
451	0276	0276	н	0276	Bastian Elementary School	5051 Bellfort Street	at Jutland Road
4 52	0277	0277	н	0277	To Be Determined		
4 33	0278	0278	н	0278	Sunset United Methodist Church	709 Allendale Road	at Lillian Street
454	0708	0278	^	0278	Sunset United Methodist Church	709 Allendale Road	at Lillian Street
455	0279	0279	н	0279	Korean First Baptist Church	4209 Red Bluff Road	near Randolph R
456	456 0280	0280	т	0280	To Be Determined		
457	0281	0281	т	0281	Godwin Park Community Center	5101 Rutherglenn Drive	at Balmforth Lan
458	0317	0281	>	0281	Godwin Park Community Center	5101 Rutherglenn Drive	at Balmforth Lan
459	0282	0282	н	0282	Briarmeadow Clubhouse	3203 Freshmeadows Drive	at Richmond Ave
460	0283	0283	ェ	0283	Cooper Elementary School	18655 Imperial Valley Drive	at Chisholm Trail
461	0284	0284	т	0284	Bonham Elementary School	8302 Braes River Drive	at Carew Street
462	0285	0285	ェ	0285	J P Cornelius Elementary School	7475 Westover Street	at Winterhaven [
463	0921	0285	>	0285	J P Cornelius Elementary School	7475 Westover Street	at Winterhaven [
464	0286	0286	т	0286	Windsor Village Community Center	14441 Croquet Lane	at Grapevine Str
465	0287	0287	ェ	0287	Willow Meadows Baptist Church	4300 West Bellfort Street	at Greenwillow S

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466	0947	0287	>	0287	Willow Meadows Baptist Church	4300 West Bellfort Street	at Greenwillow S
467	0948	0287	>	0287	Willow Meadows Baptist Church	4300 West Bellfort Street	at Greenwillow S
468	0949	0287	>	0287	Willow Meadows Baptist Church	4300 West Bellfort Street	at Greenwillow S
469	0288	0288	I	0288	Reagan Webb Mading Elementary School	8511 Crestmont Street	at Reed Road
470	0289	0289	ェ	0289	To Be Determined		
471	0530	0530	ェ	0530	To Be Determined		
472	0292	0292	ェ	0292	Audrey H Lawson Middle School	14000 Stancliff Street	at Simsbrook Dri
473	0293	0293	ェ	0293	Andy Anderson Elementary School	5727 Ludington Drive	at Landsdown Dr
474	474 0294	0294	ェ	0294	To Be Determined		
475	0295	0295	ェ	0295	To Be Determined		
476	9670	0296	ェ	0296	Lansdale Park Community Center	8201 Roos Road	at Waldo Drive
477	0297	0297	ェ	0297	Sharpstown Park Community Center	6600 Harbor Town Drive	at Bellaire Boule
478	0298	0298	Ξ	0298	Waldo Emerson Elementary School	9533 Skyline Drive	at Tanglewilde Si
479	9890	0298	>	0298	Waldo Emerson Elementary School	9533 Skyline Drive	at Tanglewilde Si
780	<mark>28</mark> 0 0299	0299	ェ	0299	To Be Determined		
G 81	0300	0300	ェ	0300	Sampson Elementary School	16002 Coles Crossing Drive North	at Coles Crossing
487	0301	0301	ェ	0301	To Be Determined		
48 3	0302	0302	ェ	0302	Deepwater Junior High School	501 Glenmore Drive	at Portsmouth St
484	0535	0302	>	0302	Deepwater Junior High School	501 Glenmore Drive	at Portsmouth St
485	0303	0303	Ι	0303	To Be Determined		
486	0304	0304	I	0304	Herod Elementary School	5627 Jason Street	at Mullins Drive
487	9080	9080	ェ	9080	CCISD Learner Support Center	2903 Falcon Pass	near Krueger Wa
488	0307	0307	ェ	0307	City of Nassau Bay Council Chamber	1800 Space Park Drive No 200	at Saturn Lane
489	8080	0308	ェ	0308	Courtyard by Marriott Houston Hobby	9190 Gulf Freeway	at Tallyho Road
490	0820	9080	>	0308	Courtyard by Marriott Houston Hobby	9190 Gulf Freeway	at Tallyho Road
491	6080	6080	I	0309	To Be Determined		
492	0310	0310	エ	0310	To Be Determined		
493	0311	0311	ェ	0311	Ed White Elementary School	9001 Triola Lane	at Jorine Drive
494	0312	0312	I	0312	Mark White Elementary School	2515 Old Farm Road	near Woodway 🛭
495	0314	0314	I	0314	Jan Hansen Aragon Middle School	16823 West Road	at Queenston Str
496	0315	0315	ェ	0315	Elrod Elementary School	6230 Dumfries Drive	At Bob White Dri

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497	390	0315	>	0315	Elrod Elementary School	6230 Dumfries Drive	At Bob White Dri
498	0952	0315	>	0315	Elrod Elementary School	6230 Dumfries Drive	At Bob White Dri
499		0316	ェ	0316	Evelyn Rubenstein Jewish Community Center	5601 South Braeswood Boulevard	at Atwell Drive
200	0318	0318	ェ	0318	Hobby Elementary School	4021 Woodmont Drive	at White Heathe
501	0994	0318	>	0318	Hobby Elementary School	4021 Woodmont Drive	at White Heathe
502	0320	0320	ェ	0320	Woodland Lodge No 1157	8337 Sweetwater Lane	at Canino Road
503	0321	0321	ェ	0321	Melrose Park Community Center	1001 Canino Road	at Downey Stree
504	0324	0324	エ	0324	Harper Alternative School	4425 North Shepherd Drive	between 43rd St
202	0073	0324	>	0324	Harper Alternative School	4425 North Shepherd Drive	between 43rd St
206	0325	0325	エ	0325	High School Ahead Academy	5320 Yale Street	at West Donovar
507	0326	0326	ェ	0326	Armandina Farias Early Childhood Center	515 Rittenhouse Street	at Nordling Road
208	2200	0326	>	0326	Armandina Farias Early Childhood Center	515 Rittenhouse Street	at Nordling Road
6	0787	0326	>	0326	Armandina Farias Early Childhood Center	515 Rittenhouse Street	at Nordling Road
× 10	0835	0326	>	0326	Armandina Farias Early Childhood Center	515 Rittenhouse Street	at Nordling Road
911	6060	0326	>	0326	Armandina Farias Early Childhood Center	515 Rittenhouse Street	at Nordling Road
G 12	0010	0326	>	0326	Armandina Farias Early Childhood Center	515 Rittenhouse Street	at Nordling Road
513	0327	0327	I	0327	Wesley Elementary School	800 Dillard Street	at DePriest Stree
5 44	0328	0328	エ	0328	To Be Determined		
915	0329	0329	ェ	0329	W I Stevenson Middle School	9595 Winkler Drive	at Old Galveston
516	0330	0330	ェ	0330	To Be Determined		
517	0331	0331	エ	0331	To Be Determined		
518	0919	0331	>	0331	To Be Determined		
519	0332	0332	ェ	0332	To Be Determined		
520	0333	0333	ェ	0333	Seabrook Intermediate School	2401 East Meyer Road	
521	0334	0334	エ	0334	Ramada Inn	6115 Will Clayton Parkway	at Kenswick Driv
522	0035	0334	>	0334	Ramada Inn	6115 Will Clayton Parkway	at Kenswick Driv
523	0457	0334	>	0334	Ramada Inn	6115 Will Clayton Parkway	at Kenswick Driv
524	0336	0336	ェ	0336	South Early College High School	1930 Airport Boulevard	near South Freev
525	0337	0337	ェ	0337	Fondren Elementary School	12405 Carlsbad Street	at West Orem Dr
526	0338	0338	ェ	0338	Alexander Elementary School	8500 Brookwulf Drive	at Beechnut Stre
527	0339	0339	ェ	0339	Looscan Elementary School	3800 Robertson Street	at Shelby Street

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528		0339	>	0339	Looscan Elementary School	3800 Robertson Street	at Shelby Street
529	0340	0340	エ	0340	Good Shepherd Episcopal Church	2929 Woodland Hills Drive	at Lake Hills Driv
530	0341	0341	ェ	0341	Burbank Middle School	315 Berry Road	at Bauman Road
531	0342	0342	Ξ	0342	To Be Determined		
532	0343	0343	ェ	0343	Houston Federation of Teachers	2704 Sutherland Street	near Carrolton St
533	0203	0343	>	0343	Houston Federation of Teachers	2704 Sutherland Street	near Carrolton St
534	0871	0343	>	0343	Houston Federation of Teachers	2704 Sutherland Street	near Carrolton St
535	0345	0345	ェ	0345	Sylvan Rodriguez Jr Elementary School	5858 Chimney Rock Road	Enter on Glenmo
536	0347	0347	ェ	0347	To Be Determined		
537	0348	0348	ェ	0348	To Be Determined		
538	0320	0320	ェ	0320	The Rice School	7550 Seuss Drive	at North Braeswo
539	0351	0351	ェ	0351	To Be Determined		
0	0352	0352	ェ	0352	San Jacinto College Central Campus Library	8060 Spencer Highway	at Cunningham S
X 41	0353	0353	н	0353	To Be Determined		
942	0354	0354	ェ	0354	To Be Determined		
3 43	0355	0355	ェ	0355	James H Law Elementary School	12401 South Coast Drive	at Orem Drive
344		0326	ェ	0356	Walnut Bend Elementary School	10620 Briar Forest Drive	at Citywest Boul
1 45	0357	0357	ェ	0357	To Be Determined		
-5 46	0358	0358	ェ	0358	To Be Determined		
547	0329	0329	ェ	0329	Betty Roberts Best Elementary School	10000 Centre Parkway	at Sugar Branch I
548	0360	0360	I	0360	To Be Determined		
549	0362	0362	I	0362	Westland Baptist Church	1407 West Grand Parkway South	near Taswell Stre
550	0363	0363	ェ	0363	To Be Determined		
551	0365	0365	ェ	0365	Saint Pius the Tenth High School	811 West Donovan Street	at North Shephe
552	9980	9980	エ	9980	To Be Determined		
553	0367	0367	ェ	0367	B T Washington High School	119 East 39th Street	at Yale Street
554	0192	0367	>	0367	B T Washington High School	119 East 39th Street	at Yale Street
555	0368	0368	ェ	0368	To Be Determined		
556	0741	0368	>	0368	To Be Determined		
557	0370	0370	ェ	0370	Goodson Middle School	17333 Huffmeister Road	at Cypress Fields
558	0372	0372	ェ	0372	Southmeadow Property Owners Clubhouse	12002 Fairmeadow Drive	at Southmeadow

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559	037,	0374	<u> </u> =	0374	Knights of Columbus Hall Council 5077	5309 Oates Road	at Oak Brook Dri
290	0797	0374	>	0374	Knights of Columbus Hall Council 5077	5309 Oates Road	at Oak Brook Dri
561	0816	0374	>	0374	Knights of Columbus Hall Council 5077	5309 Oates Road	at Oak Brook Dri
562	0818	0374	>	0374	Knights of Columbus Hall Council 5077	5309 Oates Road	at Oak Brook Dri
563	0375	0375	ェ	0375	Felix L Baldree Building	13828 Corpus Christi Street	at Freeport Stree
564	0827	0375	>	0375	Felix L Baldree Building	13828 Corpus Christi Street	at Freeport Stree
265	0831	0375	>	0375	Felix L Baldree Building	13828 Corpus Christi Street	at Freeport Stree
266	0954	0375	>	0375	Felix L Baldree Building	13828 Corpus Christi Street	at Freeport Stree
267	9280	0376	ェ	9250	To Be Determined		
268	0377	0377	Ŧ	0377	Bayshore Elementary School	800 McCabe Road	at Highway 146
269	8800	0377	>	0377	Bayshore Elementary School	800 McCabe Road	at Highway 146
570	0378	0378	Ŧ	0378	Forest Bend Civic Building	4300 Laura Leigh Lane	at Townes Road
- - - - - - - - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0379	0379	н	0379	Bellfort Church of Christ	6606 Bellfort Street	at Northdale Stre
X 872	0380	0380	ェ	0380	To Be Determined		
D 73	0381	0381	I	0381	Alice Johnson Junior High School	15500 Proctor Street	at Ashland Boule
Q 74	0872	0381	>	0381	Alice Johnson Junior High School	15500 Proctor Street	at Ashland Boule
375	0383	0383	ェ	0383	Carverdale Park Community Center	9920 Porto Rico Road	at Sweetbay Lan
945	0971	0383	>	0383	Carverdale Park Community Center	9920 Porto Rico Road	at Sweetbay Lan
4	0384	0384	Ŧ	0384	Riceville Mount Olive Baptist Church	11539 South Gessner Road	near McGee Lane
578	0385	0385	I	0385	To Be Determined		
579	9880	9880	I	9880	To Be Determined		
580	0387	0387	I	0387	To Be Determined		
581	0388	0388	ェ	0388	To Be Determined		
582	2960	0388	>	0388	To Be Determined		
583	0391	0391	ェ	0391	To Be Determined		
584	0746	0391	>	0391	To Be Determined		
585	0392	0392	I	0392	To Be Determined		
586	0393	0393	ェ	0393	Clear Lake Church of the Nazarene	14310 Galveston Road	Near Clear Lake
587	0395	0395	ェ	0395	Ashford Elementary School	1815 Shannon Valley Drive	at Whittington D
588	9680	9680	ェ	9680	Scenic Woods Regional Library	10677 Homestead Road	at Little York Roa
589	8680	0398	ェ	8680	To Be Determined		

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590	0399	0399	<u> </u>	0399	Calvary Hills Funeral Home	21723 Aldine Westfield Road	near Bluebird Pa
591	0400	0400	ェ	0400	To Be Determined		
592	0401	0401	I	0401	Lakewood Park Community Center	8811 Feland Street	at East Houston
593	0115	0401	>	0401	Lakewood Park Community Center	8811 Feland Street	at East Houston
594	0402	0402	ェ	0402	Robert L Frost Elementary School	5002 Almeda Genoa Road	at Hendrickson S
595	1010	0402	>	0402	Robert L Frost Elementary School	5002 Almeda Genoa Road	at Hendrickson S
296	0403	0403	ェ	0403	Westbury Baptist Church	10425 Hillcroft Street	at Willowbend B
	0404	0404	I	0404	To Be Determined		
298	0405	0405	ェ	0405	Salyards Middle School	21757 Fairfield Place Drive	at Medley Green
599	0408	0408	ェ	0408	Little York Volunteer Fire Station 81	10410 Airline Drive	at Holtman Stree
009	0820	0408	>	0408	Little York Volunteer Fire Station 81	10410 Airline Drive	at Holtman Stree
601	0409	0409	ェ	0409	To Be Determined		
	8090	0409	>	0409	To Be Determined		
203	0411	0411	ェ	0411	To Be Determined		
	0413	0413	ェ	0413	To Be Determined		
G 05	0414	0414	ェ	0414	To Be Determined		
909	0415	0415	I	0415	To Be Determined		
28 07	0416	0416	ェ	0416	Pipers Meadow Community Center	15920 Pipers View Drive	at El Toro Street
%	0417	0417	ェ	0417	To Be Determined		
609	0418	0418	ェ	0418	Beverly Hills Community Center	10201 Kingspoint Road	at Members Stre
610	0419	0419	I	0419	To Be Determined		
611	0420	0420	I	0420	To Be Determined		
612	0421	0421	I	0421	To Be Determined		
613	8960	0421	>	0421	To Be Determined		
614	0422	0422	ェ	0422	Crestmont Park Community Center	5200 Selinsky Road	at Glenhollow Dr
615	0243	0422	>	0422	Crestmont Park Community Center	5200 Selinsky Road	at Glenhollow Dr
616	6960	0422	>	0422	Crestmont Park Community Center	5200 Selinsky Road	at Glenhollow Dr
617	0423	0423	ェ	0423	To Be Determined		
618	0260	0423	>	0423	To Be Determined		
619	0424	0424	ェ	0424	To Be Determined		
620	0426	0426	I	0426	Sharpstown International School	8330 Triola Lane	at Mary Bates Bo

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621	0427	0427	I	0427	To Be Determined		
622	0428	0428	I	0428	Houston Community College Alief Center	13803 Bissonnet Street	at Keegans Woo
623		0429	ェ	0429	Mildred Rickard Landis Elementary School	10255 Spice Lane	at Course Drive
624	0943	0429	>	0429	Mildred Rickard Landis Elementary School	10255 Spice Lane	at Course Drive
625	1000	0429	>	0429	Mildred Rickard Landis Elementary School	10255 Spice Lane	at Course Drive
626	0430	0430	I	0430	Jane Long Academy Middle School	6501 Bellaire Boulevard	at Rookin Street
627	0335	0430	>	0430	Jane Long Academy Middle School	6501 Bellaire Boulevard	at Rookin Street
628	0431	0431	エ	0431	Burnett Bayland Community Center	6000 Chimney Rock Drive	at Gulfton Street
629	0432	0432	I	0432	Pilgrim Academy	6302 Skyline Drive	at West Greenrid
630	0433	0433	エ	0433	Piney Point Elementary School	8921 Pagewood Lane	at Fondren Road
631	6880	0433	>	0433	Piney Point Elementary School	8921 Pagewood Lane	at Fondren Road
632	0944	0433	>	0433	Piney Point Elementary School	8921 Pagewood Lane	at Fondren Road
F33	0435	0435	ェ	0435	To Be Determined		
% 34	0436	0436	エ	0436	Tanglewood Middle School	5215 San Felipe Street	at Sage Road
9 35	0437	0437	エ	0437	To Be Determined		
Q 36	0438	0438	ェ	0438	To Be Determined		
637	0439	0439	エ	0439	To Be Determined		
888	0440	0440	ェ	0440	To Be Determined		
689	0441	0441	ェ	0441	To Be Determined		
640	0442	0442	ェ	0442	Saint Marys Episcopal Church	15415 North Eldridge Parkway	at Louetta Road
641	0444	0444	エ	0444	To Be Determined		
642	0445	0445	エ	0445	To Be Determined		
643	0447	0447	エ	0447	To Be Determined		
644	0448	0448	ェ	0448	Black Middle School	1575 Chantilly Lane	at West 43rd Str
645	0450	0450	ェ	0450	To Be Determined		
646	0975	0450	>	0450	To Be Determined		
647	0451	0451	エ	0451	To Be Determined		
648	0452	0452	ェ	0452	Zwink Elementary School	22200 Frassati Way Drive	at Spring Stuebn
649		0452	>	0452	To Be Determined		
650	0453	0453	ェ	0453	Westbury Senior High School	11911 Chimney Rock Road	near Dryad Drive
651	0454	0454	ェ	0454	To Be Determined		

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652	045	0455	ᆂ	0455	To Be Determined		
653	0562	0455	>	0455	To Be Determined		
654	0456	0456	Ι	0456	To Be Determined		
655	0461	0461	н	0461	To Be Determined		
929	0462	0462	н	0462	Kate Bell Elementary School	12323 Shaftsbury Drive	at Ravensworth
657	0463	0463	т	0463	To Be Determined		
658	0464	0464	Ξ	0464	Cypressdale Clubhouse	4815 Elmbrook Drive	at Kuykendahl Ro
629	0465	0465	н	0465	Ponderosa Elementary School	17202 Butte Creek Road	at FM 1960 Road
099	660 0466	0466	н	0466	Church of Christ on Bammel Road	2700 Cypress Creek Parkway	at Fritz Oaks Plac
661	0467	0467	н	0467	First New Hope Bible Church	5400 West Mount Houston Road	at Moon Light Fo
662	0961	0467	^	0467	First New Hope Bible Church	5400 West Mount Houston Road	at Moon Light Fo
663	0468	0468	н	0468	Northcliffe Manor Community Center	12026 West Marsham Circle	at Wirksworth Di
66 4	0469	0469	ェ	0469	To Be Determined		
\$965	0470	0470	н	0470	Bonnette Junior High	5010 West Pasadena Boulevard	at Georgia Avent
990	3 66 0471	0471	н	0471	Lomax Junior High School	9801 North Avenue L	at Meadow Lark
G 67	0472	0472	Ι	0472	Residence Garage	2347 Underwood Street	at Kelving Street
999	0473	0473	н	0473	To Be Determined		
6 9 9	0474	0474	Ι	0474	Clear Brook High School	4607 FM 2351	at Hopevillage St
%	0 0 0475	0475	н	0475	To Be Determined		
671	0476	0476	Ι	0476	To Be Determined		
672	0477	0477	н	0477	To Be Determined		
673	0478	0478	т	0478	To Be Determined		
674	0479	0479	т	0479	Lakewood Residents Club	15006 Lakewood Forest Drive	at Lakeview Driv
675	0480	0480	Ι	0480	Barwood Home Owners Clubhouse	13003 Aste Lane	at Chuckson Driv
9/9	0481	0481	н	0481	Millsap Elementary School	12424 Huffmeister Road	at Shaft Street
677	0482	0482	н	0482	Roth Elementary School	21623 Castlemont Lane	at Bridgemont La
829	0484	0484	т	0484	To Be Determined		
629	0485	0485	т	0485	To Be Determined		
089	680 0926	0485	>	0485	To Be Determined		
681	0486	0486	ェ	0486	Lakewood United Methodist Church	11330 Louetta Road	at Jones Road
682	860	0486	>	0486	Lakewood United Methodist Church	11330 Louetta Road	at Jones Road

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000	0 0	7870	<u> </u>	7870	A lief Middle School	2 1 1 COOK BOOK	at Dachwood Ctr
000		7040	= =	040		1+10 COOK 1000	at Dasilwood Str
684	0489	0489	ᄑ	0489	India House	8888 West Bellfort Street	at Westbrae Park
685	0490	0490	I	0490	To Be Determined		
989	0829	0490	>	0490	To Be Determined		
687	6980	0490	>	0490	To Be Determined		
889	9882	0490	^	0490	To Be Determined		
689	9860	0490	>	0490	To Be Determined		
069	0491	0491	ェ	0491	Mandarin Immersion Magnet School	5445 West Alabama Street	at Yorktown Stre
691	0492	0492	ェ	0492	Paul Revere Middle School	10502 Briar Forest Drive	at West Sam Hou
692	0493	0493	ェ	0493	Klenk Elementary School	6111 Bourgeois Road	at W Richey Roa
693	0873	0493	^	0493	Klenk Elementary School	6111 Bourgeois Road	at W Richey Roa
694	0494	0494	Τ	0494	To Be Determined		
695	0495	0495	ェ	0495	Ramona Bang Elementary School	8900 Rio Grande Drive	at Copperdale La
968	0496	0496	ェ	0496	Frazier Elementary School CFISD	8300 Little River Road	at West Road
997	0497	0497	I	0497	To Be Determined		
860	0733	0497	>	0497	To Be Determined		
669	0743	0497	>	0497	To Be Determined		
0 6 ₹	0498	0498	I	0498	Northwest Church of Christ	6720 West Tidwell Road	Near Bingle Road
7 01	0322	0498	>	0498	Northwest Church of Christ	6720 West Tidwell Road	Near Bingle Road
702	0499	0499	I	0499	Grace Presbyterian Church	10221 Ella Lee Lane	at West Sam Hou
703	0200	0200	ェ	0200	Lemm Elementary School	19034 Joan Leigh Drive	at Chisos Trail
704	704 0501	0501	ェ	0501	Mount Sinai Baptist Church Family Life Center	902 West 8th Street	at Herkimer Stre
705	0502	0502	ェ	0502	Old Crosby ISD Administration Building	706 Runneburg Road	at Pecan Street
206	8860	0502	>	0502	Old Crosby ISD Administration Building	706 Runneburg Road	at Pecan Street
707	0503	0503	Ι	0503	French Elementary School	5802 West Rayford Road	at Gosling Road
708	0504	0504	ェ	0504	Country Village Clubhouse	12042 Riverview Drive	at Cedar Pass Dri
709	0202	0505	ェ	0202	Wainwright Elementary School	5330 Milwee Street	at Costa Rica Roa
710	1004	0505	>	0202	Wainwright Elementary School	5330 Milwee Street	at Costa Rica Roa
711	9050	9050	ェ	9050	Fondren Park Community Building	11802 Mclain Boulevard	at Gregory Boule
712		9050	>	9050	Fondren Park Community Building	11802 Mclain Boulevard	at Gregory Boule
713	0507	0207	ェ	0207	Margaret Collins Elementary School	9829 Town Park Drive	at Ranchester Sti

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714	0208	0508	ᆂ	0508	Chancellor Elementary School	4350 Boone Road	at High Star Drive
715	0200	0200	ェ	0200	To Be Determined		
716	0510	0510	I	0510	To Be Determined		
717	0511	0511	т	0511	Woodard Elementary School	17501 Cypress North Houston	at Barker Cypres
718	0512	0512	ェ	0512	To Be Determined		
719	0991	0512	>	0512	To Be Determined		
720	0513	0513	ェ	0513	Huntwick Forest Clubhouse Recreational Facility	5300 Coral Gables Drive	at Glen Erica Driv
721	0514	0514	ェ	0514	Strack Intermediate School	18027 South Kuykendahl Road	at Elmbrook Driv
722	722 0515	0515	ェ	0515	Brill Elementary School	9102 Herts Road	at Champion Driv
723	0516	0516	I	0516	Glorious Way Church	11611 Champion Forest Drive	at West Richey R
724	0517	0517	I	0517	Lieder Elementary School	17003 Kieth Harrow Boulevard	at Cairnvillage St
725	0518	0518	I	0518	Emmott Elementary School	11750 Steepleway Boulevard	at Jones Road
236	0519	0519	I	0519	HCPL Northwest Library	11355 Regency Green Drive	at Jones Road
X 27	0520	0250	I	0520	Eickenroht Elementary School	15252 Grand Point Road	at Ella Boulevard
328	<mark>)</mark> 28 0521	0521	ェ	0521	To Be Determined		
Q 29	0992	0521	>	0521	To Be Determined		
730	0522	0522	I	0522	Saint Peters United Methodist Church	20775 Kingsland Boulevard	at Shillington Dri
78 1	0523	0523	ェ	0523	To Be Determined		
73 2	0771	0523	>	0523	To Be Determined		
733	0524	0524	I	0524	Petrosky Elementary School	6703 Winkleman Road	at La Paloma Stre
734	0525	0525	I	0525	Milne Elementary School	7800 Portal Drive	at Kittybrook Dri
735	735 0526	0526	I	0526	Raul Yzaguirre School for Success Tejano Center Building 2950 Broadway Boulevard	2950 Broadway Boulevard	at Kimble Street
736	0023	0526	>	0526	Raul Yzaguirre School for Success Tejano Center Building 2950 Broadway Boulevard	2950 Broadway Boulevard	at Kimble Street
737	0529	0529	エ	0529	First Baptist Church of Tomball	401 Oxford Street	at Pine Street
738	0230	0230	I	0230	To Be Determined		
739	0531	0531	ェ	0531	To Be Determined		
740	0532	0532	I	0532	To Be Determined		
741	0533	0532	>	0532	To Be Determined		
742	0534	0534	ェ	0534	Parkgate Community Church	3715 Preston Avenue	at Sao Paulo Stre
743	0536	0536	ェ	0536	To Be Determined		
744	0537	0537	ェ	0537	To Be Determined		

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745	053	0539	<u> </u>	0539	To Be Determined		:
746	0540	0540	ェ	0540	Judson Robinson Junior Community Center	2020 Hermann Drive	at Almeda Street
747	0632	0540	>	0540	Judson Robinson Junior Community Center	2020 Hermann Drive	at Almeda Street
748	0830	0540	>	0540	Judson Robinson Junior Community Center	2020 Hermann Drive	at Almeda Street
749	0837	0540	>	0540	Judson Robinson Junior Community Center	2020 Hermann Drive	at Almeda Street
750	0542	0542	ェ	0542	To Be Determined		
751	9660	0542	>	0542	To Be Determined		
752	0543	0543	т	0543	Herrera Elementary School	525 Bennington Street	at Helmers Stree
753	0778	0543	>	0543	Herrera Elementary School	525 Bennington Street	at Helmers Stree
754	0544	0544	т	0544	Ross Elementary School	2819 Bay Street	at Eastex Freewa
755	0167	0544	>	0544	Ross Elementary School	2819 Bay Street	at Eastex Freewa
756	0196	0544	>	0544	Ross Elementary School	2819 Bay Street	at Eastex Freewa
757	0833	0544	>	0544	Ross Elementary School	2819 Bay Street	at Eastex Freewa
2 58	0846	0544	>	0544	Ross Elementary School	2819 Bay Street	at Eastex Freewa
359	0852	0544	>	0544	Ross Elementary School	2819 Bay Street	at Eastex Freewa
060	0917	0544	>	0544	Ross Elementary School	2819 Bay Street	at Eastex Freewa
761	0928	0544	>	0544	Ross Elementary School	2819 Bay Street	at Eastex Freewa
782	8260	0544	>	0544	Ross Elementary School	2819 Bay Street	at Eastex Freewa
763	0546	0546	ェ	0546	To Be Determined		
764	0547	0547	ェ	0547	World Theater	1012 S Mason Road	
765	0548	0548	н	0548	Francone Elementary School	11250 Perry Road	at Windfern Roa
992	766 0549	0549	I	0549	Link Elementary School	2815 Ridge Hollow Drive	at Walters Road
767	0957	0549	>	0549	Link Elementary School	2815 Ridge Hollow Drive	at Walters Road
768	0220	0220	ェ	0220	The Abiding Word Lutheran Church and School	17123 Red Oak Drive	near FM 1960
769	0551	0551	т	0551	Hassler Elementary School	9325 Lochlea Ridge Drive	at Gleannloch La
770	0552	0552	I	0552	To Be Determined		
771	0553	0553	エ	0553	Julia W Kahla Middle School	16212 West Little York Road	east of Queensto
772	0554	0554	ェ	0554	To Be Determined		
773		0554	>	0554	To Be Determined		
774	0555	0555	ェ	0555	To Be Determined		
775	0556	0556	ェ	0556	Cummings Elementary School	10455 South Kirkwood Road	at Grove Glen Dr

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222	25	7577	۱_	0557	Martin Flomontary School	11718 Hondra 200	Ard ollog to
		7000	= :	7000		11/ 18 Helidoll Falle	מר סכווכ רמו ע
777	0558	0558	工	0558	Saint Justin Martyr Catholic Community	13350 Ashford Point Drive	at Eldridge Parkv
778	0950	0260	I	0560	Scroggins Elementary School	400 Boyles Street	at Laredo Street
779	0811	0950	>	0260	Scroggins Elementary School	400 Boyles Street	at Laredo Street
780	0812	0950	>	0990	Scroggins Elementary School	400 Boyles Street	at Laredo Street
781	0561	0561	I	0561	City of La Porte City Hall	604 West Fairmont Parkway	at 6th Street
782	0563	0563	ェ	0563	HC Public Library Kingwood Branch	4400 Bens View Lane	at Bens Branch D
783	0564	0564	ェ	0564	South Union Church of Christ	7427 Ardmore Street	at Holly Hall Stre
784	784 0565	0565	Ι	0565	To Be Determined		
785	9950	9950	Ι	9950	Sneed Elementary School	9855 Pagewood Lane	at Wood Chase D
786	0567	0567	Ι	0567	Vietnamese Community Center	7100 Clarewood Drive	at Southwest Fre
787	8950	0568	Ι	0568	J F Ward Elementary School	1440 Bouldercrest Drive	at Pennhills Stre
288	6950	6950	т	0269	Saint George Place Elementary School	5430 Hidalgo Street	at McCulloch Dri
682	0220	0220	ェ	0220	Pin Oak Middle School	4601 Glenmont Drive	at W Loop S
390	0571	0571	ェ	0571	To Be Determined		
O 91	0573	0573	ェ	0573	Greater New Testament Church	7409 Calhoun Road	at Van Fleet Stre
792	0858	0573	>	0573	Greater New Testament Church	7409 Calhoun Road	at Van Fleet Stre
7 93	0576	0576	ェ	0576	To Be Determined		
73 4	0577	0577	ェ	0577	To Be Determined		
795	1003	0577	>	0577	To Be Determined		
962	0578	0578	I	0578	Candlelight Park Community Center	1520 Candlelight Lane	at Happy Hollow
797	797 0579	0579	I	0579	To Be Determined		
798	0581	0581	I	0581	To Be Determined		
799	0582	0582	ェ	0582	Hobart Taylor Park Community Center	8100 Kenton Street	at Bacher Street
800	0585	0585	I	0585	North Forest High School	10726 Mesa Drive	at Little York Roa
801	9850	9850	I	0586	Anderson Elementary School	6218 Lynngate Drive	at Cypresswood
802	0587	0587	I	0587	To Be Determined		
803	0588	0588	ェ	0588	Winship Elementary School	2175 Spring Creek Drive	at Aldine Westfi
804	0589	0589	ェ	0589	To Be Determined		
802		0290	ェ	0290	To Be Determined		
806	0591	0591	ェ	0591	Westfield Volunteer Fire Station 2	11255 Bentley Street	at Wardmont Str

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807	0592	0592	上	0592	Kaiser Elementary School	13430 Bammel North Houston Road	at South Trace D
808	0593	0593	ェ	0593	Saint Matthews Catholic Church	9915 Hollister Drive	at West Gulf Ban
809	0594	0594	т	0594	To Be Determined		
810	0595	0595	I	0595	To Be Determined		
811	9650	9650	I	9650	Mildred Jenkins Elementary School	4615 Reynaldo Drive	at Banquo Drive
812	0597	0597	т	0597	To Be Determined		
813	0598	0598	Ŧ	0598	Hopper Middle School	7811 Fry Road	at Saint Michaels
814	0299	0299	Ŧ	0299	To Be Determined		
815	0090	0090	Ŧ	0090	Rees Elementary School	16305 Kensley Drive	at Westheimer P
816	0601	0601	ェ	0601	Doerre Intermediate School	18218 Theiss Mail Route Road	at Champion For
817	6090	6090	Ŧ	0903	First Christian Church	22101 Morton Ranch Road	near North Masc
818	0604	0604	I	0604	To Be Determined		
849	9090	9090	ェ	9090	B H Hamblen Elementary School	1019 Dell Dale Street	at Ferness Lane
× 820	9090	9090	I	9090	Key Middle School	4000 Kelley Street	at Hirsch Road
921	0850	9090	>	9090	Key Middle School	4000 Kelley Street	at Hirsch Road
3 22	6090	6090	ェ	6090	Rolling Fork Club	9110 Rodney Ray Boulevard	at Waynemer Wa
823	0610	0610	ェ	0610	To Be Determined		
824	1011	0610	>	0610	To Be Determined		
6 25	0611	0611	ェ	0611	Shadydale Elementary School	5905 Tidwell Road	at Allwood Stree
826	0151	0611	>	0611	To Be Determined		
827	0612	0612	H	0612	To Be Determined		
828	828 0613	0613	I	0613	To Be Determined		
829	0614	0614	I	0614	Beneke Elementary School	3840 Briarchase Drive	at Manor Street
830	0825	0614	>	0614	Beneke Elementary School	3840 Briarchase Drive	at Manor Street
831	0981	0614	>	0614	Beneke Elementary School	3840 Briarchase Drive	at Manor Street
832	0615	0615	I	0615	Wells Middle School Auxiliary Gym	4033 Gladeridge Drive	at Gladebrook St
833	0616	0616	I	0616	Christ Covenant Church	17000 Longenbaugh Drive	at Queenston Bo
834	0617	0617	I	0617	Jowell Elementary School	6355 Greenhouse Road	at Rebel Yell Driv
835		0618	ェ	0618	Morton Ranch High School	21000 Franz Road	at North Westgre
836		0619	ェ	0619	HCPL Maud Smith Marks Branch Library	1815 Westgreen Boulevard	at Highland Knol
837	0620	0620	ェ	0620	Hastings Senior High School	4410 Cook Road	enter on High Sta

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838	0622	0622	ェ	0622	Ronnie Truitt Middle School	6600 Addicks Satsuma Road	at Hamstead Par
839	0623	0623	I	0623	To Be Determined		
840	0625	0625	I	0625	Ashford United Methodist Church	2201 South Dairy Ashford Road	at Piping Rock Dr
841	0627	0627	I	0627	Douglas Smith Elementary School	11300 Stancliff Road	at Leawood Blvd
842	0628	0628	ェ	0628	To Be Determined		
843	0364	0628	>	0628	To Be Determined		
844	0870	0628	>	0628	To Be Determined		
845	0629	0629	ェ	0629	New Light Christian Center	1535 Greensmark Drive	
846	846 0630	0630	ェ	0630	To Be Determined		
847	0633	0633	ェ	0633	Haude Elementary School	3111 Louetta Road	at Haude Road
848	0634	0634	ェ	0634	Twin Creeks Middle School	27100 Cypresswood Drive	at Bradbury Fore
849	0753	0634	>	0634	Twin Creeks Middle School	27100 Cypresswood Drive	at Bradbury Fore
850	0635	0635	ェ	0635	To Be Determined		
\$51	9890	9890	H	9890	To Be Determined		
<u>\$</u> 52	2890	0637	ェ	0637	William Booth Garden Apartments	808 Frawley Street	at Irvington Stre
3 53	6890	6890	I	0639	To Be Determined		
854	0640	0640	H	0640	Cypress Fairbanks Exhibit Center	11206 Telge Road	at Arnold Junior
85 5	0641	0641	ェ	0641	Thomas M Danish Elementary School	11850 Fallbrook Drive	at Village Trail Di
958	83 6 0642	0642	ェ	0642	Owens Elementary School	7939 Jackrabbit Road	at Owens Street
857	0643	0643	I	0643	Tipps Elementary School	5611 Queenston Boulevard	at Brookhollow (
828	0913	0643	>	0643	Tipps Elementary School	5611 Queenston Boulevard	at Brookhollow (
859	859 0644	0644	I	0644	To Be Determined		
860	0645	0645	I	0645	To Be Determined		
861	0646	0646	I	0646	Southeast Community Christian Center	14880 Bellaire Boulevard	
862	0647	0647	I	0647	Mahanay Elementary School	13215 High Star Drive	at Synott Street
863	0648	0648	I	0648	Theiss Elementary School	17510 Theiss Mail Route Road	at Hidden Trail
864	0690	0690	I	0690	Deerfield Village Recreation Center	4045 Deerfield Village Drive	at Heathersage [
865	0651	0651	I	0651	Holmsley Elementary School	7315 Hudson Oaks Drive	at Silver Sky
866	0652	0652	ェ	0652	To Be Determined		
867	9590	9590	ェ	9990	To Be Determined		
898	0584	9590	>	9590	To Be Determined		

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869	0657	0657	Ξ	0657	To Be Determined		
870	0449	0657	>	0657	To Be Determined		
871	0729	0657	>	0657	To Be Determined		
872	0783	0657	>	0657	To Be Determined		
873	0658	0658	ェ	0658	To Be Determined		
874	0990	0990	ェ	0990	To Be Determined		
875	0661	0661	ェ	0661	To Be Determined		
876	0662	0662	ェ	0662	Fairmont Elementary School	4315 Heathfield Drive	at Coldstream St
877	6990	6990	ェ	6990	Waltrip High School	1900 West 34th Street	at Ella Boulevard
878	0927	6990	>	6990	Waltrip High School	1900 West 34th Street	at Ella Boulevard
879	0664	0664	ェ	0664	To Be Determined		
880	9990	9990	ェ	990	Heritage Elementary School	4301 East Boulevard	at Aaron Street
98 1	2990	2990	I	2990	Lowery Elementary School	15950 Ridge Park Drive	at Club Lake Stre
X 882	8990	8990	ェ	8990	Charterwood MUD Administration Activity Building	16444 Cutten Road	at Magnolia Ridg
883	0788	8990	>	8990	Charterwood MUD Administration Activity Building	16444 Cutten Road	at Magnolia Ridg
384	6990	6990	ェ	6990	Church of Christ in Champions	13902 Cutten Road	at Champions Ce
885	0290	0670	I	0670	To Be Determined		
988	0671	0671	ェ	0671	To Be Determined		
2	0672	0672	ェ	0672	Klein Oak High School	22603 Northcrest Drive	at Klein Oak Lane
888	0673	0673	ェ	0673	To Be Determined		
889	0674	0674	ェ	0674	To Be Determined		
890	9290	9290	ェ	9290	To Be Determined		
891	2290	2290	I	2290	To Be Determined		
892	8290	8/90	エ	8290	Clark Primary School	12625 River Laurel Drive	at Rushworth Dri
893	6290	6290	エ	6290	To Be Determined		
894	0682	0682	エ	0682	Rizzuto Elementary School	3201 Farrington Street	at Catlett Street
895	0684	0684	エ	0684	Ulrich Intermediate School	10103 Spring Cypress Road	at Cutten Road
968	8660	0684	>	0684	Ulrich Intermediate School	10103 Spring Cypress Road	at Cutten Road
897	2890	0687	エ	2890	Charles B Cook Middle School	9111 Wheatland Drive	at West Road
868	8890	8890	エ	8890	Saint John Lutheran Church Gym	15235 Spring Cypress Road	at Huffmeister R
899	6890	6890	エ	6890	To Be Determined		

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900	070	6890) >	6890	To Be Determined		:
901	0690	0690	ェ	0690	To Be Determined		
905	0878	0690	>	0690	To Be Determined		
903	0691	0691	ェ	0691	Royce Black Elementary School	14155 Grant Road	at Pawnee Bend
904	0692	0692	I	0692	To Be Determined		
905	0694	0694	I	0694	Aerodrome	8220 Willow Place Drive North	at SH 249
906	2690	9690	т	9690	To Be Determined		
907	9690	9690	т	9690	To Be Determined		
806	2690 806	2690	ェ	2690	To Be Determined		
606	0660	2690	>	2690	To Be Determined		
910	8690	8690	Ι	8690	To Be Determined		
911	6690	6690	ェ	6690	Hope Christian Reformed Church	770 Pineloch Drive	at Village Evergre
P1 2	0200	0020	Ι	0020	First Baptist Church Huffman Youth Center	25259 F M 2100 Road	at Huffman Eastg
% 13	0703	0703	I	0703	Taylor Lake Village Municipal Facility	500 Kirby Boulevard	at Shady Springs
914	0704	0704	ェ	0704	To Be Determined		
G 15	0705	0705	I	0705	To Be Determined		
916	2920	0705	>	0705	To Be Determined		
71/2	0834	0705	>	0705	To Be Determined		
18	9020	9020	ェ	9020	Budewig Intermediate School	12570 Richmond Avenue	at Oxford Place [
919	020	0200	ェ	0200	West Houston Church of Christ	17100 West Road	at Queenston Bo
920	0710	0710	I	0710	Saint Lukes Missionary Baptist Church	714 Detering Street	at Rose Street
921	921 0711	0711	I	0711	Westside High School	14201 Briar Forest Drive	at Highway 6
922	0712	0712	I	0712	Sandra Bales Walker Elementary School	6424 Settlers Village Drive	at Liberty Valley
923	0713	0713	ェ	0713	Homewood Suites by Hilton CyFair	13110 Wortham Center Drive	at US 290
924	0715	0715	I	0715	To Be Determined		
925	0716	0716	ェ	0716	Jennie Reid Elementary School	10001 West Fairmont Parkway	at Underwood St
926	0717	0717	ェ	0717	Lewis Elementary School	3230 Spears Road	at Veterans Men
927	0718	0718	ェ	0718	North Pointe Elementary School	3200 Almond Creek Drive	at Scenic Glade D
928	0719	0719	I	0719	Schochler Elementary School	910 Deerpass Drive	near Cobb Street
929	0720	0720	I	0720	Williamsburg Settlement Clubhouse	1602 Hoyt Lane	at Prince George
930	0721	0721	ェ	0721	Brookwood Elementary School	16850 Middlebrook Drive	at Walnut Pond

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931	0724	0721	>	0721	Brookwood Elementary School	16850 Middlebrook Drive	at Walnut Pond
932	0722	0722	エ	0722	To Be Determined		
933	0723	0723	ェ	0723	Eiland Elementary School	6700 North Klein Circle Drive	at Houston Rossl
934	0829	0723	>	0723	Eiland Elementary School	6700 North Klein Circle Drive	at Houston Rossl
935	0725	0725	ェ	0725	To Be Determined		
936	0726	0726	ェ	0726	Salem Lutheran Church Fellowship Hall	22601 Lutheran Church Road	Salem Luthe
937	0727	0727	ェ	0727	Shadowbriar Elementary School	2650 Shadowbriar Drive	at Westheimer R
938	0230	0230	ェ	0230	To Be Determined		
939	939 0942	0230	>	0220	To Be Determined		
940	0731	0731	ェ	0731	Harris County Annex 57	19818 Franz Road Enter East side of Bldat Old Fry Road	ldat Old Fry Road
941	0732	0732	ェ	0732	To Be Determined		
942	0728	0732	>	0732	To Be Determined		
1 43	0738	0738	I	0738	Holiday Inn Houston Intercontinental	15222 John F Kennedy Boulevard	at North Sam Ho
% 44	0410	0738	>	0738	Holiday Inn Houston Intercontinental	15222 John F Kennedy Boulevard	at North Sam Ho
945	0739	0739	ェ	0739	Coady Baptist Church	5606 Wade Road	at Cedar Bayou L
3 46	0740	0740	I	0740	Church on the Rock	7123 Decker Drive	at Mable Street
947	0742	0742	ェ	0742	Heritage Park Baptist Church	2732 FM 528 Road	at Plymouth Cold
8 4 8	0349	0742	>	0742	Heritage Park Baptist Church	2732 FM 528 Road	at Plymouth Cold
676	9655	0742	>	0742	Heritage Park Baptist Church	2732 FM 528 Road	at Plymouth Cold
950	0845	0742	>	0742	Heritage Park Baptist Church	2732 FM 528 Road	at Plymouth Cold
951	0744	0744	I	0744	Clear Lake Intermediate School	15545 El Camino Real	at El Dorado Bou
952	952 0745	0745	I	0745	Clear Lake City Recreation Center Pavilion	16511 Diana Lane	at Ramada Drive
953	0747	0747	I	0747	Dueitt Middle School	1 Eagle Crossing	at Treaschwig Ro
954	0748	0748	I	0748	Space Center Intermediate School	17400 Saturn Lane	at Hercules Stree
955	0350	0748	>	0748	Space Center Intermediate School	17400 Saturn Lane	at Hercules Stree
926	0751	0751	I	0751	To Be Determined		
957	0752	0752	I	0752	To Be Determined		
958	0754	0754	エ	0754	Bethels Place Community Empowerment Center	12660 Sandpiper Drive	at Fonmeadow S
959	0755	0755	ェ	0755	To Be Determined		
960	0972	0755	>	0755	To Be Determined		
961	0756	0756	ェ	0756	To Be Determined		

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962	1007	0756	>	0756	To Be Determined		
963	0757	0757	エ	0757	Spring ISD Child Nutrition and Training Center	15330 Kuykendahl Road	near Cypress Lan
964	0758	0758	I	0758	To Be Determined		
965	0759	0759	I	0759	Gleason Elementary School	9203 Willowbridge Park Boulevard	at West Road
996	0920	0920	ェ	0920	To Be Determined		
296	0762	0762	ェ	0762	To Be Determined		
896	0763	0763	ェ	0763	To Be Determined		
696	0764	0764	ェ	0764	To Be Determined		
970	0765	0765	ェ	0765	Heflin Elementary School	3303 Synott Road	at Westpark Driv
971	0768	0768	н	0768	To Be Determined		
972	0773	0773	ェ	0773	Liestman Elementary School	7610 Synott Road	at Beechnut Stre
973	9//0	9//0	ェ	9//0	Lake Houston Church of the Nazarene	5616 FM 1960 Road East	at Droitwich Driv
87 4	0781	0781	н	0781	Notre Dame Catholic Church Parish Hall	7720 Boone Road	at Corona Street
2 75	0782	0782	I	0782	Westbrook Intermediate School	302 West El Dorado Boulevard	at Glenwest Driv
3 76	0784	0784	ェ	0784	To Be Determined		
6/1	2000	0784	>	0784	To Be Determined		
978	0785	0785	I	0785	To Be Determined		
646	0786	9820	I	9820	To Be Determined		
086	0789	0789	I	0789	Copperfield Church	8350 Highway 6 North	at West Road
981	0792	0792	ェ	0792	1st Baptist Church North Houston	4422 Lauder Road	at John F Kennec
982	0397	0792	>	0792	1st Baptist Church North Houston	4422 Lauder Road	at John F Kenned
983	0793	0793	т	0793	Cleveland Ripley Neighborhood Center	720 Fairmont Parkway	
984	0794	0794	I	0794	Harvest Time Church Community Center	17770 Imperial Valley Drive	at Harvest Time
985	0101	0794	>	0794	Harvest Time Church Community Center	17770 Imperial Valley Drive	at Harvest Time
986	9620	9620	ェ	9620	To Be Determined		
987	0798	0798	ェ	0798	Garden Villa Park Community Center	6720 South Haywood Drive	at Ashburn Stree
988	0134	0798	>	0798	Garden Villa Park Community Center	6720 South Haywood Drive	at Ashburn Stree
686	0815	0798	>	0798	Garden Villa Park Community Center	6720 South Haywood Drive	at Ashburn Stree
066	0820	0798	>	0798	Garden Villa Park Community Center	6720 South Haywood Drive	at Ashburn Stree
991		0800	ェ	0800	To Be Determined		
992	0803	0803	ェ	0803	Copeland Elementary School	18018 Forest Heights Drive	at Barker Cypres

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993	0804	0804	ᆜᆂ	0804	To Be Determined		:
994	0805	0805	I	0805	Hamilton Elementary School	12050 Old Kluge Road	at Grant Road
995	0602	9805	>	0802	Hamilton Elementary School	12050 Old Kluge Road	at Grant Road
966	9080	9080	ェ	9080	To Be Determined		
997	2080	0807	ェ	0807	Sunset Shadows Apartments Clubhouse	9850 Meadowglen Lane	near Briarpark D
866	0813	0813	I	0813	To Be Determined		
666	0814	0814	ェ	0814	Holmquist Elementary School	15040 Westpark Drive	at Addicks Clodir
1000	1000 0817	0817	ェ	0817	Spillane Middle School	13403 Woods-Spillane Boulevard	at Spring Cypres
1001	1001 0821	0821	ェ	0821	Northshore Friends Church	1013 Maxey Road	at East Freeway
1002	1002 0823	0823	Τ	0823	Matzke Elementary School	10002 Mills Road	at Perry Road
1003	1003 0824	0824	ェ	0824	To Be Determined		
1004	1004 0828	0828	ェ	0828	Hamilton Middle School	12330 Kluge Road	at Grant Road
10 05	0840	0840	Ι	0840	The Light of the World Christian Fellowship	16161 Old Humble Road	at Greens Road
3006	2006 0083	0840	>	0840	The Light of the World Christian Fellowship	16161 Old Humble Road	at Greens Road
1007 0841	0841	0841	I	0841	To Be Determined		
D 0842	0842	0842	ェ	0842	To Be Determined		
1509 0847	0847	0847	ェ	0847	To Be Determined		
10 10	18 10 0799	0847	>	0847	To Be Determined		
4911	10 11 0849	0849	ェ	0849	James DeAnda Elementary School	7980 Almeda Genoa Road	at Ballantine Stre
1012	1012 0801	0849	>	0849	James DeAnda Elementary School	7980 Almeda Genoa Road	at Ballantine Stre
1013	1013 0851	0851	ェ	0851	Dove Meadows HOA Clubhouse	3331 Vandyke Drive	near Meadow Hi
1014	1014 0853	0853	ェ	0853	Kuehnle Elementary School	5510 Winding Ridge Drive	at T C Jester Bou
1015	1015 0854	0854	ェ	0854	Tuffly Park Recreation Center	3200 Russell Street	at Lucille Street
1016	1016 0186	0854	>	0854	Tuffly Park Recreation Center	3200 Russell Street	at Lucille Street
1017	1017 0855	0855	Ι	0855	Nitsch Elementary School	4702 West Mount Houston Road	near W Montgor
1018	1018 0861	0855	>	0855	Nitsch Elementary School	4702 West Mount Houston Road	near W Montgor
1019	1019 0862	0862	Ι	0862	Birkes Elementary School	8500 Queenston Boulevard	at West Road
1020	1020 0864	0864	ェ	0864	To Be Determined		
1021	1021 0959	0864	>	0864	To Be Determined		
1022	1022 0868	8980	I	8980	McDougle Elementary School	10410 Kansack Lane	at Seton Lake Dri
1023	1023 0884	8980	>	8980	McDougle Elementary School	10410 Kansack Lane	at Seton Lake Dri

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1024 097	2260	0868	>	8980	McDougle Elementary School	10410 Kansack Lane	at Seton Lake Dri
1025	1025 0874	0874	н	0874	To Be Determined		
1026	1026 0875	0875	н	0875	Postma Elementary School	18425 West Road	at Greenhouse R
1027	9280	9280	Ξ	9280	Benignus Elementary School	7225 Alvin A Klein Drive	at FM 2920 Road
1028	1028 0877	0877	Ξ	0877	M Robinson Elementary School	4321 Westfield Village Drive	at Clay Road
1029	1029 0880	0880	ェ	0880	Frank Elementary School	9225 Crescent Clover Drive	at Champion For
1030	1030 0881	0881	ェ	0881	McFee Elementary School	19315 Plantation Cove Lane	at Plantation For
1031	1031 0882	0882	ェ	0882	To Be Determined		
1032	1032 0883	0883	Ξ	0883	Carolee Booker Elementary School	22352 Imperial Valley Drive	at Bammel Road
1033	1033 0885	0885	Ξ	0885	To Be Determined		
1034	1034 0888	0888	Ξ	0888	To Be Determined		
1035	1035 0666	0888	>	0888	To Be Determined		
18 36	6260	0888	^	0888	To Be Determined		
4037	2 037 0894	0894	Ξ	0894	Helen Major Elementary School	16855 Sugar Pine Drive	at FM 1960 West
1038	<u> 1</u> 0895	0895	н	0895	Poe Elementary School	5100 Hazard Street	at South Bouleva
ETT	1 039 0040	0895	>	0895	Poe Elementary School	5100 Hazard Street	at South Bouleva
10 40	10 40 0896	0895	>	0895	Poe Elementary School	5100 Hazard Street	at South Bouleva
10 41	18 41 0897	0897	Ι	0897	Northgate Crossing Elementary School	23437 Northgate Crossing Boulevard	at Hardy Toll Roa
4942	10 42 0898	8680	н	8680	To Be Determined		
1043	1043 0899	6680	н	6680	Kingsland Baptist Church	20555 Kingsland Boulevard	at Dominion Driv
1044	1044 0903	0603	н	0603	Canyon Pointe Elementary School	13002 Northpointe Boulevard	at Northpointe N
1045	1045 0916	0916	т	0916	Bernshausen Elementary School	11116 Mahaffey Road	near Crestbrook
1046	1046 0137	0916	>	0916	Bernshausen Elementary School	11116 Mahaffey Road	near Crestbrook
1047	0923	0923	ェ	0923	Pope Elementary School	19019 North Bridgeland Lake Parkway	at Bridge Cove D
1048	1048 0936	9860	н	9860	To Be Determined		
1049	1049 0106	9860	>	9860	To Be Determined		
1050	1050 0241	9860	>	9860	To Be Determined		
1051	1051 0737	9860	>	9860	To Be Determined		
1052	1052 0934	9860	>	9860	To Be Determined		
1053	1053 0955	0955	ェ	0955	Creekside Park Junior High School	8711 Creekside Green Drive	at Kuykendahl Ro
1054	1054 0958	0958	ェ	0958	Saint Paul A M E Church	1554 Gears Road	at Adel Road

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1055	1055 0960	0960	Ξ	0960	Sierra Meadows Apartments	9835 North Sam Houston Parkway East near John Ralsto	thear John Ralsto
1056	1056 0964	0964	ェ	0964	To Be Determined		
1057	0973	0973	ェ	0973	To Be Determined		
1058	9260	9260	I	9260	To Be Determined		
1059	1059 0382	9260	>	9260	To Be Determined		
1060	1060 0963	9260	>	9260	To Be Determined		
1061	960	9260	>	9260	To Be Determined		
1062	1062 0980	0860	т	0860	Wortham Village Clubhouse	10911 Wortham Boulevard	at Walnut Lake R
1063	1063 0982	0982	ェ	0982	Wildwood Elementary School	13802 Northpointe Boulevard	at Shaw Road
1064	0984	0984	ェ	0984	To Be Determined		
1065	0488	0984	>	0984	To Be Determined		
1066	1066 0997	2660	ェ	2660	To Be Determined		
1967	1001	1001	Ŧ	1001	Youngblood Intermediate School	8410 Dairy View Lane	at Beechnut Stre
3 068	2008 1002	1002	I	1002	Judy Bush Elementary School	9730 Stroud Drive	at Corporate Stre
1069	<u> 10</u> 69 0425	1002	>	1002	Judy Bush Elementary School	9730 Stroud Drive	at Corporate Str€
3 70	1006	1006	ェ	1006	To Be Determined		
1071	6280	1006	>	1006	To Be Determined		
18 72	1009	1006	>	1006	To Be Determined		
4973	10 73 1012	1012	I	1012	To Be Determined		
1074	1074 NewDTV	DTV131K	ェ	DTV131K	Kingdom Builders Center	6011 West Orem Drive	
1075	NewDTV	DTV134W H	Н	DTV134W	DTV134W HCC West Loop South	5601 West Loop South	
1076	1076 NewDTV	DTV139F	ェ	DTV139F	Fallbrook Church	12512 Walters Road	
1077	NewDTV	DTV141U	エ	DTV141U	DTV141U Humble Civic Center	8233 Will Clayton Pkwy	
1078	NewDTV	DTV142H	エ	DTV142H	DTV142H Houston Food Bank	535 Portwall St	
1079	NewDTV	DTV145C	ェ	DTV145C	HCC Southeast College Building C Parking Garage	6960 Rustic Street	at Garland Drive
1080	1080 NewDTV	DTV146N	т	DTV146N	DTV146N NRG Center	1 NRG Pkwy	
1081	NewDTV	DTV147C	ェ	DTV147C	Toyota Center	1510 Polk St	
1082	NewDTV	DTV148Z	エ	DTV148Z	Resurrection Metropolitan Community Church	2025 West 11th Street	near T C Jester B
1083	NewDTV	DTV149H	エ	DTV149H	DTV149H HCC Alief Center	13803 Bissonnet St	
1084	1084 New ED	New ED	ェ	New ED	A Community of the Servant Savior Presbyterian Church 11303 Hughes Road	11303 Hughes Road	
1085	1085 New ED	New ED	ェ	New ED	First Methodist Houston	1320 Main Street	

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1086	1086 New FD	New FD	<u> </u>	New FD	Greater Saint Matthew Church Southeast Campus	7701 liitland	<u> </u>
1087	1087 New ED	New ED	<u> </u>	New ED	Greater Saint Matthew Church Southwest Campus	14919 South Main	
1088	1088 New ED	New ED	ェ	New ED	Donald C Matter Municipal Building	1800 Space Park Drive, Ste 200	
1089	New ED	New ED	ェ	New ED	Faithbridge Church	18000 Stuebner Airline Drive	
1090	1090 New ED	New ED	I	New ED	First United Methodist Church, Pasadena	1062 Fairmont Parkway	
1091	1091 New ED	New ED	I	New ED	Guadalupe Columbus Club	5309 Oates Road	
1092	New ED	New ED	ェ	New ED	Lake Houston Untied Methodist Church	23606 FM 2100 Road	
1093	1093 New ED	New ED	I	New ED	Loving Word Fellowship	170 Rittenhouse Street	
1094	1094 New ED	New ED	I	New ED	MultiCultural Center	951 Tristar Drive	
1095	1095 New ED	New ED	I	New ED	Ashford Communities	6718 De Moss Drive	
1096	1096 New ED	New ED	I	New ED	To Be Determined		
1097	1097 SRD001C	SRD001C	т	SRD001C	County Attorney Conference Center	1019 Congress Avenue	
19 98 0631	0631	SRD126C	I	SRD126C	HCPL Barbar	6817 Cypresswood Drive	at Castletown Pa
4099	2099 SRD126P	SRD126P	I	SRD126P	Prairie View A&M University Northwest	9449 Grant Road	
1 100	SRD127A	100 SRD127A SRD127A	I	SRD127A	Atascocita B	19520 Pinehurst Trail Drive	
D 101	6290	SRD127H	I	SRD127H	SRD127H Lake Houston Church of Christ	8003 Farmingham Road	at FM 1960 East
1102	1102 SRD127J	SRD127J	ェ	SRD127J	Journey of Faith UMC	130 Atascocita Road	
11 03	SRD127V	43 SRD127V SRD127V	I	SRD127V	Victory Houston	809 West Road	
11 04 0459	0459	SRD127Y	I	SRD127Y	Kingwood Community Center	4102 Rustic Woods Drive	at West Lake Ho
1105	1105 SRD128F	SRD128F	ェ	SRD128F	La Porte Recreation and Fitness Center	1322 South Broadway	
1106	1106 SRD128J	SRD128J	I	SRD128J	San Jacinto Community Center	604 Highland Woods Dr	
1107	1107 SRD128L	SRD128L	I	SRD128L	Crosby Community Center	409 Hare Road	
1108	1108 SRD128P	SRD128P	I	SRD128P	East Harris County Activity Center	7340 Spencer Highway	
1109	SRD129	SRD129	I	SRD129	Freeman Branch Library	16616 Diana Lane	
1110 0654	0654	SRD129E	ェ	SRD129E	El Franco Lee Community Center	9500 Hall Road	at Kingspoint Ro
1111 0653	0653	SRD129E	^	SRD129E	El Franco Lee Community Center	9500 Hall Road	at Kingspoint Ro
1112 0774	0774	SRD129E	^	SRD129E	El Franco Lee Community Center	9500 Hall Road	at Kingspoint Ro
1113 0843	0843	SRD129E	>	SRD129E	El Franco Lee Community Center	9500 Hall Road	at Kingspoint Ro
1114	1114 SRD129I	SRD1291	ェ	SRD1291	Clear Lake Islamic Center	17511 El Camino Real	
1115	1115 SRD129P	SRD129P	I	SRD129P	Pipers Meadow Community Center	15920 Pipers View Dr	
1116 0545	0545	SRD129S	ェ	SRD129S	Harris County Scarsdale Annex	10851 Scarsdale Boulevard	

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1117	9660	SRD129S) >	SRD129S	Harris County Scarsdale Annex	10851 Scarsdale Boulevard	4
1118	1118 0941	SRD129U	ェ	SRD129U	-	2700 Bay Area Boulevard	
1119	1119 SRD129X SRD129X	SRD129X	ェ	SRD129X	To Be Determined		
1120	1120 0734	SRD130C	ェ	SRD130C	Juergens Hall Community Center	26026 Hempstead Highway	near Spring Cypr
1121	1121 SRD130S	SRD130S	ェ	SRD130S	Saint John Lutheran Church and School	15235 Spring Cypress Road	
1122	1122 SRD130T SRD130T	SRD130T	ェ	SRD130T	Tomball Public Works Building	501B James Street	
1123	1123 0319	SRD131	ェ	SRD131	Hiram Clarke Multi Service Center	3810 West Fuqua Street	near Buffalo Spe
1124	1124 0649	SRD1311	I	SRD1311	To Be Determined		
1125	1125 SRD131K	SRD131K	ェ	SRD131K	Kingdom Builders Center	6011 West Orem Drive	
1126	1126 0458	SRD131P	ェ	SRD131P	The Power Center	12401 South Post Oak Road	at South Main St
1127	SRD131R	SRD131R	ェ	SRD131R	Raindrop Turkish House	9301 West Bellfort Boulevard	
1128	1128 SRD132A SRD132A	SRD132A	ェ	SRD132A	Lakeland Activity Center	16919 North Bridgeland Lake Parkway	
1129	SRD132H	SRD132H	ェ	SRD132H	Morton Ranch High School	21000 Franz Road	
4130	4130 0772 SRD132J	SRD132J	ェ	SRD132J	James E Taylor High School	20700 Kingsland Boulevard	at Dominion Driv
131	1 31 0119	SRD132K	ェ	SRD132K	Katy Branch Harris County Public Library	5414 Franz Road	near Drexel Stre
DI 32	J 32 0305	SRD132L	н	SRD132L	Lone Star College Cypress Center	19710 Clay Road	near North Fry R
1133	<u>rr</u> 33 0951	SRD132L	>	SRD132L	Lone Star College Cypress Center	19710 Clay Road	near North Fry R
1134	11 34 SRD132X	SRD132X	ェ	SRD132X			
435	11 35 0483	SRD133	н	SRD133	Nottingham Park Building	926 Country Place Drive	at Kimberley Driv
1136	1136 0626	SRD133C	ェ	SRD133C	To Be Determined		
1137	1137 0272	SRD133U	I	SRD133U	Unity of Houston Annex	2819 Hillcroft Street	at Hillcroft Stree
1138	1138 SRD133X SRD133X	SRD133X	ェ	SRD133X	To Be Determined		
1139	1139 SRD133Z	SRD133Z	н	SRD133Z	First Congregational Church	10840 Beinhorn Road	
1140	1140 0274	SRD134C	I	SRD134C	Crowne Plaza Houston Galleria	7611 Katy Freeway	at Silber Road
1141	1141 0434	SRD134G	I	SRD134G	Hampton Inn Galleria	4500 Post Oak Parkway	at West Loop
1142	1142 0178	SRD134G	>	SRD134G	Hampton Inn Galleria	4500 Post Oak Parkway	at West Loop
1143	SRD1341	SRD1341	エ	SRD1341	Hampton Inn & Suites Houston I-10/Central	5820 Katy Freeway	
1144	1144 0200	SRD134M	I	SRD134M	SRD134M Metropolitan MultiService Center	1475 West Gray Street	at Metropolitan
1145	1145 0361	SRD134R	エ	SRD134R	SRD134R Reckling Park - Rice University Athletics	2050 University	
1146	SRD134W	1146 SRD134W SRD134W	I	SRD134W	SRD134W HCC West Loop South	5601 West Loop South	
1147	1147 0074	SRD135	ェ	SRD135	City Jersey Village Municipal Government Center	16327 Lakeview Drive	near Acapulco Di

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1148	1148 0790	SRD135W	ΙΞ	SRD135W	Richard and Meg Weekley Community Center	8440 Greenhouse Road	near Longenbaug
1149	1149 0008	SRD137B	ェ	SRD137B	Bayland Park	6400 Bissonnet Street	near Hillcroft
1150	1150 0559	SRD137C	ェ	SRD137C	Comfort Suites Westchase	2830 Wilcrest Drive	at Meadowglen I
1151	SRD137T	SRD137T	I	SRD137T	Tracy Gee Community Center	3599 Westcenter Drive	
1152	1152 SRD138I	SRD1381	ェ	SRD138I	ISGH Bear Creek Community Center	17250 Coventry Park Drive	
1153	1153 0407	SRD138J	I	SRD138J	John Knox Presbyterian Church	2525 Gessner Road	at Brigade Street
1154	1154 0621	SRD138K	I	SRD138K	Katherine Tyra Branch Library	16719 Clay Road	at Kinloch Drive
1155	1155 0707	SRD138S	н	SRD138S	Trini Mendenhall Community Center	1414 Wirt Road	at Shadyvilla Lan
1156	1156 0443	SRD138S	>	SRD138S	Trini Mendenhall Community Center	1414 Wirt Road	at Shadyvilla Lan
1157	1157 0761	SRD138S	^	SRD138S	Trini Mendenhall Community Center	1414 Wirt Road	at Shadyvilla Lan
1158	1158 0120	SRD138Z	ェ	SRD138Z	Encourager Church	10950 Katy Freeway	near Brittmore R
1159	1159 SRD139A	SRD139A	ェ	SRD139A	Acres Homes Multi Service Center	6719 West Montgomery Road	
11 60	1460 SRD139F	SRD139F	I	SRD139F	Fallbrook Church	12512 Walters Road	
X 161	× 161 0848	SRD139V	I	SRD139V	Lone Star College Victory Center	4141 Victory Drive	at Vogel Road
1162	D 62 0779	SRD140	I	SRD140	Hardy Street Senior Citizens Center	11901 West Hardy Road	at Canino Road
D I63	D 63 0714	SRD140	>	SRD140	Hardy Street Senior Citizens Center	11901 West Hardy Road	at Canino Road
1164	11.64 SRD140B	SRD140B	I	SRD140B	BakerRipley East Aldine Campus	3000 Aldine Mail Route Road	
11 65	11 65 0254	SRD140X	I	SRD140X	Anclamars W Reception Hall B	10330 Eastex Fwy	
4466	12 66 0212	SRD140X	^	SRD140X	SRD140X Anclamars W Reception Hall	10330 Eastex Freeway	south of Lakewo
1167	1167 0937	SRD140X	>	SRD140X	Anclamars W Reception Hall	10330 Eastex Freeway	south of Lakewo
1168	1168 SRD141B	SRD141B	I	SRD141B	Bammel Church of Christ - Kaleo Building	2700 Cypress Creek Parkway	
1169	1169 SRD141C SRD141C	SRD141C	I	SRD141C	SRD141C Northeast Multi Service Center	9720 Spaulding Street	
1170	SRD141G	1170 SRD141G SRD141G	I	SRD141G	Green House International Church	200 West Greens Road	
1171	1171 SRD1411	SRD1411	I	SRD1411	Holiday Inn Houston Intercontinental Airport Hotel	15222 John F Kennedy Boulevard	
1172	1172 SRD141L	SRD141L	ェ	SRD141L	Lone Star College North Harris	2700 WW Thorne Drive	
1173	SRD141N	1173 SRD141N SRD141N	ェ	SRD141N	SRD141N HCC North Forest Campus	6010 Little York Road	
1174	1174 0108	SRD141U	I	SRD141U	Humble Civic Center	8233 Will Clayton Pkwy	
1175	1175 0911	SRD141U	>	SRD141U	Humble Civic Center	8233 Will Clayton Pkwy	
1176	1176 0045	SRD142C	エ	SRD142C	SRD142C C E King Middle School	8530 C E King Parkway	
1177	1177 0344	SRD142G	ェ	SRD142G	Greater Emmanuel Family Worship Center	3915 Kelley Street	at Sayers Street
1178	SRD142H	1178 SRD142H SRD142H	ェ	SRD142H	SRD142H Houston Food Bank	535 Portwall St	

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1179 0042	0042	SRD142K	I	SRD142K	Kashmere MultiService Center	4802 Lockwood Drive	at Rand Road
1180 0373	0373	SRD142K	>	SRD142K	Kashmere MultiService Center	4802 Lockwood Drive	at Rand Road
1181 0406	0406	SRD142K	>	SRD142K	Kashmere MultiService Center	4802 Lockwood Drive	at Rand Road
1182	SRD142T	SRD142T	ェ	SRD142T	Tuffley Park Community Center	3200 Russell Street	
1183 0460	0460	SRD142W	H/	SRD142W	SRD142W North Channel Branch Library	15741 Wallisville Road	at Carpenters Lai
1184 0141	0141	SRD142Z	ェ	SRD142Z	Martin Flukinger Community Center	16003 Lorenzo Street	
1185 0208	0208	SRD143G	Ξ	SRD143G	Alvin D Baggett Community Center	1302 Keene Street	
1186 0081	0081	SRD143G	>	SRD143G		1302 Keene Street	
1187 0860	0980	SRD143G	>	SRD143G	Alvin D Baggett Community Center	1302 Keene Street	
1188 0010	0010	SRD143R	Ξ	SRD143R	Neighborhood Centers Inc Ripley House Campus	4410 Navigation Boulevard	at North Jenkins
1189 0102	0102	SRD144	Ξ	SRD144	Lee College	200 Lee Drive	
1190 0527	0527	SRD144J	Ξ	SRD144J	John Phelps Courthouse	101 South Richey Street	
110 0154	0154	SRD145C	Ξ	SRD145C	HCC Southeast College Building C Parking Garage	6960 Rustic Street	at Garland Drive
192 0541	0541	SRD146F	Ι	SRD146F	Crowne Plaza Houston NRG	8686 Kirby Drive	
1193	SRD146N	DI93 SRD146N SRD146N	ェ	SRD146N	NRG Center	1 NRG Pkwy	
DI 94	SRD146S	J 194 SRD146S SRD146S	Τ	SRD146S	Sunnyside Multi Service Center	9314 Cullen Boulevard	
1195	11-95 SRD146Y	SRD146Y	Τ	SRD146Y	J J Roberson Family Life Center	4810 Redbud	
11 96 0223	0223	SRD146Z	т	SRD146Z	Holiday Inn Houston NRG/Med Center	8111 Kirby Dr	at LaConcha Lan€
<u> 767</u>	12 97 SRD147B	SRD147B	ェ	SRD147B	Beverly Hills Community Center	9800 Kingspoint Road	
1198 0016	0016	SRD147C	ェ	SRD147C	Toyota Center	1510 Polk St	
1199 0037	0037	SRD147E	ェ	SRD147E	West End Multi Service Center	170 Heights Boulevard	
1200 0390	0380	SRD147S	I	SRD147S	Wheeler Avenue Baptist Church	3826 Wheeler Ave	
1201 New	New	SRD147S	I	SRD147S	University of Saint Thomas	3800 Montrose Boulevard	
1202	SRD147T	SRD147T	ェ	SRD147T	Texas Southern University	3100 Cleburne Street	
1203 0389	0389	SRD147U	Τ	SRD147U	University of Houston	4800 Calhoun Road	
1204 0538	0538	SRD147Y	Τ	SRD147Y	Alice McKean Young Neighborhood Library	5107 Griggs Road	near Martin Luth
1205	1205 SRD147Z	SRD147Z	I	SRD147Z	Shrine of The Black Madonna Cultural and Event Center	5309 Martin Luther King Boulevard	
1206 0086	9800	SRD148B	ェ	SRD148B	Sheraton Houston Brookhollow Hotel	3000 North Loop West Freeway	at Directors Row
1207 0323	0323	SRD148B	>	SRD148B	Sheraton Houston Brookhollow Hotel	3000 North Loop West Freeway	at Directors Row
1208	1208 SRD148C	SRD148C	Ι	SRD148C	Saint Charles Borromeo Church	501 Tidwell Rd	
1209 0966	9960	SRD148H	ェ	SRD148H	The Grand Tuscany Hotel	12801 Northwest Freeway	at Northwest Fre

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1210	1210 SRD148M SRD148M H	SRD148M	I	SRD148M	SRD148M Moody Park Community Center	3725 Fulton Street	
1211	1211 0054	SRD148S H	ェ	SRD148S	SRD148S SPJST Lodge Num 88	1435 Beall Street	at 15th Street
1212	1212 0902	SRD148Z H	ェ	SRD148Z	SRD1482 Resurrection Metropolitan Community Church	2025 West 11th Street	near T C Jester B
1213	1213 SRD149H SRD149H Н	SRD149H	ェ	SRD149H	SRD149H HCC Alief Center	13803 Bissonnet St	
1214	1214 SRD1491 SRD1491 H	SRD1491	ェ	SRD1491	SRD149I Mission Bend Islamic Center	6233 Tres Lagunas	
1215	1215 SRD149X SRD149X H	SRD149X	ェ	SRD149X	SRD149X To Be Determined		
1216	1216 SRD150B SRD150B H	SRD150B	ェ	SRD150B	SRD150B To Be Determined		
1217	1217 0575	SRD150K H		SRD150K	SRD150K Klein Multipurpose Center	7500 FM 2920	west of Alvin A K
1218	1218 SRD150L SRD150L H	SRD150L	ェ	SRD150L	SRD150L Lone Star College Creekside	8747 West New Harmony Trail	
1219	1219 SRD150R SRD150R H	SRD150R		SRD150R	SRD150R Spring First Church	1851 Spring Cypress Road	
1220	1220 SRD150X SRD150X H	SRD150X	ェ	SRD150X	SRD150X Hosanna Lutheran Church	16526 Ella Blvd	
1221	*Polling Lo	ocations m	ay ch	ıange up un	1221 *Polling Locations may change up until Election Day		

Exhibit 10

Z												ated In	0332							0016			0880	0631	0694	0351	0659	0388	0595	0459
>												Unavailable Note ate								0			0	HCPL Barbara Bush Branch too smal	0	0	0	0	0	0
×												23	, 1	. 3	1	1 4	1	5 2	, 1	. 1	. 4	3	. 1	4	1 4	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 4	1 4
≥												E JP	4 7	6 1	4 4	8 4	4 2	4 6	4 7	4 1	6 1	9	4 1	6 4	6 4	8 4	8 4	8 4	8 4	8 4
>												SBOE																		
Ω												St Rep	131	134	139	141	142	145	146	147	134	149	145	126	126	127	127	127	127	127
⊢												St Sen	13	17	15	15	15	9	13	13	15	17	13	7	7	4	4	15	7	4
S												US Rep	6	7	18	2	18	29 (6	18	2	6	18	2	2	2	2	2	18	2
æ												EV Site	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV
ď												Zip		77081	77014	77338	77029	77087	77054	77002	77008-632dEV	77083	77002	77379-7709EV	77070	77346	77346-2249EV	77396	77038	77345-135dEV
Ь												City	Houston	Houston	Houston	Humble	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Spring	Houston	Humble	Humble	Humble	Houston	Kingwood
0												EV Voting Room						Learning Hub					Conference Roon Conference Roo Houston	Elliot Room	Room 107	Meeting Room	Fellowship Hall Humble	Journey Room	Large Worship A	Auditorium
Σ												ED Voting Room EV Voting Room						Learning Hub			oulevard		Conference Roon	Elliot Room	Room 107	Meeting Room	Fellowship Hall	Journey Room	Large Worship Ar Large Worship AHouston	Auditorium
	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	112	ŽÎ:	Į.) 1 5	16	1	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

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31	Senior Center	Senior Center	La Porte	77571	EV	36	11	128	∞	∞	2		0561
32	Assembly Room	Assembly Room Highlands	Highlands	77562	EV	36	15	128	8	3	2		0063
33	Large Assembly FLarge Assembly Crosby	Large Assembly	Crosby	77532	EV	36	4	128	8	3	2)	0502
34	Big Room	Big Room	Pasadena	77505	EV	36	11	128	8	8	2)	0352
35	Meeting Room	Meeting Room	Houston	77062	EV	36	11	129	8	8	2)	0941
36	Auditorium	Auditorium	Houston	77089	EV	22	11	129	8	2	1)	0654
37	Community Hall	Community Hall Houston	Houston	77058	EV	36	11	129	∞	∞	2		0748
38			Webster	77598	EV	22	11	129	8	8	2	0	0416
39	Room D-110	Room D-110	Houston	77089	EV	22	9	129	8	2	1)	0545
40	Garden Room	Garden Room	Houston	77058	EV	36	11	129	8	8	2 Freeman Branch Library is small wit		0941
41					EV	22	11	129	8	2	1 Calvary Church Houston Friendswoc		0474
42	Dance Hall		Cypress	77429-7321	EV	10	7	130	9	4	3)	0734
43	Gym	Gym	Cypress	77429	EV	10	7	130	9	4	3)	0300
X	Training Room	Training Room	Tomball	77375	EV	10	7	130	9	4	4)	0127
H 2	Auditorium	Auditorium	Houston	77045-6402EV	EV	6	13	131	4	7	1)	0319
b					EV	6	17	131	4	2	1)	0649
L #	Great Room	Great Room	Houston		EV	6	13	131	4	7	1)	0332
%	Green Room	Green Room	Houston	77045-2020	EV	6	13	131	4	7	1)	0458
O [®]	Ballroom	Ballroom	Houston	77031	EV	6	13	131	4	7	1)	0462
20	Sandpiper Room Sandpiper Roon Cypress	Sandpiper Roon	Cypress	77433	EV	10	18	132	8	2	3 Berry Center and LSC CyFair unavail		0149
51	Performing Arts (Performing Arts Katy	Katy	77449	EV	10	18	132	8	2	3	0119, (0639
52	Auditorium Lobb Auditorium Lob Katy	Auditorium Lob	Katy	77450-2709EV	EV	10	17	132	9	2	3)	0772
53	Meeting Room	Meeting Room Katy	Katy	77493-1717EV	EV	10	18	132	8	2	3)	0119
54	CY 106 and 107	CY 106 and 107	Katy	77449	EV	7	7	132	8	2	3)	0305
22					EV	10	7	132	8	2	3)	0511
26	Meeting Room	Meeting Room	Houston	77079	EV	7	17	133	9	2	3)	0483
57					EV	7	17	133	9	2	3)	0626
28	Annex	Annex	Houston	77057	EV	7	17	133	9	2	3		0129
29					EV	7	17	133	9	2	3 Tried Econolodge West Energy Corri		0645
09	Assembly Room	Assembly Room Houston	Houston	3098	EV	7	7	133	9	2	3		0213
61	Laurel Ballroom	Laurel Ballroom Houston	Houston	77024-2001EV	EV	2	17	134	9	2	3	_	0730

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ıση	Uptown Room	Uptown Room	Houston	77027-3419	EV	7	17	134	9	1	4		0434
Ba	you City Ballro	Bayou City Ballro Bayou City Ballr Houston	Houston	70077	EV	2	15	134	9	1	4		0071
Σ	MMSLAR23(g)	(gyMMSL AR 2 3 (g	3 (g Houston	77019-4926EV	EV	2	15	134	9	1	1		0200
			Houston		EV		2	13	134	9	1		0361
⋖	Auditorium	Auditorium	Houston	77081	EV	7	17	134	9	1	3		0570
\Box	ivic Center in M	Civic Center in M Civic Center in N Houston	Houston	77040-2029EV	EV	7	7	135	9	4	4		0074
α	Room 300	Room 300	Cypress	77433-5135EV	EV	7	7	135	8	2	3		0620
⋖	Auditorium	Auditorium	Houston	77074	EV	7	13	137	9	2	3		0256
≥	Meeting Room	Meeting Room	Houston	77042-3340 EV	EV	6	13	137	9	2	3	Tried Comfort Suites Wetschase, but	0559
⋖	Auditorium	Auditorium	Houston	77042	EV	6	13	137	9	2	3		0566
\circ	ommunity Cent	Community Cent Community Cen Houston	Houston	77084	EV	7	7	138	9	2	4		0882
ш	ducation Buildir	Education Buildir Education Build Houston	Houston	77080	EV	2	15	138	9	2	3		0407
_	Meeting Room	Meeting Room	Houston	77084	EV	7	7	138	9	2	3		0650
⋖	Auditorium	Auditorium	Houston	77055-4917	EV	2	15	138	9	1	3		0707
9	Gym	Gym	Houston	77043	EV	2	7	138	9	2	3		0120
⋖	Auditorium	Auditorium	Houston	77091	EV	18	15	139	7	1	1		0327
В	Brooks Sports Gy	Brooks Sports G Houston	Houston	77014	EV	18	15	139	7	4	1		0990
8	Room 102	Room 102	Houston	77088	EV	18	15	139	7	1	1		0848
⋖	Auditorium	Auditorium	Houston	77076-1220	EV	29	9	140	7	1	1		0321
Θ	Ballroom	Ballroom	Houston	77039	EV	29	9	140	4	1	2		0411
エ	Hall B	Hall B	Houston	77093	EV	29	9	140	4	3	2		0254
\sim	Kaleo Building	Kaleo Building			EV	18	15	141	7	4	1		0657
⋖	Auditorium	Auditorium	Houston	77016	EV	18	13	141	7	3	1		0611
\circ	Church	Church	Houston	79077	EV	18	9	141	7	4	4		0358
I =	Trinity Ballroom	Trinity Ballroom Houston	Houston		EV	18	15	141	7	4	1		0283
>	YMCA Building	YMCA Building	Houston	77073	EV	18	15	141	7	4	1		0657
			Houston	77016	EV	18	13	141	7	3	1		0454
2	Meeting Rooms 1	Meeting Rooms Humble	Humble	77338	EV	2	15	141	8	4	4		0108
В	Big Gym	Big Gym	Houston	77044	EV	29	9	142	4	3	1		0045
⊢	The Hall	The Hall	Houston	77026-1411EV	EV	18	9	142	7	1	1		0344
	omminity Roor	Community Roon Community Rod Houston	Houston	77029	EV	18	15	142	4	7	1		0259

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93	Auditorium	Auditorium	Houston	77026-2941EV	I .	18	13	142	4	⊣	1		0042
94	Multipurpose Ro Multipurpose R Houston	Multipurpose Ro	Houston	77026	EV	18	13	142	4	9	1		0854
95	Meeting Room	Meeting Room	Houston	77049-4607	EV	29	15	142	4	3	1	North Channel Branch Library too sn	0460
96	Large Assembly Flarge Assembly	Large Assembly	Channelview	77530	EV	36	9	143	8	3	2		0141
97	Conference Roon Conference Roo Galena Park	Conference Roo	Galena Park	77547	EV	29	9	143	4	2	2		0208
86	Gym	Gym	Houston	77011-1036EV	EV	29 6	9	143	4	9	2		0010
66	Gym	Gym	Baytown	77520	EV	36	9	144	8	3	2	Baytown Senior Center not available	0102
100	Training Room	Training Room	Pasadena	77506	EV	29	9	144	4	2	2		0527
101	Learning Hub	Learning Hub	Houston	77087	EV	29	9	145	4	9	2		0154
102	Meeting Room	Meeting Room	Houston	77054	EV	6	13	146	4	7	1	Fiesta Mart not available and way to	0541
103	Arena	Hall D	Houston	77054	EV	6	13	146	4	7	1		0223
104	Auditorium 189	Auditorium 189 Houston	Houston	77051	EV	6	13	146	4	7	1		0158
495	Gym	Gym	Houston	77033	EV	18	13	146	4	7	1		0573
90 %	Royal Oaks Ballrd Royal Oaks Ballr Houston	Royal Oaks Ballr	Houston	77054-1709EV	EV	6	13	146	4	7	1		0223
1 00	Multipurpose Ro Multipurpose ReHouston	Multipurpose Ro	Houston	77075	EV	29	9	147	4	2	1		0536
608	VIP A and B	VIP A and B	Houston	77002	EV	18	13	147	4	1	1		0016
60 I	Auditorum	Auditorum	Houston	77007	EV	2	15	147	9	1	1		0037
4			Houston	27006	EV	2	15	147	9	1	1		0039
4	Gymnasium	Gymnasium	Houston	77004-2604	EV	18	13	147	4	7	1		0390
112			Houston	77004	EV	18	13	147	4	7	1	Attempting to reserve Texas Southe	0085
113			Houston	77004	EV	18	13	147	4	7	1		0389
114	Meeting Room	Meeting Room Houston	Houston	77021	EV	18	13	147	4	7	1		0538
115			Houston	77021	EV	18	13	147	4	7	1	Young Library too small and Black M	0156
116	Grand Ballroom	Grand Ballroom Houston	Houston	77092-8810 EV	EV	18	15	148	9	1	4		0323
117	Gym	Gym	Houston	77022	EV	29	9	148	4	1	2		0105
118	The Plaza	The Plaza	Houston	77040	EV	18	15	148	9	1	4		9960
119	Gym	Gym	Houston	77009	EV	29	9	148	9	1	2		0206
120	Annex in back of Annex in back o Houston	Annex in back o	Houston	77008-3441	EV	2	15	148	9	1	4		0054
121	Activities Buildin Activities Buildir Houston	Activities Buildir	r Houston	77008-6320 EV	EV	2	15	134	9	1	4		0905
122	Room 157	Room 157	Houston	77083	EV	6	17	149	9	2	3		0428
123	Basketball Court Prayer Room	Prayer Room	Houston	77083 EV	EV	6	13	149	9	5	3	Alief ISD Admin Building is not availa	0487

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124				1		6	17	149	. 9	2	~	Tried Saint Justin Martyr and Arya Sa	0814
125					EV	8	7	150	8	4	4	Big Stone Lodge (1600) NCNR, but th	0897
126	Room 402	Room 402	Spring	77379-2204EV	EV	8	2	150	9	4	4	Not a larger location available for 3	0575
127	Room 116	Room 116	Tomball	77375	EV	8 4	1	150	9	4	4		0955
128	Main Sanctuary	Main Sanctuary	Spring	77388	EV	2	7	150	9	4	4	Revival House is not ADA compliant.	0246
129	Fellowship Hall	Fellowship Hall	Houston	77090	EV	18	15	141	4	4	1		0520
130													
131													
132	ED Voting Room EV Voting Room	EV Voting Roon	n City	diZ	EV Site L	US Rep	St Sen	St Rep	SBOE	JP	ည		
133	Library in front of school	f school	Houston	77007-3923		18 (9	145	9	1	2		
134	Library in front of school	f school	Houston	77007-3923		18	13	145	4	1	2		
135	Gym		Houston	77007		18 6	5	147	9	1	2		
136	Gym		Houston			18 (9	147	9	1	1		
137	Auditorium		Houston	27009-6009		18	15	145	9	1	1		
3 38	Library		Houston	77009-6613		18	15	148	9	1	1		
(23 9	Main MultiPurpose Room	se Room	Houston	77009-5257		18	15	148	9	1	1		
440	Cafeteria		Spring	77373-7716		18 7	7	150	∞	4	4		
141	Main MultiPurpose Room	se Room	Houston	77003-2326		18 (9	145	4	9	7		
1 2	Main MultiPurpose Room	se Room	Houston	77003-2326		18	13	145	4	9	7		
143	Main MultiPurpose Room	se Room	Houston	77003-2326		18 (9	142	4	9	2		
144	Main MultiPurpose Room	se Room	Houston	77003-2326		18 13	13	145	4	9	7		
145	Main MultiPurpose Room	se Room	Houston	77011-4135		29 6	5	143	4	9	2		
146						36 6	5	128	8	3	2		
147						36 6		128	∞	3	7		
148	Assembly Room 131D	131D	Houston	77096-4925		7	17	134	9	2	1		
149	Assembly Room 131D	131D	Houston	77096-4925		6	17	146	4	7	П		
150						7	17	134	9	⊣	3		
151	Library		Houston	77025-4605		7	17	146	4	7	1		
152	Library		Houston	77025-3600		7	17	134	9	7	1		
153	Library		Houston	77025-3600		7	17	134	9	7	1		
154	Library		Houston	77025-3600		7	17	134	9	7	1		
155	155 Library		Houston	77025-3600		7	17	134	9	7	\vdash		

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156	Courtroom		Houston	77003		18	13	147	4	9	1	
157	Courtroom		Houston	77003		18	13	145	4	1	1	
158	Courtroom		Houston	77003		18 13	13	145	4	9	1	
159	Fellowship Hall		Houston	77004-3810		18	13	147	4	7	1	
160	Cultural Center		Houston	77004-3159		18	13	147	4	7	1	
161	Cultural Center		Houston	77004-3159		18 13	13	147	4	7	1	
162	Library		Houston	77035-5218		6	13	146	4	7	1	
163	Library		Houston	77035-5218		6	13	146	4	7	1	
164	Girls Gym		Houston	77004		18 13	13	147	4	7	1	
165	Girls Gym		Houston	77004		18 13	13	147	4	7	1	
166						29	9	145	4	9	2	
167	Community Room 120		Houston	77023-1902		29 6	5	145	4	9	2	
468	1st floor Clubhouse		Baytown	77521-3670		36 15	15	128	8	3	2	
69						29	9	145	4	2	2	
370						18	15	147	4	1	1	
d						18 15	15	147	4	1	1	
172						18	15	145	4	1	1	
1 73						18	13	146	4	7	1	
4						2 15	15	147	9	1	1	
175						18	15	147	4	1	1	
176	Exhibit Hall		Houston	77019-5534		2	15	147	9	1	1	
177	Library		Houston	77019		2 15	15	147	9	1	1	
178	Auditorium		Houston	77061-2056		9 6	ري و	147	4	7	2	
179	Auditorium		Houston	77061-2056		6	9	147	4	2	2	
180	Gym		Houston	77006-1830		2	15	134	9	1	1	
181	Community Room Chapel	pel	Houston	77006-3730		2	15	147	9	1	1	
182						. 2	7	150	8	4	4	
183						2	15	148	9	1	3	
184	Rooms 135 and 136		Houston	77009-8039		18	9	148	9	9	2	
185	Rooms 135 and 136		Houston	77009-8039		18 13	13	145	4	1	2	
186	Rooms 135 and 136		Houston	77009-8039		18 6	(C)	145	9	9	2	

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187	Library		Houston	77009-8437	29	9 6	148	9	9	2		
188	Library		Houston	77009-8437	18	18 6	148	4	9	2		
189	Library		Houston	77009-8437	26	59 6	148	4	9	1		
190			Houston	77026	18	18 13	142	4	9	1		
191	Library		Houston	77026	18	18 13	142	4	9	1		
192	Library		Houston	77026	18	18 13	142	4	9	2		
193	Library		Houston	77026	18	18 13	148	4	9	1		
194	Library		Houston	77026	18	18 6	142	4	9	1		
195	Lecture Hall		Houston	77020	18	18 13	142	4	9	1		
196			Hockley		1(10 18	130	8	4	3		
197			Hockley		1(10 18	130	8	2	3		
198						7 7	135	9	2	3		
449					3(36 11	128	8	∞	2		
00 X	Auditorium building 3	ng 3	Houston	77007		2 15	134	9	1	1		
201					18	18 15	148	9	1	1		
Q 05					18	18 15	134	9	1	1		
203					18	18 15	147	9	1	1		
284	Bayou City Ballroom	m	Houston	77007-2102	18	18 15	148	9	1	1		
2 05						2 7	138	9	2	3		
206	Bulldog Practice Gym	iym	Houston	77008-7021	18	18 15	148	9	1	1		
207	Gymnasium		Houston	77008-6619		2 15	148	9	1	4		
208	Library		Houston	77008-4414	18	18 15	148	9	1	1		
209	Lobby		Houston	77098-1615		2 15	147	9	1	1		
210					26	29 6	140	4	1	2		
211	Gym		Houston	77020-6840	26	29 6	143	4	9	2		
212	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77020-6840	29	29 6	143	4	9	2		
213	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77020-6840	26	29 6	143	4	2	2		
214	Meeting Room		Highlands	77562-4546	36	5 15	128	∞	3	7		
215	Gym		Houston	77011-4740	25	29 6	143	4	9	7		
216	216 Gym		Houston	77012-1199	25	29 6	143	4	9	7		
217	PLC RM		Houston	77012-2124	75	59 6	144	4	9	2		

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218	Auditor		Houston	77087-1012	+	29	. 9	145	4	9	7		J
219	Gym		Houston	77051-1402		6	13	146	4	7	1		
220	Gym		Houston	77051-1402		9 13	13	146	4	7	1		
221	Main Office Lobby		Houston	77011-2629		29 (9	143	4	9	2		
222	Room 103		Houston	77007-2007		2	15	134	6	1	4		
223						2 15	15	134	9	1	4		
224	Mason Clubhouse		Houston	77023-2701		73	9	145	4	9	2		
225	T Building		Houston	77008-3641		18	15	148	9	1	1		
226						22 11	11	129	8	7	1		
227	100C		Houston	77022-5618		29 6	5	148	4	1	2		
228	Room 40		Houston	77020-4930		73	9	143	4	9	2		
229	Multipurpose Room 118	.18	Houston	77013		29 15	15	143	4	2	2		
730						2	7	126	9	4	4		
2 31	Gym		Deer Park	77536		36	11	144	8	8	2		
332	Library		Deer Park	77536		36 11	11	144	8	8	2		
C 33	Library		Deer Park	77536		36 6	5	144	8	8	2		
234	Parish Hall		Houston	77004-5527		18 13	13	147	4	7	1		
285	Grand Ballroom		Houston	77092-8810		2	15	148	4	1	4		
982	Clubhouse		Houston	77005-2899		7	17	134	6	1	3		
237	Clubhouse		Houston	77005-2899		2	17	134	9	1	3		
238	Clubhouse		Houston	77005-3715		7	17	134	9	1	3		
239	Events Room		El Lago	77586-6060		36 11	11	129	8	8	2		
240	Civic Center		Webster	77598-5230		36 11	11	129	8	8	2		
241	Civic Center		Webster	77598-5230		22	11	129	8	8	2		
242	Civic Center		Webster	77598-5230		22 11	11	129	8	8	2		
243	Gym		Houston	77059-5299		36 11	11	129	8	∞	2		
244						73	9	144	4	2	2		
245						73	9	144	4	8	2		
246						36 6	5	144	4	2	2		
247	Conference Room		Houston	77079-4003		7 17	17	133	6	2	3		
248	Rooms 150 and 151		Houston	77044-7192		29 6	5	142	4	3	1		

	Σ	0	А	Q	S	⊢	n	>	3	Z
249	Gym		Crosby	4103	36 4		128	∞	т	2
250	Gym		Crosby	77532-4103	36 4		128	8	3	2
251	Gym		Huffman	77336-4447	2 4		127	8	3	2
252	Wilhite Meeting Room	noc	Baytown	77520	36 6		144	8	3	2
253					36 6		144	8	3	2
254					36 4		128	8	3	2
255					18 13	3	141	4	3	1
256	Main MultiPurpose Room	Room	Houston	77076-5031	29 6		148	4	1	2
257	et		Houston	77093-7418	29 6		140	4	1	2
258	et		Houston	77093-7418	29 6		140	4	1	1
259	et		Houston	77093-7418	29 6		140	4	1	1
260					18 15	5	139	4	1	1
761					2 7		150	8	4	4
2 62					18 7		150	8	4	4
1 63					10 7		130	9	4	3
Q 64	Gym		Spring	77379-4315	2 7		126	9	4	4
2 65	Cafeteria		Houston	27066	2 15	5	126	9	4	4
28 6	Room A		Tomball	77375-4918	10 7		150	9	4	4
792	Room A		Tomball	77375-4918	8 7		150	9	4	4
268	Council Chambers		Houston	77055-7495	7 17	7	133	9	2	3
269	Council Chambers		Houston	77055-7495	7 7		138	9	2	4
270	Meeting Room		Houston	77092	2 15	5	148	9	1	4
271	Meeting Room		Houston	77092	2 15	5	148	9	1	4
272	Meeting Room		Houston	77092	2 15	5	148	9	1	4
273					29 6		142	4	3	4
274	Room 202		Houston	77022-2422	18 15	5	139	4	1	1
275	Room 202		Houston	77022-2422	18 15	5	139	4	1	2
276	Meeting Room		Houston	77006-4938	2 1	15	147	9	1	1
277	Meeting Room		Houston	77006-4938	2 15	5	147	9	1	1
278					2 15	2	147	4	1	1
279	Cafeteria		Cypress	77433-5722	10 7		130	9	4	3

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280	Library		Houston	-4499	2	-	126	9	┿		Τ
281	Gym Hallway		Tomball	77377-2622	10	_	130	9	4	3	
282					10 7	7	130	9	4	4	
283			Bellaire	77401	7	17	134	9	1	3	
284			Bellaire	77401	7	17	134	9	2	3	
285	Main Hallway		Houston	77057-2801	2 4	17	133	9	2	3	
286					2 2	17	133	9	2	3	
287					7	17	137	9	2	3	
288	Fellowship Hall		Houston	77047-7102	6	13	131	4	7	1	
289	Parish Hall		Houston	77048-1896	6	13	146	4	7	1	
290	Parish Hall		Houston	77048-1896	6	13	147	4	7	1	
291	Multipurpose Room	'n	Houston	77005	7	17	134	9	П	3	
392	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77027-4003	7	17	134	9	1	4	
2 93	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77027-4003	1	17	134	9	1	4	
394	Parish Hall Building	g C	Houston	77004-6214	18	13	147	4	7	1	
295	Family Life Center		Houston	77026-4405	18	13	142	4	1	1	
967	Performance Room	ر	Houston	77098-1003	7	17	134	9	1	4	
782	Multipurpose Room	n	Houston	77021-1311	18	13	146	4	7	1	
86~	Multipurpose Room	n	Houston	77021-1311	18	13	147	4	7	1	
299	Room 131 in Library	٨.	Cypress	77433-1383	10 7		132	8	2	3	
300					18	13	142	4	1	1	
301					18	13	142	4	1	1	
302	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77035-2807	2 4	17	146	4	2	1	
303					18	15	139	4	1	1	
304	First floor atrium at cafeteria	t cafeteria	Houston	77030	2	17	134	9	1	1	
305	PE Room		Cypress	77433	10 18	81	132	∞	2	3	
306	PE Room		Cypress	77433	10 18	81	132	8	2	3	
307	PE Room		Cypress	77433	10	18	132	8	4	3	
308					18 (9	141	4	3	1	
309					18 (9	141	4	3	1	
310					18 6	9	141	4	3	1	

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311	Main M	e Room	Houston	4604	29 6	\vdash	140	4	\vdash	2
312	Annex Room		Houston	77022-6125	29 6		148	4	1	2
313	Cafeteria		Houston	77041-6505	2 7		138	9	2	4
314	Cafeteria		Houston	77021-2711	18 13		147	4	7	1
315	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77091-3716	18 15		139	4	⊣	1
316	Multi Purpose		Houston	77051-3132	9 13		146	4	7	1
317	Hall		Houston	77020-5834	18 13		142	4	9	1
318	Hall		Houston	77020-5834	18 13		142	4	9	1
319	Hall		Houston	77020-5834	18 13		142	4	9	2
320	Hall		Houston	77020-5834	18 6		145	4	9	1
321	Hall		Houston	77020-5834	18 13		142	4	1	2
322			Houston	77020-4224	18 13		142	4	9	1
333	Auditorium		Houston	77020-4224	18 13		142	4	9	1
% 24	Auditorium		Houston	77020-4224	18 13		142	4	9	1
325					29 6		143	4	7	2
979					36 6		144	∞	2	2
327	Gym		Jacinto City	77029-2515	29 6		143	4	7	2
32 8	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77029	18 15		143	4	2	1
675	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77029	18 15		143	4	2	1
330	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77029	18 6		143	4	2	1
331					2 15		138	9	2	3
332	The Big Hall, Building 1	ing 1	Houston	77009-1196	18 6		148	9	1	2
333	The Big Hall, Building 1	ing 1	Houston	77009-1196	18 15		139	4	1	2
334	Science Lab		Houston	77016-7027	18 13		141	4	1	1
335	Science Lab		Houston	77016-7027	18 13		141	4	1	1
336					18 15		139	4	1	1
337					29 6		144	∞	∞	2
338					18 6		142	4	Н	1
339					29 6		142	4	Н	1
340					10 7		130	9	4	4
341	Chapel		Houston	77059-6034	36 11		129	∞	∞	2

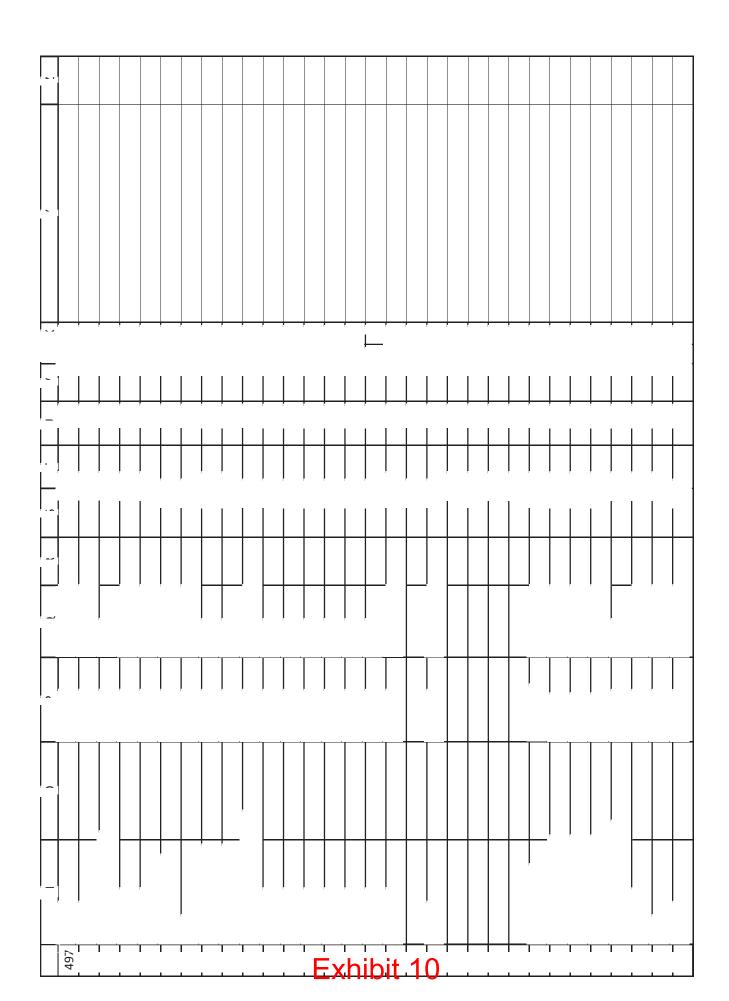
342 343 Data Room 317 344 Gym 345 Multi purpose rm 346 Gym 347 Gym 348 John Neighbors Activity Room 349 Activities Room 350 Activities Room 351 Soom 201 352 Sast 353 Room 201 354 Cafeteria 355 Cafeteria 360 Cafeteria 361 Cafeteria 362 Auditorium 363 Auditorium 364 Auditorium 365 Fellowship Hall 366 Cafeteria 367 Main MultiPurpose Room		Houston Houston Houston Houston Houston Houston	77096-2622 77055-5200 77021-4861 77017-4958 77017-4958 77005-2814 77022-1944 77018-4106	7 17 7 17 7 17 7 17 7 17 7 17 7 18 7 18	17 17 15 13 6 6	134	\bot	$\sqcup \sqcup$	3 11
			77096-2622 77055-5200 77021-4861 77017-4958 77017-4958 77005-2814 77022-1944 77022-1944	2 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 18 1	2 2 3	134			8
			77055-5200 77021-4861 77017-4958 77017-4958 77005-2814 77022-1944 77018-4106	2 1 18 1 18 1 18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 2	118			
			77021-4861 77017-4958 77017-4958 77005-2814 77022-1944 77022-1944 77018-4106	29 6 2 2 6 6 2 2 6 6 6 2 2 6 6 6 2 2 6 6 6 2 2 6 6 6 2 2 6 6 6 2 6	ε,	T+C	٥	1	3
			77017-4958 77017-4958 77005-2814 77022-1944 77012-1944	29 62 29 6 7 1 1 2 9 6 2 9 6 2 9 6 6 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9		146	4	7	1
			77017-4958 77005-2814 77022-1944 77018-4106	29 62 20 62 2		144	4	2	2
			77005-2814 77022-1944 77018-4106	29 66		144	4	2 2	2
			77022-1944	29 6	17	134	9	1	3
		ouston	77018-4106	18 6		148	4	1	2
	<u> </u>	ouston	77018-4106	900		140	4	1	1
	<u>Ξ</u>	ouston	77018-4106	20/107		144	4	2	2
	<u>¥</u>	ouston	77018-4106	29 6		144	4	2 2	2
				18 15	.5	139	4	1 4	4
				29 6		144	4	2 2	2
	-			29 6		144	4	2 2	2
				29 6		144	4	2 2	2
				18 1	13	147	4	7	1
	Н	Houston	77004-5650	18 1	13	147	4	7	1
				18 1	15	139	4	1	1
	Н	Houston	77088-6337	18 15	.5	139	4	1	1
	Н	Houston	77088-6337	18 1	15	139	4	1	1
				2 4		127	8	4	4
	Н	Houston	77020-7235	18 13	33	142	4	9	1
	Н	Houston	77020-7235	18 1	13	145	4	. 9	1
	Н	Houston	77008-1204	2 1	15	134	9	1 4	4
_	Н	Houston	77078	18 1	13	141	4	3	1
		Houston	77009-3703	29 6		148	9	1	2
				29 6		148	4	1 2	2
369 Gym	Н	Houston	77004-6199	18 1	13	147	4	7	1
370	Н	Houston	77017	29 6		145	4	2 2	2
371	Н	Houston	77017	29 6		145	4	2 2	2
372				7 7		133	9	5	3

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373	Multipu		Houston	77081	+	7	17	134	. 9	⊣	· m		J
374	Faith Center Gym		Bellaire	77401-4296		7 1	17	134	9	1	3		
375	Faith Center Gym		Bellaire	77401-4296		7	17	134	9	1	3		
376	Faith Center Gym		Bellaire	77401-4296		7	17	146	9	7	3		
377	Cafeteria		Houston	77045-5628		9	13	131	4	7	1		
378	Fellowship Hall		Houston	77019		7 1	17	134	9	1	4		
379	Main Hall		Houston	77023-4753		29 6	,,	145	4	9	2		
380	Fellowship Hall		Houston	77021-2407		18	13	146	4	7	1		
381	Library		Channelview	77530-3518		36 15	1.5	143	8	3	7		
382	Main MultiPurpose Room	Room	Houston	77017-6254		29 6		144	4	7	2		
383						2 1	13	134	9	1	1		
384	Main MultiPurpose Room	Room	Houston	77025-3600		2 1	17	134	9	2	1		
785	Main MultiPurpose Room	Room	Houston	77025-3600		7	17	146	9	7	1		
988	Main MultiPurpose Room	Room	Houston	77025-3600		7 1	17	146	4	7	3		
387						7 7	,	135	9	4	4		
388	Main MultiPurpose		Houston	77012-3518		29 6	.0	145	4	9	2		
686	Resource Room		Houston	77019-6016		7 1	17	134	9	1	4		
0 € €	Section 1		Jacinto City	77029-2037		18 15	15	143	4	2	2		
3	Section 1		Jacinto City	77029-2037		18 15	15	143	4	2	2		
392	Section 1		Jacinto City	77029-2037		18 6		143	4	2	П		
393	Section 1		Jacinto City	77029-2037		18	15	143	4	2	2		
394	Section 1		Jacinto City	77029-2037		29 15	15	143	4	2	2		
395						18 13	13	141	4	1	1		
396						18	13	141	4	1	1		
397	Library		Houston	77087-3623		29 6		145	4	2	2		
398	Library		Houston	77087-3623		29 6	9	145	4	2	2		
399	Library		Houston	77087-3623		29 6		145	4	9	2		
400	Library		Houston	77087-3623		29 6		145	4	9	1		
401	Library		Houston	77087-3623		29 6		145	4	9	1		
402	Skyline Hallway		Houston	77025-1230		7	17	134	9	1	1		
403	Skyline Hallway		Houston	77025-1230		7	17	134	9	1	1		

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404	Performance Area plus other area Houston	plus other area	Houston	77098		7	17	134	9	1	4	
405						7	17	133	9	2	3	
406	New Library		Houston	77021-3515		18 13	13	147	4	7	1	
407	Front Classroom		Houston	77033-2731		18	13	147	4	7	1	
408	Auditoruim		Houston	77033-2797		18	13	147	4	7	1	
409	Library		Houston	77033-1832		18 13	13	147	4	7	1	
410	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77033-2143		6	13	147	4	7	1	
411	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77033-2143		18	13	147	4	7	1	
412						6	13	147	4	7	1	
413						29 11	11	144	∞	∞	2	
414	Gym		Houston	77064-9419		. 2	7	135	9	4	4	
415	Gym		Tomball	77375-8098		8	2	130	9	4	4	
446						. 2	7	150	9	4	4	
X 17	Community Room		Houston	77004-4649		18	13	147	4	7	1	
218						38	9	144	8	3	2	
919						36	5	128	8	3	2	
450	Large MultiPurpose Room	se Room	Baytown	77521-8338		36 15	15	128	8	3	2	
42 1	Gym		Crosby	77532-8660		36	15	142	8	3	2	
4 22	Fellowship Hall		Houston	77016-3007		18 13	13	141	4	3	1	
423						18	13	142	4	3	1	
424	Cafeteria		Houston	77035-3716		7	17	146	4	7	1	
425	Parent room R12		Houston	77074-6512		7	13	137	9	2	3	
426	Parent room R12		Houston	77074-6512		7	13	146	9	2	3	
427						29 (9	147	4	2	1	
428							7	133	9	2	3	
429	Cafeteria		Houston	77029-3343		18	15	142	4	2	1	
430	Gym Rear Entrance	:e	Houston	77041-4212		. 2	7	138	9	2	4	
431	Gym Rear Entrance	:e	Houston	77041-4212		. 2	7	135	9	4	4	
432	Gym Rear Entrance	.e	Houston	77041-4212		. 2	7	135	9	2	4	
433	Stage		Houston	77076-3413		29 6	5	140	4	1	2	
434	Stage		Houston	77076-3413		59	9	140	4	1	2	

e Houston 77076-3413 29 6 148 4 1 e Houston 77076-3413 18 6 140 4 1 wship Hall Bellaire 77401 7 7 133 6 5 wship Hall Bellaire 7701-1508 18 15 148 4 1 wship Hall Houston 77047-1508 9 13 146 4 2 wship Hall Houston 77047-1508 9 13 147 4 2 wship Hall Houston 77047-1508 9 13 147 4 2 wship Hall Houston 77047-1508 9 13 147 4 2 wship Hall Houston 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 wship Hall Houston 77096 7 17 134 <th></th> <th>Σ</th> <th>0</th> <th>А</th> <th>0</th> <th>~</th> <th>S</th> <th>-</th> <th>_ _</th> <th>></th> <th><u> </u></th> <th>\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \</th> <th>Z</th>		Σ	0	А	0	~	S	-	_ _	>	<u> </u>	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Z
Stage Houston 77076-3413 18 6 140 4 1 Stage Houston 77076-3413 18 6 140 4 1 Stage Houston 77076-3413 18 6 140 4 1 Fellowship Hall Ellowship Hall 18 15 138 6 5 143 4 3 Multipurpose Room Houston 77047-1508 29 6 144 4 8 1 Fellowship Hall Houston 77061-2339 29 6 144 4 8 1 Main Multipurpose Room Houston 77061-2339 29 6 144 4 8 1 Fellowship Hall Houston 77061-2339 29 6 144 4 8 1 Fellowship Hall Houston 77061-2339 29 6 144 4 8 1 Fellowship Hall Houston 77061-2339 29 6 144 4 8 1 Fellowship Hall Houston 77061-2339 29 6 144 4 2 1 Fellowship Hall <	35			Houston	77076-3413		29		148	4	1	2	
Stage Houston 77076-3413 18 6 140 4 1 Stage Houston 77076-3413 18 6 140 4 1 Fellowship Hall Ellowship Hall 18 15 138 6 5 Fellowship Hall Houston 7701 134 6 1 Multipurpose Room Houston 77047-1508 9 13 146 4 7 Fellowship Hall Houston 77047-1508 9 13 146 4 7 Fellowship Hall Houston 77047-1508 9 13 146 4 7 Fellowship Hall Houston 77047-1508 9 13 146 4 7 Fellowship Hall Houston 77047-1508 9 13 147 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 77047-239 29 6 144 4 8 Fellowship Hall Houston 7702-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 7702-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Fellowship Hall Pasadena 7750		Stage		Houston	77076-3413		18 6		140	4	1	2	
Fellowship Hall		Stage		Houston	77076-3413		18 6		140	4	1	2	
18 15 150	88							5	138	9	2	4	
18 15 138 6 5	39								150	9	4	4	
Fellowship Hall Bellaire 77401 133 6 5 Fellowship Hall Bellaire 77401 7 17 134 4 3 Multipurpose Room Houston 77092-2359 18 15 148 4 1 Main Multipurpose Room Houston 77092-2359 18 15 148 4 1 Main Multipurpose Room Houston 77092-2359 18 15 148 4 7 Fellowship Hall Houston 77061-2339 29 6 147 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 8 Family Life Center Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Family Life Center Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Family Life Center Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Main Wultipurpose Room Houston 77096 7 17 134 6 5 Main Multipurpose Room Houston 7703-4608 18 15 14 4 6 <tr< td=""><td>으</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>18 1</td><td>2</td><td>138</td><td>9</td><td>2</td><td>4</td><td></td></tr<>	으						18 1	2	138	9	2	4	
Fellowship Hall Bellaire 77401 29 6 144 4 8 Fellowship Hall Bellaire 77401 7 17 134 6 1 Main Multipurpose Room Houston 77092-2359 18 15 148 4 1 Main Multipurpose Room Houston 77047-1508 9 13 146 4 7 Fellowship Hall Houston 77047-1508 9 13 146 4 7 Fellowship Hall Houston 77041-2339 29 6 147 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 7702-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Family Life Center Pasadena 77503-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Family Life Center Pasadena 77503-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Main Multipurpose Room Houston 7703-4508 18 15 14 4 4 4 Main Entrance Foyer Houston 7704-4212 9 13 14 4 4 6	7						_		133	9	2	8	
Fellowship Hall Bellaire 77401 7 17 134 6 1 Multipurpose Room Houston 77092-2359 18 15 148 4 1 Main Multipurpose Room Houston 77047-1508 9 13 146 4 7 Fellowship Hall Houston 77041-2339 29 147 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 77033-3826 9 13 147 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 7703-3301 29 6 144 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Fellowship Hall Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Fellowship Hall Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Fellowship Hall Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Main MultiPurpose Roo	7						29 6		143	4	3	2	
Fellowship Hall Bellaire 77401 717 134 6 5 Multipurpose Room Houston 77022-2359 18 15 148 4 1 Main Multipurpose Room Houston 77047-1508 9 13 146 4 7 Fellowship Hall Houston 77047-2339 29 147 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 77043-3826 9 13 147 4 2 FRONT FOYER Houston 7702-3501 29 144 4 2 Family Life Center Pasadena 77502-3501 29 144 4 2 Fallowship Hall Pasadena 77502-3501 29 144 4 2 Fellowship Hall Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Fellowship Hall Pasadena 77503-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Main MultiPurpose Room Houston 77096	က္						29 6		144	4	∞	2	
Main MultiPurpose Room Houston 77092-2359 18 15 134 6 5 Main MultiPurpose Room Houston 77047-1508 9 13 146 4 7 Fellowship Hall Houston 77061-2339 29 6 147 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 77061-2339 29 6 147 4 2 FRONT FOYER Houston 77061-2339 29 6 144 4 2 FRONT FOYER Houston 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Family Life Center Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Family Life Center Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Family Life Center Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Fallowship Hall Houston 77036 7 17 134 6 5 Main MultiPurpose Room Houston 77036-60 141 4 4 Main MultiPurpose Room Houston 77037-4212 9 13 141 4 6	4	Fellowship Hall		Bellaire	77401		7 1	7	134	9	1	8	
Multipurpose Room Houston 77092-2359 18 15 148 4 7 Main MultiPurpose Room Houston 77047-1508 9 13 146 4 7 Fellowship Hall Houston 77061-2339 29 6 147 4 2 FRONT FOYER Houston 77061-2339 29 6 144 4 2 FRONT FOYER Houston 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 FRONT FOYER Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Family Life Center Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Fallowship Hall Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Fellowship Hall Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 77036 717 134 6 5 Main MultiPurpose Room Houston 77034-4212 9 13 14 4 4	Ŋ							7	134	9	2	8	
Main MultiPurpose Room Houston 77047-1508 9 13 146 4 7 Fellowship Hall Houston 77061-2339 29 6 147 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 77061-2339 29 6 147 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 77033-3826 9 13 147 4 2 Family Life Center Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Family Life Center Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Fellowship Hall Pasadena 77502-3501 29 6 144 4 2 Fellowship Hall Houston 77502 7 17 134 6 5 Main MultiPurpose Room Houston 77096 7 17 134 6 5 Front Foyer Houston 77073-4608 18 15 4 6 5 Gafeteria Houston 77087-6113 9 147 </td <td>9</td> <td>Multipurpose Roo</td> <td>m</td> <td>Houston</td> <td>77092-2359</td> <td></td> <td>18 1</td> <td>2</td> <td>148</td> <td>4</td> <td>1</td> <td>4</td> <td></td>	9	Multipurpose Roo	m	Houston	77092-2359		18 1	2	148	4	1	4	
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Gym Houston 77035-3602 7 13 146 Cafeteria Houston 77033-1324 9 13 147 Auditorium Houston 77045-5328 9 13 145 Auditorium Houston 77035-4305 9 13 146 Annex Houston 77035-4305 9 13 146 Annex Houston 77035-6313 9 13 146 MultiPurpose Room Houston 77036-6313 9 13 146 Dance Room Houston 77036-6313 9 13 148 Dance Room Houston 77036-6313 9 144 Gym Houston 77036-3215 7 17 137 Gym Pasadena 77503-1830 29 6 144 Gym Pasadena 77036-31830 29 6 144 Gym Pasadena 77036-31830 29 6 144 <	 Gym	Houston	77035-3602	7	13	146	4	7	1	
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Library Houston 77095-5503 7 7 135	Cafeteria	Houston	77063	7	17	133	9	2	3	
	 Library	Houston	77095-5503	7	7	135	9	2	3	
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528			Houston	77009-4959		29	. 9	148	4	1	1	
529	Great Hall		Humble	77339-1496		2	4	127	∞	4	4	
530	Auditorium		Houston	77022		73	9	148	4	1	2	
531						18	15	141	4	4	1	
532	Meeting Hall		Houston	77023-5399		29 (9	145	4	9	2	
533	Meeting Hall	_	Houston	77023-5399		29 6	5	145	4	9	2	
534	Meeting Hall		Houston	77023-5399		73	9	145	4	9	1	
535	Community Center Room 907		Houston	77081-2715		7	13	137	9	┰	3	
536						36	11	145	8	∞	2	
537						36 11	11	145	8	8	2	
538	Main Office Hallway		Houston	77025-2271		2	17	134	9	1	1	
539						2	4	127	8	4	2	
<u>5</u> 40	C-21.101 Library Grand Hall		Pasadena	77505-5999		36	11	128	8	8	2	
X 41						29	15	142	4	3	1	
942						29	15	143	4	3	2	
3 43	Cafeteria	4	Houston	77047-2736		6	13	131	4	7	1	
344	Multipurpose Gym		Houston	77042-2320		7	17	133	9	2	3	
545						2	4	127	8	4	4	
5 46						18	9	141	4	4	4	
547	Cafeteria		Houston	77036-8200		6	13	131	4	7	1	
548						7	17	134	9	1	3	
549	Gym		Katy	77494		10	17	132	9	2	3	
550						2	15	142	4	4	4	
551	Hutson Gym	_	Houston	77091-5643		18	15	139	4	1	1	
552						18	15	140	4	1	4	
553	Community Room 148	_	Houston	77018-6545		18	15	139	4	1	1	
554	Community Room 148		Houston	77018-6545		18	15	139	4	1	1	
555						29	15	143	4	3	1	
256						29 (9	143	4	3	1	
557	Gym	J	Cypress	77429-6403		10	7	130	9	4	3	
558	Clubhouse		Houston	77071-2504		6	13	131	4	7	1	

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Э	142	142	142	142	143	144	144	144	142	129	129	129	147	142	143	144	139	139	131	133	128	128	127	142	129	129	146	129	133	141
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ď	77013-2850	77013-2850	77013-2850	77013-2850	77015-3912	77015-3912	77015-3912	77015-3912		77571-6717	77571-6717	77546	77087-6410		77530-2697	77530-2697	77041-7536	77041-7536	77071-2209									77598	77077-4901	77016
Ь	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston		La Porte	La Porte	Friendswood	Houston		Channelview	Channelview	Houston	Houston	Houston									Webster	Houston	Houston
0					om	nom	moc	moc									e Room	e Room												
Σ	Ballroom	Ballroom	Ballroom	Ballroom	Large Assembly Room	Large Assembly Room	Large Assembly Room	Large Assembly Room		Gymnasium	Gymnasium	Big Room	Fellowship Hall		Boys Gym	Boys Gym	Main MultiPurpose Room	Main MultiPurpose Room	Room 2									Activity Center	Gym	Meeting Room
L				562	563	564	292	999		568	569	570	- F7 1		973	374	575	945	7/5	578	579	580		582	583	584	585	586	587	588

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290	Chapel		Humble	77338	18	3 7	150	8	4	4		
591						7 17	149	9	2	3		
592	Multi-purpose Room		Houston	77028-2016	18	3 13	141	4	3	1		
593	Multi-purpose Room		Houston	77028-2016	18	9 8	142	4	3	1		
594	Cafeteria		Houston	77048-4725		9 13	131	4	7	1		
595	Cafeteria		Houston	77048-4725		9 13	131	4	7	1		
296	Game Room in Family Life Center Houston	ife Center	Houston	77096-4798		7 17	134	9	2	3		
597					2	29 6	144	∞	∞	2		
298	Library		Cypress	77433-3196	1	10 7	130	9	4	3		
599	Admin Building		Houston	77037-1304	29	9 6	140	4	1	1		
009	Admin Building		Houston	77037-1304	29	9 6	140	4	1	1		
601					2	29 6	140	4	1	2		
6 92					2.	29 6	140	4	1	2		
2003					29	9 6	140	4	1	2		
9 04					29	9 15	143	4	3	2		
O 02					3(36 15	128	8	3	2		
909					3(36 11	129	8	8	2		
789	Community Center		Webster	77598-2550	22	2 11	129	8	8	2		
808					22	5 6	129	4	2	1		
609	Main MultiPurpose Room	m	Houston	77075	2	29 6	147	4	2	1		
610					29	9 11	144	8	8	2		
611					36	5 11	128	8	8	2		
612						2 15	142	8	3	┑		
613						2 15	142	∞	4	2		
614	Main MultiPurpose Room	m	Houston	77048-1739		9 13	146	4	7	1		
615	Main MultiPurpose Room	m	Houston	77048-1739		9 13	146	4	7	┑		
616	Main MultiPurpose Room	m	Houston	77048-1739		9 13	146	4	7	1		
617					29	9 6	140	4	1	1		
618					29	9 6	141	4	1	┑		
619						2 15	138	9	2	3		
620	Library		Houston	77036-6310		9 13	137	9	5	3		

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13	77083-5916 9 17	9 13	13		14	9 6	9	2 2	m m
77072-5035 9 13	77072-5035 9 13	9 13	13		1	149	4	5	1
Houston 77072-5035 9 13	77072-5035 9	6		3		149	4	2	8
77072-5035 9	77072-5035 9	6		3		149	4		T
77074-6428 7	77074-6428 7	7		3		137	9	_	3
Houston 77074-6428 7 13	77074-6428 7	7		3		137	9	2	3
Gymnasium Houston 77081-4001 7 13	77081-4001 7	7		3		137	9	2	8
Houston 77057-6902 7 13	77057-6902	7		3		137	9	2	3
Houston 77063-5543 9 13	77063-5543	6		3		137	9	2	3
Houston 77063-5543 7 17	77063-5543 7	7		7		137	9	2	3
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7 17				7	\vdash	133	9	2	3
Competition Gym Houston 77056 717	77056 7	7	-	7		133	9	2	3
7 17				7		133	9	2	3
7 17	7 7 17	7 17	7 17	7		133	9	2	3
7 7						133	9	2	3
7 7						133	9	2	3
2 2						133	9	2	3
Cypress 77429-2005 10 7	77429-2005	10				130	9	4	4
2 15				2		138	9	2	4
2 15				2		138	9	2	4
2 15				2		127	8	4	2
Houston 77018-4150 18 15	77018-4150	18		5		139	4	1	4
18 15	18 15	18 15	18 15	2		139	4	1	1
18 15	18 15	18 15	18 15	2		148	4	1	1
2 7						126	9	4	4
Spring 77389-1417 8 4	77389-1417 8	7 8			┢	150	9	4	4
8 4						150	9	4	4
Front Lobby Houston 77035 9 13	77035 9	6	9 13	3	H	146	4	2	1
18 13				3	-	141	4	3	1

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683	Front hallway		Houston	1104	6	13	149	6	5	3		
684	Room 146		Houston	77031-2406	6	13	131	4	7	1		
685					6	13	146	4	2	3		
989					6	13	146	4	2	3		
687					6	13	146	4	2	3		
889					6	13	131	4	2	3		
689					6	13	146	4	2	3		
069	Library		Houston	77056	7	17	133	6	2	n		
691	Main Entry		Houston	77042-2338	7	17	133	9	2	3		
692	Gym		Houston	77066-3903	2	15	126	6	4	4		
693	Gym		Houston	77066-3903	18	15	126	4	4	4		
694					18 15	15	140	4	1	1		
695	GYM		Houston	77064-7137	7	7	135	6	4	4		
968	Cafeteria Room 1		Houston	77064-7904	2	15	126	9	1	4		
997					18	9	141	4	3	1		
96					29 6	9	141	4	3	1		
660					29 6	9	141	4	3	1		
0 0 ₹	Fellowship Center		Houston	77092-1436	18	15	139	9	1	4		
4 01	Fellowship Center		Houston	77092-1436	18 15	15	139	4	1	4		
702	Massey Tucker Hall ABC	II ABC	Houston	77042-2999	7	7	133	6	2	3		
703	Cafeteria		Spring	77388-5255	2	7	150	9	4	4		
704	Gym		Houston	77007-1408	18 15	15	148	9	1	1		
705	Building		Crosby	77532	36 4	4	128	8	3	2		
206	Building		Crosby	77532	36	4	142	8	3	2		
707	Gym		Spring	77389-2981	10	7	150	9	4	4		
708	Main Club House room	.oom	Houston	77077-3036	7	17	133	6	2	3		
709	Cafeteria		Houston	77092-6655	18	15	148	4	1	4		
710	Cafeteria		Houston	77092-6655	18	15	148	4	Т	4		
711	Meeting Room		Missouri City 77071-3334	77071-3334	9	13	131	4	7	1		
712	Meeting Room		Missouri City	77071-3334	6	13	131	4	7	1		
713	Library		Houston	77036-2315	6	13	137	9	2	3		

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714	Art Roo		Houston	77072-1999		9 13	149	9	2	3		
715						7 17	132	9	2	3		
716						7 17	133	9	2	3		
717	Music Room		Cypress	77433-5246	1	10 7	132	8	2	3		
718						7 7	135	9	2	4		
719						7 7	138	9	2	4		
720	FORMAL AND INFORMAL ROOF Houston	RMAL ROOF	Houston	77069-3306		2 7	126	9	4	4		
721	Cafeteria		Spring	77379-8199		2 7	150	9	4	4		
722	Cafeteria		Spring	77379-6772		2 7	126	9	4	4		
723	Main Lobby		Houston	77066-2740		2 15	126	9	4	4		
724	Music Room		Houston	77084		7 7	138	9	2	4		
725	Gym		Houston	77065-4366		7 7	135	9	4	4		
736	Meeting Room		Cypress	77429-4799	1	10 7	130	9	4	3		
X 27	Stage		Houston	77090-6329	1	18 15	141	4	4	1		
328						7 7	132	8	2	3		
6 79						7 7	138	∞	2	3		
90 1	Lott Fellowship Hall		Katy	77450-2705		7 17	132	9	2	3		
≱ 81						2 7	138	9	2	4		
43 2						2 7	138	9	2	4		
733	Cafeteria		Houston	77083-2499		9 17	149	9	2	3		
734	Gym		Houston	77071-1700		9 13	146	4	7	1		
735	Tejano Center for Community Cor Houston	mmunity Cor	Houston	77017-1794	2	29 6	145	4	2	2		
736	Tejano Center for Community Cor Houston	mmunity Cor	Houston	77017-1794	2	59 6	145	4	2	2		
737	Gym		Tomball	77375-4461	1	10 7	130	9	4	4		
738					2	59 6	143	4	9	2		
739					3	36 4	128	8	3	2		
740					3	36 15	128	8	3	2		
741					3	9 98	128	8	3	2		
742	Kix Building		Pasadena	77505-2012	Ñ	36 11	128	∞	∞	2		
743					2	29 6	147	4	7	1		
744					2	22 11	129	∞	2	\vdash		

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)	150	134	134	134	134	131	146	148	142	142	148	142	142	142	148	148	142	148	127	132	126	139	139	150	126	150	135	146	146	131	131
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Q		77004-7322	77004-7322	77004-7322	77004-7322			77022-4911	77022-4911	77026-3203	77026-3203	77026-3203	77026-3203	77026-3203	77026-3203	77026-3203	77026-3203	77026-3203		77450	77064	77067-1939	77067-1939	77090-2600	77379-3647		77084-6509				77099-5018
Ь		Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston			Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston		Katy	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Spring		Houston				Houston
0																															
Σ		Gym	Gym	Gym	Gym			Gym	Gym	Parents Room	Parents Room	Parents Room	Parents Room		Auditorium	75	Gym	Gym	Gym	Cafeteria		Front Foyer				Cafeteria					
	745	746	747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754	755	756	747	4 58	3 59	J 60	761	7 62	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774	775

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776	Cafeteria		Houston	77072-3416	9 1	13	149	9	5	8	
777	Parish Hall		Houston	77082-5100	9 17	7	149	9	2	3	
778	Cafeteria		Houston	77020-5242	29 6		143	4	9	2	
779	Cafeteria		Houston	77020-5242	29 6		143	4	7	2	
780	Cafeteria		Houston	77020-5242	29 6		143	4	2	1	
781	Council Chambers		La Porte	77571-6275	36 11	1	128	8	∞	2	
782	Meeting Room		Kingwood	77339-3774	2 4		127	8	4	4	
783	Classrooms 204 and 205	i 205	Houston	77054-4201	9 1	13	146	4	7	1	
784					9 1	13	131	9	2	3	
785	Cafeteria		Houston	77042-5523	9 1	13	137	9	2	3	
786	Main Hall		Houston	77036-4402	7 1	13	137	9	2	3	
787	Great Hall		Houston	77062-2247	36 11	1	129	8	8	2	
788	Multi Purpose Room	n	Houston	77056-6211	7 1	17	134	9	2	3	
682	Library		Bellaire	77401-2328	7 1	17	134	9	1	3	
90					29 6		140	4	1	2	
Q	Class Room		Houston	77033	18 13	3	146	4	7	1	
792	Class Room		Houston	77033	18 13	3	146	4	7	1	
₹					18 1	15	139	4	1	1	
₽					2 15	5	138	9	1	3	
795					2 1	15	133	9	1	3	
262	Gym		Houston	77018-1852	18	15	139	4	1	4	
797					29 6		140	4	1	1	
798					18 13	3	142	4	П	1	
799	Main MultiPurpose Room	Room	Houston	77028-4632	18 13	3	142	4	3	1	
800	Commons Area		Houston	77078-1401	18 1	13	141	4	3	1	
801	Gym		Spring	77373-7356	2 7		127	8	4	4	
802					18 7		127	4	4	4	
803	Cafeteria		Spring	77373-6199	2 7		150	8	4	4	
804					7 1	17	132	8	2	3	
802			Kingwood	77339	2 4		127	8	4	4	
806	Bay 1		Houston	77093-2752	29 6		140	4	П	2	

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807	Gym		Houston	2924	18 15	126	9	4	
808	Auditorium		Houston	77040-1702	2 15	139	9	1	4
809					18 15	139	4	1	1
810					18 6	140	4	1	1
811	Gym		Spring	77373-6821	18 7	150	8	4	4
812					2 15	126	9	4	4
813	Orchestra Room 1850	1850	Cypress	77433-3284	10 18	132	8	2	3
814					2 15	127	4	4	4
815	Cafeteria		Houston	77082-2847	9 17	149	9	2	3
816	Cafeteria		Spring	77379-6239	2 7	126	9	4	4
817	Fellowship Hall		Katy	77449	10 17	132	8	2	8
818					2 4	128	8	3	2
849	Staff Room		Channelview	77530-2409	29 6	143	4	3	1
% 20	Auditorium		Houston	77026-1534	18 13	142	4	1	1
921	Auditorium		Houston	77026-1534	18 13	142	4	1	1
325	Clubhouse		Houston	77040-1525	2 15	135	9	4	4
823					2 15	148	9	1	4
824					18 15	148	9	1	4
6 25	Main Lobby		Houston	77016-4745	18 13	141	4	3	1
826					18 13	141	4	3	1
827					2 4	127	8	4	4
828					18 15	139	4	4	4
829	Gym		Houston	77014-2755	18 15	126	9	4	4
830	Gym		Houston	77014-2755	18 15	139	9	4	4
831	Gym		Houston	77014-2755	18 15	139	9	4	4
832	Gym		Houston	77068-2399	18 7	126	9	4	4
833	Fellowship Hall		Houston	77095-1717	7 7	135	9	2	3
834	Gym		Katy	77449-4382	7 7	132	8	2	4
835	PAC Lobby		Katy	77449-5729	10 17	132	8	2	3
836	Meeting Room		Katy	77450-5370	7 17	149	9	2	3
837	Hastings North Lobby	yppy	Houston	77072-1105	9 13	137	9	2	3

Z																															
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Ω	138	126	133	131	139	139	139	141	131	150	150	150	127	127	148	132	130	130	138	138	138	132	133	149	149	126	138	135	131	141	141
L	7		17	13	15	15	15	15	13	7	7	7	4	4	9	18	7	7	7	7	7	17	17	17	17	7	7	7	13	13	13
S	2	2	7	9	2	18	18	18	6	2	2	18	2	2	29	10 18	7	10	7	7	7	7	7	9	6	2	7	7	9	18	18
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Ø	77084-1520		77077	77099-4298				79077		77388-4610	77373-6300	77373-6300			77009-3353		77429-3398	77065-3508	77095-2901	77084-6431	77084-6431			77083	77083-1905	77379-4615	77084-3204	77095-1149			
Ь	Houston		Houston	Houston				Houston		Spring	Spring	Spring			Houston		Cypress	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston			Houston	Houston	Klein	Houston	Houston			
0																															
Σ	Auxiliary 530		Fellowship Hall	Cafeteria						Gym	Gym	Gym			Activity Room		Meeting Room	Main Hallway	Atrium	Gym	Gym				Cafeteria	Cafeteria	Clubhouse	Atrium			
	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850	\$51	§ 52	353	854	85 5	83 6	857	858	859	860	861	862	863	864	865	866	867	868

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698						18	15	141	4	4	1		
870						18	15	141	4	4	1		
871						18	15	141	4	4	1		
872						18	15	141	4	4	1		
873						7	4	127	8	4	2		
874						18	15	139	4	4	1		
875						2	15	135	9	4	4		
876	GYM		Pasadena	77505-4242		36	11	128	8	8	2		
877	Computer Room 1203P	203P	Houston	77018-6186		18 15	15	148	4	1	4		
878	Computer Room 1203P	203P	Houston	77018-6186		18 15	15	148	4	1	4		
879						73	9	140	4	1	2		
880	Gymnasium		Deer Park	77536-5646		36 11	11	128	8	8	2		
	et		Houston	77095-2612		7	7	135	9	2	3		
\$82	Big Room		Houston	77070		2	7	126	9	4	4		
883	Big Room		Houston	77070		8	7	126	9	4	4		
3 84	Family Center		Houston	77069-2299		2	7	126	9	4	4		
885						2	4	127	8	4	4		
988						2	7	135	9	4	4		
68 2	Cafeteria		Spring	77389-4451		8 7	7	150	9	4	4		
888						36	11	128	8	∞	7		
889						7	4	127	8	4	2		
890						7	7	135	9	2	4		
891						73	9	140	4	1	7		
892	Gym		Houston	77014-3642		18	15	139	4	4	1		
893						36	11	128	8	8	2		
894	Cafeteria		La Porte	77571		36 11	11	128	8	8	2		
895	Cafeteria		Houston	77070-6417		2	7	126	9	4	4		
968	Cafeteria		Houston	77070-6417		8	7	126	9	4	4		
897	Rehersal Room 530	0	Houston	77064-7044		2	7	135	9	4	4		
868	Gym		Cypress	77429		10	7	130	9	4	3		
899						2	15	138	9	2	4		

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900						2 1	15	138	9	1	4		
901						10 7		150	9	4	4		
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903	Gym		Cypress	77429-1398		10 7	,	130	9	4	4		
904						36 1	11	129	8	8	2		
905	Party Room		Houston	77070-5671		2 7	_	126	9	4	4		
906						36 1	11	144	8	8	2		
907						36 1	11	144	8	8	2		
806						18 1	15	139	4	1	4		
606						18 15	.5	139	4	4	4		
910						18 1	15	139	4	4	4		
911	Gym		Houston	77062-2548		36 11	.1	129	8	8	2		
91 2	Youth Center		Huffman	77336-4103		2 4		128	8	3	2		
× 13	City Hall Side Room	m	Taylor Lake Vi 77	77586-5298		36 1	11	129	8	8	2		
914						36 1	11	128	8	8	2		
915						29 15	5	141	4	4	1		
916						29 15	5.	141	4	4	1		
0 17						29 1	15	141	4	4	1		
6 18	Cafeteria		Houston	77082-2486		9 1	13	149	9	2	3		
919	Gym		Houston	77095		7 7		135	9	2	3		
920	Fellowship Hall		Houston	77007-5195		2 1	15	134	9	1	4		
921	Library		Houston	77077-1806		7 1	17	133	9	2	3		
922	Gym		Katy	77449-6503		7 7		132	8	2	3		
923	Wortham Room		Houston	77065-5610		7 7		130	9	4	3		
924						22 1	11	129	8	8	2		
925	Cafeteria		LaPorte	77571-2904		36 11	.1	128	8	∞	2		
926	Cafeteria		Houston	77067-5214		18 1	15	139	4	4	4		
927	Gymnasium		Houston	77059-2812		36 1	11	129	∞	∞	2		
928	Room 605		Channelview	77530		36 6		143	4	n	2		
929	Big Room		Katy	77449		10 17	7	132	8	2	3		
930	Gym		Houston	77059-4700		36 11	1	129	∞	8	2		

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200	SnOL	5	1,1039-4100			13	131	0 4	0 /	1		
Houston	Houst	:on	77088-1500		18	15	139	4	1	1		
Houston	Houst	uc	77088-1500		18	15	139	4	1	1		
					29	15	143	4	3	2		
Salem Lutheran Hilltop	Tombal	_	77377-3716		10	7	130	9	4	4		
Multipurpose Room Houston	Housto	u	27077-6000		7	17	137	9	5	3		
					2	17	134	9	2	3		
					2	17	134	9	2	3		
East side of Building Katy	Katy		77449-3419		10 17	17	132	8	2	3		
					22	11	129	8	8	2		
					22	11	129	8	8	2		
Trinity Ballrooms 1 and 2 Houston	Houston		77032-2306		18 15	15	141	4	4	1		
Trinity Ballrooms 1 and 2 Houston	Houston		77032-2306		18	15	141	4	4	1		
Baytown	Baytown		77521-9744		36	15	128	8	3	2		
Baytown	Baytown		77520-1127		36	9	128	8	3	2		
Fellowship Hall and Chapel Webster	Webster		77598-4703		22	11	129	8	2	1		
Fellowship Hall and Chapel Webster	Webster		77598-4703		22	11	129	8	2	1		
Fellowship Hall and Chapel Webster	Webster		77598-4703		22	11	129	8	2	1		
Fellowship Hall and Chapel Webster	Webster		77598-4703		22	11	129	8	2	1		
Houston	Houston		77062-5794		22	11	129	8	8	2		
Houston	Houston		77062-5796		36	11	129	∞	∞	2		
Spring	Spring		77373-7535		18	7	127	8	4	4		
Houston	Houston		77058-4400		36	11	129	8	∞	2		
Houston	Houston		77058-4400		36	11	129	8	8	2		
					10	17	132	9	5	3		
					36	11	145	8	8	2		
Houston	Houstor	_	77035-5382		6	13	131	4	7	1		
					29	9	145	4	8	2		
					36 6	9	145	4	∞	2		
					18	15	127	4	4	4		

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962				,		18 15	127	4	4	4		
963	Training Theater		Houston	77014-1308		18 15	139	4	4	1		
964						2 4	127	8	4	4		
965	Art Room		Houston	77064-6304		2 7	135	9	4	4		
996						2 4	127	8	4	4		
296						22 11	129	8	2	1		
896						29 6	145	4	7	2		
696						2 15	127	8	4	2		
970	Cafeteria		Houston	77082-4926		9 17	149	9	2	3		
971						10 7	130	9	4	4		
972	Cafeteria		Houston	77083-5199		9 17	149	9	2	3		
973	Kids Worship Room	m	Humble	77346-2737		2 15	127	8	4	4		
87 4	Community Center	r	Houston	77072-3595		9 13	149	9	2	3		
X 75	Library		Friendswood	77546-1724		22 11	129	8	2	1		
976						18 13	141	4	3	1		
6						18 13	141	4	3	1		
978						10 17	132	∞	2	3		
6 /6						29 6	144	4	2	2		
%	Room 300		Houston	77095-2002		7 7	135	9	2	4		
981	Gym		Houston	77039-3599		29 6	140	4	1	2		
982	Gym		Houston	77039-3599		29 6	140	4	1	2		
983	Gym		Pasadena	77504		36 11	145	8	∞	2		
984	Library		Houston	77060-6100		18 6	141	4	4	1		
985	Library		Houston	77060-6100		18 6	141	4	1	1		
986						10 7	132	∞	2	3		
987	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77061-1514		9 6	147	4	7	1		
988	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77061-1514		29 6	147	4	2	1		
686	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77061-1514		29 13	147	4	2	1		
066	Main MultiPurpose Room	e Room	Houston	77061-1514		29 13	147	4	7	1		
991						7 7	135	9	2	3		
992	Gym		Houston	77095-4441		7 7	135	9	2	3		

Cypress 7429-2446 10 7 138 6 5 3		Σ	0	۵	ď	R	-	n	>	×	Z	
Cypress 77429-2446 10 7 130 6 4 Cypress 77429-2446 10 7 130 6 4 Houston 77042-4303 9 13 137 6 5 Houston 77042-300 9 17 149 6 5 Cypress 77429 10 7 130 6 4 Houston 77016-4809 20 6 143 4 2 Humble 77070 2 7 126 6 4 Humble 7736-3851 10 7 143 4 2 Humble 7736-3851 10 7 142 4 4 Humble 7736-3851 10 7 142 4 4 Humble 7735-3851 12 142 4 1 Humble 7735-3851 18 142 4 1 Humble 7705-2006							_	138	9	5		_
Gym Cypress 77429-2446 10 7 130 6 4 Business Center Houston 77042-4303 9 13 13 6 4 Cafeteria Houston 77042-4303 9 13 13 6 5 Cafeteria Houston 77022-3900 10 7 149 6 5 Sanctuary Houston 77070 2 7 143 4 2 Sanctuary Houston 77070 2 7 126 4 4 Sanctuary Houston 77070 2 7 126 4 4 4 Sanctuary Houston 77396-3851 18 15 14 4	Gym			Cypress	77429-2446	1	10 7	130	9	4	4	
Business Center Houston 77042-4303 9 13 137 6 4 Business Center Houston 77042-4303 9 13 137 6 5 Gydm Cypress 77429 10 7 132 8 5 Gydm Cypress 77429 20 17 143 6 5 Sanctuary Houston 77015-4809 20 17 126 6 4 Sanctuary Houston 77015-4809 20 17 126 6 4 Sanctuary Houston 77015-4809 20 17 126 4 Gym Houston 77396-3851 18 15 14 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 14 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 14 4 1 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 14 1 Musi	Gym			Cypress	77429-2446	1		130	9	4	3	
Business Center Houston 77042-4303 9 13 18 5 Cafeteria Houston 77082-3900 9 17 132 8 5 Gym Cypress 77429 10 7 130 6 4 Sanctuary Houston 77015-4809 29 143 4 2 Gym Houston 77070 29 143 4 2 Gym Cypress 77429-2452 10 7 140 6 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 29 6 142 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 29 6 142 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 14 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 14 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18						1	2 01	130	9	4	3	
Cafeteria Houston 77082-3900 9 17 132 8 5 Gym Cypress 77429 10 7 149 6 5 Gym Cypress 77429 10 7 130 6 4 Sanctuary Houston 77015-4809 29 143 4 2 Sanctuary Houston 77070 29 143 4 2 Gym Cypress 77429-2452 10 7 126 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 143 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 4 1 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Houston 77075-2006 29 14 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 14 4	Busines	s Center		Houston	77042-4303		9 13	137	9	2	3	
Cafeteria Houston 77082-3900 9 17 149 6 5 Gym Cypress 77429 10 7 130 6 4 Sanctuary Houston 77015-4809 29 6 143 4 2 Sanctuary Houston 77070 2 7 126 6 4 Gym Cypress 77429-2452 10 7 130 6 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 7736-3851 18 15 141 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 7736-3851 18 15 141 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 7736-3851 18 15 141 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 7736-3851 18 15 142 4 2 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77075-2006 29 15 142 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 15 142 4 2 Multi-purpose Room Houston 77075-2006 29 15 142 4 1 Gym						1	2 01	132	∞	2	8	
Gym Cypress 77429 10 7 130 6 4 Sanctuary Houston 77070 2 7 126 4 Gym Houston 77070 2 7 126 4 Gym Cypress 77429-2452 10 7 130 6 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 141 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 142 4 1 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 29 6 142 4 2 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 29 15 142 4 2 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Houston 77075-2006 29 15 142 4 2 Music Room 11 Houston 77075-2006 29 15 142 4 2 Gym Houston 77026-4728	_	ia		Houston				149	9	2	8	
Sanctuary Houston 77015-4809 29 6 143 4 2 Gym Houston 77070 2 7 126 6 4 Gym Cypress 77429-2452 10 7 130 6 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 141 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 141 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 141 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 142 4 1 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77075-2006 29 6 142 4 1 Music Room III Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 1 Multi-purpose Room Houston 77026-4728 18 13 4 1 Gym	Gym			Cypress	77429			130	9	4	8	
Gym Cypress 77070 2 7 126 6 4 Gym Cypress 7729-2452 10 7 130 6 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 141 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 141 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 29 6 142 4 3 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77075-2006 29 6 142 4 2 Music Room 11 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Music Room 11 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Music Room Spring 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Multi-purpose Room Houston 77026-4728 18 13 4 1 Gym Hous	Sanctue	ıry		Houston	77015-4809	2	9 67	143	4	7	2	
Gym Cypress 7729-2452 10 7 130 6 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 141 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 141 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 29 6 142 4 3 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 29 6 142 4 4 Music Room Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 3 Music Room Spring 77379-8899 2 147 4 2 Music Room Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 5 Multi-purpose Room Houston 77075-2006 29 6 4 6 Gym Houston 77026-4728 18 13 4 1 Gym Houston 77088-3053				Houston	77070			126	9	4	4	
Gym Cypress 77429-2452 10 7 130 6 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 141 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 29 6 142 4 3 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 29 6 142 4 3 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 20 145 4						2		143	4	3	2	
Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 18 15 141 4 4 4 4 4 3 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 29 6 142 4 3 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 2 15 127 4 4 Music Room Lost Lost 2 15 142 4 3 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Multi-purpose Room Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Gym Spring 77388 8 7 150 6 4 Multi-purpose Room Houston 7708-4728 18 13 4 1 Gym Houston 7708-4728 18 15 1 1 1 Gym Houston 7708-3053 18	Gym			Cypress	77429-2452	1	10 7	130	9	4	4	
Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 29 6 142 4 4 Foyer, Fellowship Hall Humble 77396-3851 2 15 127 4 4 Ferring Houston 77075-2006 29 142 4 3 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77379-8899 2 147 4 2 Multi-purpose Room Houston 77026-4728 18 142 4 1 Gym Houston 77026-4728 18 15 4 1 Gym Houston 77086-3053 18 15 4 1 Gym Houston 77086-4784 7 7 1 4 1 Gym Houston 77086-7784 18 1 4 1	Foyer, F	-ellowship	Hall	Humble	77396-3851	1	15	141	4	4	1	
Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 2 145 4 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 15 142 4 3 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 15 142 4 3 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Multi-purpose Room Houston 77026-4728 18 1 4 5 Gym Houston 77026-4728 18 1 4 1 Gym Houston 77088-3053 18 1 4 1 Gym Houston 77088-3053 18 1 4 1 Gym Houston 77088-3053 18 1 4 1 Gym Houston 77086-7784 7 1 4 1 <td>Foyer, F</td> <td>-ellowship</td> <td>Hall</td> <td>Humble</td> <td>77396-3851</td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td>142</td> <td>4</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td></td>	Foyer, F	-ellowship	Hall	Humble	77396-3851	2		142	4	3	4	
Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 15 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 142 4 3 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 147 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Gym Spring 77379-8899 2 7 150 6 4 Multi-purpose Room Houston 77026-4728 18 13 4 5 Gym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 4 1 Gym Houston 7708-4784 7 7 135 6 1 Gym Houston 7708-7784 18 140 4 1 Gym Houston 7708-7784 18 140 4 1								127	4	4	4	
Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 15 142 4 3 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Sym Spring 77379-8899 2 7 150 6 4 Sym Houston 77026-4728 18 13 4 1 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 4 1 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 4 1 FEACHERS LOUNGE Houston 77088-3053 18 6 140 4 1 Sym Houston 77085-4784 7 135 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 140 4 1 Sym Houston						7		145	4	2	1	
Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 15 142 4 3 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Sym Spring 77379-8899 2 7 150 6 4 Aulti-purpose Room Houston 77026-4728 18 13 4 1 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 4 1 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 4 1 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 4 1 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 140 4 4 Sym Houston 7708-4784 7 126 4 4 Sym Houston 77086 18 15 4 4 Sym <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>7</td><td>9 15</td><td>142</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td></td></td<>						7	9 15	142	4	3	4	
Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Music Room 111 Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Meeting Room Spring 77388 8 7 150 6 4 Sym Houston 77026-4728 18 13 142 4 6 Sym Houston 7708-3053 18 15 139 4 1 Sym Houston 7708-3053 18 15 4 1 Sym Houston 7708-4784 7 135 4 1 Sym Houston 7708-4784 7 136 4 4 Sym Houston 7708-4784 18 140 4 4 Sym Houston 7708-6 18 140 4 4 Sym Houston 7708-6 18 15 4 4 Sym Housto						7	15	142	4	3	1	
Multi-purpose Room Houston 77075-2006 29 6 147 4 2 Sym Spring 77388 8 7 150 6 4 Sym Spring 77379-8899 2 7 150 6 4 Multi-purpose Room Houston 77026-4728 18 13 142 4 6 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 139 4 1 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 139 4 1 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 14 4 1 Sym Houston 77085-4784 7 7 135 6 1 Sym Houston 77085-4784 7 18 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 140 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 1 1 1	Music R	loom 111		Houston	77075-2006	2	9 67	147	4	2	1	
Meeting Room Spring 77379-8899 2 7 150 6 4 Sym Spring 77379-8899 2 7 150 6 4 Multi-purpose Room Houston 77026-4728 18 13 142 4 6 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 139 4 1 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 139 4 1 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 139 4 1 FACHERS LOUNGE Houston 77085-4784 7 135 6 5 Sym Houston 77086 18 6 140 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 15 12 4 1	Music F	loom 111		Houston	77075-2006	2	9 67	147	4	7	1	
Sym Spring 77379-8899 2 7 150 6 4 Multi-purpose Rom Houston 77026-4728 18 13 142 4 6 Sym Houston 7708-3053 18 15 139 4 1 Sym Houston 7708-3053 18 15 139 4 1 IEACHERS LOUNGE Houston 7708-4784 7 7 135 6 5 Sym Houston 77095-4784 7 18 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 140 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 15 12 4 1	Meetin	g Room		Spring	77388			150	9	4	4	
Multi-purpose Room Houston 77026-4728 18 13 142 4 6 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 139 4 1 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 139 4 1 FEACHERS LOUNGE Houston 77095-4784 7 7 135 6 5 Sym Houston 77095-4784 7 18 6 140 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 18 140 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1	Gym			Spring	77379-8899		_	150	9	4	4	
Multi-purpose Room Houston 77026-4728 18 13 14 6 6 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 139 4 1 Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 139 4 1 TEACHERS LOUNGE Houston 77095-4784 7 135 6 5 Sym Houston 77086 18 15 140 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1	Multi-p	urpose Ro	nou	Houston	77026-4728		13	142	4	9	1	
Sym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 139 4 1 Sym Houston 77085-4784 7 7 135 6 5 FEACHERS LOUNGE Houston 77095-4784 7 7 135 6 5 Sym Houston 77086 18 6 140 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1	Multi-p	urpose Ro	nou	Houston	77026-4728			142	4	9	1	
Gym Houston 77088-3053 18 15 139 4 1 TEACHERS LOUNGE Houston 77095-4784 7 135 6 5 Sym Houston 77086 18 6 140 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1	Gym			Houston	77088-3053	1		139	4	П	1	
TEACHERS LOUNGE Houston 77095-4784 7 7 135 6 5 Sym Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1 Sym Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1	Gym			Houston	77088-3053		15	139	4	1	1	
Gym Houston 77086 18 6 140 4 1 Gym Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1	TEACHE	ERS LOUNC	GE	Houston	77095-4784		_	135	9	2	8	
Gym Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1 4 1 Gym Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1 1						1		140	4	1	4	
Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1 Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1						1		140	4	4	4	
Houston 77086 18 15 126 4 1	Gym			Houston	27086	1	15	126	4	1	4	
	Gym			Houston	77086	1	15	126	4	1	4	

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1024 Gym			Houston	98022	\vdash	18 1	15	126	4	1	4		
1025						2 7	7	150	9	4	4		
1026 Gym	Gym		Cypress	77433-2375		7 7	7	135	8	2	3		
1027	Gym		Spring	77379-6912		2 7	7	150	9	4	4		
1028	1028 Art Room		Katy	77449-4885		7 7	7	132	8	2	3		
1029 Gym	Gym		Spring	77379-8590		2 7	7	130	9	4	4		
1030	Room 208		Katy	77449-4842		7 7	7	135	8	2	4		
1031						2 /	7	138	9	2	4		
1032 Gym	Gym		Houston	77073-1101		18	15	141	4	4	1		
1033						2 1	15	127	8	4	2		
1034						2 1	15	142	8	4	4		
1035						2 1	15	127	8	4	4		
19 36						2 1	15	127	8	4	4		
1 037	Gym		Houston	77090-3626		18	15	141	4	4	1		
1038	1038 Front Hallway		Houston	77098-5330		2 1	15	134	9	1	1		
D	1039 Front Hallway		Houston	77098-5330		2 1	15	147	9	1	1		
1040	1040 Front Hallway		Houston	77098-5330		2 1	15	134	9	1	1		
18 41 Gym	Gym		Spring	77373-5687		8	7	150	8	4	4		
49 42						7 7	7	135	8	2	4		
1043	1043 Chapel		Katy	77450		7	17	149	9	2	3		
1044	1044 Gym Hallway		Tomball	77377-5868		8	7	130	9	4	4		
1045 Gym	Gym		Tomball	77375-6908		8	7	150	9	4	4		
1046 Gym	Gym		Tomball	77375-6908		8 7	7	130	9	4	4		
1047	Art Room		Cypress	77433-3468		10 7	7	132	8	2	3		
1048						29 6	S	141	4	1	2		
1049						18 6	S	141	4	1	2		
1050						29 6	S	140	4	1	2		
1051						29 1	15	141	4	4	2		
1052						29 (9	141	4	П	2		
1053	1053 LGI 132		The Woodlan 77	77375-1418		8 4	<+	150	9	4	4		
1054 Gym	Gym		Houston	77067-4104	\dashv	18 (9	141	4	4	4		

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1055	Clubho	gı	Humble	77396-4637		29	15	142	4	4	4	
1056						2	15	127	8	3	1	
1057						2	15	138	9	2	4	
1058						36	15	142	4	3	1	
1059						36 15	15	142	8	3	1	
1060						36 15	15	142	4	3	1	
1061						36	15	142	8	3	1	
1062	1062 Clubhouse		Houston	77065		7	7	130	9	4	3	
1063	1063 Library		Tomball	77377-2442	2	10	7	130	9	4	4	
1064						6	17	131	9	2	3	
1065						6	17	149	9	2	3	
1066						18	7	141	4	4	4	
19 67	Cafeteria		Houston	77072-3977	7	6	13	131	9	2	3	
3068	💥 068 Cafeteria		Houston	77036-5105	5	9	13	146	9	2	3	
1069	Ɗ69 Cafeteria		Houston	77036-5105	5	6	13	146	9	2	3	
1 070						7	17	138	8	2	3	
1071						7	17	132	8	2	3	
10 72						7	7	132	8	2	8	
4973						18	15	140	4	4	4	
1074			Houston		EV	6	13	131	4	7	1	
1075			Houston	77081	EV	7	17	134	9	⊣	3	
1076			Houston	77014	EV	18	15	139	4	4	1	
1077			Humble	77338	EV	2	15	141	8	4	4	
1078			Houston	77029	EV	18	15	142	4	7	1	
1079	Learning Hub		Houston	77087	EV	29	9	145	4	9	2	
1080			Houston	77054	EV	6	13	146	4	7	1	
1081			Houston	77002	EV	18	13	147	4	⊣	1	
1082	bulevard		Houston	77008-6320	0EV	2	15	134	9	⊣	4	
1083			Houston	77083	EV	6	17	149	9	2	3	
1084	1084 Fellowship Hall/Sanctuary (fire co Houston	sanctuary (fire co	Houston	77089		22	11	129	8	7	1	
1085	1085 Fellowship Hall		Houston	77002		18	13	147	4	Т	1	

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1086			Houston	77033		18	13	146	4	7	1	
1087			Houston	77035		6	13	131	4	7	1	
1088	1088 City Hall Council Chamber	hamber	Nassau Bay	77058		36	11	129	8	8	2	
1089	B171 - Center Court West	rt West				2	7	150	9	4	2	
1090	1090 The Center		Pasadena	77504		36	11	145	8	∞	2	
1091	1091 main ballroom		Houston	77013		18	9	142	4	2	2	
1092	CFC		Huffman	77336		2	4	128	8	3	2	
1093			Houston	77076		29	9	140	4	1	2	
1094	1094 Banquet Halls		Webster	77598		22	11	129	8	8	2	
1095	1095 Community center		Houston	77074		7	13	137	9	2	3	
1096						29	9	147	4	2	1	
1097	1097 Conference Room		Houston	77002	EV	18	13	145	4	1	1	
10 98	1998 Elliot Room		Spring	77379-7705EV	EV	2	7	126	9	4	4	
4099	2099 Room 107		Houston	77070	EV	2	7	126	9	4	4	
1 100	D 100 Meeting Room		Humble	77346	EV	2	4	127	8	4	2	
101	1101 Fellowship Hall		Humble	77346-2249EV	EV	2	4	127	8	4	2	
1102	Journey Room		Humble	77396	EV	2	15	127	8	4	2	
11 03	11 03 Large Worship Area	a	Houston	77038	EV	18	7	127	8	4	4	
H04	H04 Auditorium		Kingwood	77345-1350	EV	2	4	127	8	4	4	
1105	1105 Senior Center		La Porte	77571	EV	36	11	128	8	∞	2	
1106	1106 Assembly Room		Highlands	77562	EV	36	15	128	8	3	2	
1107	1107 Large Assembly Room	noc	Crosby	77532	EV	36	4	128	8	3	2	
1108	1108 Big Room		Pasadena	77505	EV	36 11	11	128	8	∞	2	
1109	1109 Meeting Room		Houston	77062	EV	36	11	129	8	∞	2	
1110	1110 Auditorium		Houston	77089	EV	22	11	129	8	7	1	
1111	1111 Large Meeting Room	mc	Houston	77089-1042 EV	EV	29 (9	131	4	7	1	
1112	Large Meeting Room	mc	Houston	77089-1042 EV	EV	22	9	131	4	2	1	
1113	Large Meeting Room	mc	Houston	77089-1042 EV	EV	29 (9	131	4	7	1	
1114	1114 Community Hall		Houston	77058	EV	36	11	129	8	∞	2	
1115			Webster	77598	EV	22	11	129	8	∞	2	
1116	1116 Room D-110		Houston	77089	EV	22 (9	129	8	2	1	

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1117	1117 Room D-110		Houston	77089	EV	22	9	129	8	2	1
1118	Garden Room		Houston	77058	EV	36	11	129	8	8	2
1119						22	11	129	8	2	1
1120	Dance Hall		Cypress	77429-7321	EV	10	7	130	9	4	3
1121	1121 Gym	Gym	Cypress	77429	EV	10	7	130	9	4	3
1122	1122 Training Room		Tomball	77375	EV	10	7	130	9	4	4
1123	Auditorium		Houston	77045-6402	EV	6	13	131	4	7	1
1124						6	17	131	4	2	1
1125	1125 Great Room		Houston		EV	6	13	131	4	7	1
1126	1126 Green Room		Houston	77045-202dEV	EV	6	13	131	4	7	1
1127	Ballroom		Houston	77031	EV	6	13	131	4	7	1
1128	1128 Sandpiper Room and Crane (room Cypress	and Crane (roon	Cypress	77433	EV	10	18	132	8	2	3
4429	 11 29 Performing Arts ∮Performing Arts Katy	Performing Arts	Katy	77449	EV	10	18	132	8	2	3
1 130	130 Auditorium Lobby	,	Katy	77450-2705EV	EV	10	17	132	9	2	3
1131	131 Meeting Room		Katy	77493-1717	EV	10	18	132	8	2	3
T 32	J 32 CY 106 and 107		Katy	77449	EV		7	132	8	2	3
1133	Room 105 106 107	7	Katy	77449	EV		7	135	8	2	3
11 34						10	7	132	∞	2	3
135	Meeting Room		Houston	77079	EV	7	17	133	9	2	8
1136						7	17	133	9	2	3
1137	Annex		Houston	77057	EV	7	17	133	9	2	3
1138						7	17	133	9	2	3
1139	1139 Assembly Room		Houston	3098	EV	7	7	133	9	2	3
1140	Laurel Ballroom		Houston	77024-2001 EV	EV	2	17	134	9	2	3
1141	1141 Uptown Room		Houston	77027-3419EV	EV	7	17	134	9	1	4
1142	1142 Uptown Room		Houston	77027-3419EV	EV	7	17	134	9	1	4
1143	Bayou City Ballroom	om	Houston	77007	EV	2	15	134	9	1	4
1144	1144 MMSL AR 2 3 (gym)	m)	Houston	77019-4926EV	EV	2	15	134	9	Т	1
1145			Houston		EV		2	13	134	9	1
1146	1146 Auditorium		Houston	77081	EV	7	17	134	9	П	3
1147	1147 Civic Center in Municipal Meeting Houston	unicipal Meeting	Houston	77040-2029EV	EV		7	135	9	4	4

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1148	1148 Room 300		Cypress	77433-5135	EV	7	_	135	∞	2	3		
1149	1149 Auditorium		Houston	77074	EV	7	13	137	9	2	3		
1150	1150 Meeting Room		Houston	77042-334dEV	EV	6	13	137	9	2	3		
1151	Auditorium		Houston	77042	EV	6	13	137	9	2	3		
1152	1152 Community Center	er	Houston	77084	EV	7	7	138	9	2	4		
1153	1153 Education Building Classroom 11	g Classroom 11	Houston	77080	EV	2	15	138	9	2	3		
1154	1154 Meeting Room		Houston	77084	EV		7	138	9	2	3		
1155	1155 Auditorium		Houston	77055-4917	EV	2	15	138	9	1	3		
1156	1156 Room 106		Houston	77055-4917EV	EV	7	17	133	9	2	3		
1157	Room 106		Houston	77055-4917	EV	2	17	138	9	2	3		
1158	1158 Gym		Houston	77043	EV	2	7	138	9	2	3		
1159	1159 Auditorium		Houston	77091	EV	18	15	139	4	1	1		
11 60	<mark>-1160</mark> Brooks Sports Gym	n	Houston	77014	EV	18	15	139	4	4	1		
191	4161 Room 102		Houston	77088	EV	18	15	139	4	1	1		
1162	162 Auditorium		Houston	77076-122dEV	EV	29	9	140	4	1	1		
DI 63	1163 Auditorium		Houston	77076-122dEV	EV	29 6	5	140	4	1	2		
1164	1164 Ballroom		Houston	77039	EV	29	9	140	4	1	2		
11 65	1≜ 65 Hall B		Houston	77093	EV	29	9	140	4	3	2		
4466	4466 Hall A		Houston	77093-4902 EV	EV	29	9	140	4	1	1		
1167	1167 Hall A		Houston	77093-4902 EV	EV	18	9	140	4	3	2		
1168	1168 Kaleo Building				EV	18	15	141	4	4	1		
1169	1169 Auditorium		Houston	77016	EV	18	13	141	4	3	1		
1170	1170 Church		Houston	77067	EV	18	9	141	4	4	4		
1171	Trinity Ballroom 1	and 2	Houston		EV	18	15	141	4	4	1		
1172	1172 YMCA Building		Houston	77073	EV	18	15	141	4	4	1		
1173			Houston	77016	EV	18	13	141	4	3	1		
1174	1174 Meeting Rooms 1	- 4	Humble	77338	EV	2	15	141	8	4	4		
1175	1175 Meeting Rooms 1	- 4	Humble	77338	EV	2	15	127	8	4	2		
1176	1176 Big Gym		Houston	77044	EV	29	9	142	4	3	1		
1177	1177 The Hall		Houston	77026-1411EV	EV	18	9	142	4	1	1		
1178	1178 Community Room		Houston	77029	EV	18	15	142	4	2	1		

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1179	1179 Auditorium		Houston	77026-2941EV		18	13	142	4	1	1	
1180	1180 Auditorium		Houston	77026-2941EV	EV	18	9	142	4	7	1	
1181	1181 Auditorium		Houston	77026-2941EV	EV	18	13	142	4	1	1	
1182	Multipurpose Room	om	Houston	77026	EV	18	13	142	4	9	1	
1183	1183 Meeting Room		Houston	77049-4607EV	EV	29	15	142	4	3	1	
1184	1184 Large Assembly Room	Room	Channelview	77530	EV	36	9	143	8	3	2	
1185	Conference Room	n	Galena Park	77547	EV	29	9	143	4	2	2	
1186	1186 Conference Room	n	Galena Park	77547	EV	59	9	143	4	7	2	
1187	1187 Conference Room	n	Galena Park	77547	EV	18 6	9	143	4	2	2	
1188	1188 Gym		Houston	77011-1036EV	EV	29 6	9	143	4	9	2	
1189	1189 Gym		Baytown	77520	EV	36 6	5	144	8	3	2	
1190	1190 Training Room		Pasadena	77506	EV	29 6	9	144	4	7	2	
11191	Learning Hub		Houston	77087	EV	29	9	145	4	9	2	
X 192	4192 Meeting Room		Houston	77054	EV	6	13	146	4	7	1	
1193	D I93 Arena	Hall D	Houston	77054	EV	6	13	146	4	7	1	
DI 94	1194 Auditorium 189		Houston	77051	EV	6	13	146	4	7	1	
1195	<u>11</u> 95 Gym		Houston	77033	EV	18	13	146	4	7	1	
11 96	4196 Royal Oaks Ballroom	noc	Houston	77054-1705 EV	EV	6	13	146	4	7	1	
4497	<u>+न</u> 97 Multipurpose Room	om	Houston	77075	EV	29	9	147	4	7	1	
1198	1198 VIP A and B		Houston	77002	EV	18	13	147	4	П	1	
1199	1199 Auditorum		Houston	77007	EV	2	15	147	9	П	1	
1200	1200 Gymnasium		Houston	77004-2604 EV	EV	18	13	147	4	7	1	
1201			Houston	77006	EV	2	15	147	9	1	1	
1202			Houston	77004	EV	18	13	147	4	7	1	
1203			Houston	77004	EV	18	13	147	4	7	1	
1204	1204 Meeting Room		Houston	77021	EV	18	13	147	4	7	1	
1205			Houston	77021	EV	18	13	147	4	7	1	
1206	Grand Ballroom		Houston	77092-8810	EV	18	15	148	9	П	4	
1207	1207 Grand Ballroom		Houston	77092-8810 EV	EV	7	15	148	4	1	4	
1208	1208 Gym		Houston	77022	EV	29	9	148	4	П	2	
1209	1209 The Plaza		Houston	77040	EV	18	15	148	9	1	4	

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×	2	4	4	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	1		
≯	1	П	1	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	4		
>	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	9	9	9	4		
Π	148	148	134	149	149	149	150	150	150	150	141		
⊢		15	15	17	13	17				7	15		
S	29 6	2 1	2	6	9 1	6	8 7	8 7	8 4	2	18		
R	EV	EV	EV	EV	EV			EV	EV	EV	EV		
Q	27009	77008-3441EV	77008-632dEV	77083	77083 EV			77379-2204EV	77375	77388	77090		
Ь	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston	Houston			Spring	Tomball	Spring	Houston		
0		nain building			Prayer Room								
M	Gym	1211 Annex in back of main building	1212 Activities Building	1213 Room 157	1214 Basketball Court Prayer Room			1217 Room 402	1218 Room 116	1219 Main Sanctuary	1220 Fellowship Hall		
	1210 <mark> </mark> Gym	1211	1212	1213	1214	1215	1216	1217	1218	1219	1220	1221	Exhibit 1



CHRIS HOLLINS

COUNTY CLERK

Recording the Major Events of Your Life

September 25, 2020		YES	NO	ABSTAIN
September 23, 2020	Judge Lina Hidalgo	√		
	Comm. Rodney Ellis	V		
Honorable Judge and Commissioners Court	Comm. Adrian Garcia	V		
1001 Preston, 9th Floor	Comm. Steve Radack		✓	
Houston, Texas 77002	Comm. R. Jack Cagle		✓	
RE: CTCL COVID-19 Response Grant				
Dear Members of the Court:				
The County Clerk's Office requests authorization \$9,663,446.00 from the Center for Tech and Civic Life. for the public purpose of planning and operating a s. Harris County as detailed by the Safe Voting Plan subs	The grant funds must afe and secure Novem	be used	exclus	sively
Our office will be working closely with the Grand Department. If you have any questions, please contact lat 713-274-9626.		-	_	
Sincerely,				
Chris Hollins County Clerk, Harris County, Texas	Presented to C	commiss	ioners	Court
CH/th	Septeml	oer 29	, 2020)
Attachments	Approve: E/G			



September 25, 2020

Harris County, Texas County

County Judge/Commissioners Court

1001 Preston Suite 500

Houston, TX 77002

Dear Lina Hidalgo,

I am pleased to inform you that based on and in reliance upon the information and materials provided by Harris County, and the special circumstances Harris County faces administering elections in 2020, the Center for Tech and Civic Life ("CTCL"), a nonprofit organization tax-exempt under Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") section 501(c)(3), has decided to award a grant to support the work of Harris County ("Grantee").

The following is a description of the grant:

AMOUNT OF GRANT: \$ 9,663,446.00 USD

PURPOSE: The grant funds must be used exclusively for the public purpose of planning and operationalizing safe and secure election administration in Harris County in 2020 ("Purpose").

Before CTCL transmits these funds to Grantee, CTCL requires that Grantee review and sign this agreement ("Grant Agreement") and agree to use the grant funds in compliance with the Grant Agreement and with United States tax laws and the laws and regulations of your state and jurisdiction ("Applicable Laws"). Specifically, by signing this letter Grantee certifies and agrees to the following:

- 1. Grantee is a local government unit or political subdivision within the meaning of IRC section 170(c)(1).
- 2. This grant shall be used only for the Purpose described above, and for no other purposes.

- 3. Due to special circumstances Grantee faces administering elections in 2020, Grantee has produced a plan for safe and secure election administration in 2020, including an assessment of election administration needs and budget estimates for such assessment ("Safe Voting Plan"). The Safe Voting Plan is attached to this agreement. Grantee shall expend the total amount of grant funds listed in the Safe Voting Plan as detailed in the Safe Voting Plan, but may reallocate funds between budget items listed in the Safe Voting Plan or to any other permissible public purpose listed in the online grant application with notice by electronic mail to CTCL. Such reallocation does not require the permission of CTCL.
- 4. Grantee shall not use any part of this grant to make a grant to another organization, except in the case where the organization is a local government unit or political subdivision within the meaning of IRC section 170(c)(1) or a nonprofit organization tax-exempt under IRC section 501(c)(3), and the subgrant is intended to accomplish the Purpose of this grant. Grantee shall take reasonable steps to ensure that any such subgrant is used in a manner consistent with the terms and conditions of this Grant Agreement, including requiring that subgrantee agrees in writing to comply with the terms and conditions of this Grant Agreement.
- 5. The grant project period of June 15, 2020 through December 31, 2020 represents the dates between which covered costs may be applied to the grant. The Grantee shall expend the amount of this grant for the Purpose by December 31, 2020.
- 6. Grantee is authorized to receive this grant from CTCL and certifies that (a) the receipt of these grant funds does not violate any Applicable Laws, and (b) Grantee has taken all required, reasonable and necessary steps to receive, accept and expend the grant in accordance with the Purpose and Applicable Law.
- 7. The Grantee shall produce a brief report explaining and documenting how grant funds have been expended in support of the activities described in paragraph 3. This report shall be sent to CTCL no later than January 31, 2021 in a format approved by CTCL and shall include with the report a signed certification by Grantee that it has complied with all terms and conditions of this Grant Agreement.
- 8. This grant may not supplant previously appropriated funds. The Grantee shall not reduce the budget of the County Judge/Commissioners Court ("the Election Department") or fail to appropriate or provide previously budgeted funds to the Election Department for the term of this grant. Any amount supplanted, reduced or not provided in contravention of this paragraph shall be repaid to CTCL up to the total amount of this grant.
- 9. CTCL may discontinue, modify, withhold part of, or ask for the return all or part of the grant funds if it determines, in its sole judgment, that (a) any of the above terms and conditions of this grant have not been met, or (b) CTCL is required to do so to comply with applicable laws or regulations.



CENTER FOR TECH & CIVIC LIFE 233 N. MICHIGAN AVE., SUITE 1800 CHICAGO, IL 60601

HELLO@TECHANDCIVICLIFE.ORG

PAGE 2



10. The grant project period of June 15, 2020 through December 31, 2020 represents the dates between which covered costs for the Purpose may be applied to the grant.

Your acceptance of and agreement to these terms and conditions and this Grant Agreement is indicated by your signature below on behalf of Grantee. Please have an authorized representative of Grantee sign below, and return a scanned copy of this letter to us by email at grants@techandciviclife.org.

On behalf of CTCL, I extend my best wishes in your work.

Sincerely,



GRANTEE

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_	A Company	
Bv: O'C	4	
- , ·		

Title: County Judge Lina Hidalgo

Date: September 29, 2020



CENTER FOR TECH & CIVIC LIFE 233 N. MICHIGAN AVE., SUITE 1800 CHICAGO, IL 60601

HELLO@TECHANDCIVICLIFE.ORG

PAGE 3

To: Center for Technology and Civic Life

From: Michael Winn
Date: September 24, 2020
Re: Harris Safe Voting Plan

Overview

Harris County faces significant challenges in executing the November 3, 2020 general election. Specifically, the global COVID-19 pandemic, an expected substantial increase in voter turnout, and the need to ensure voting is safe, secure, accessible, fair, and efficient culminate in the need for additional services not provided in past elections.

2.4 million, with voters casting ballots split between mail ballots and in-person voting. This document offers an assessment of resources needed for Harris County to safely and thoroughly prepare for the general election.

A preliminary budget overview estimate on top of what is already typically available to the County is as follows:

Drive-Thru Voting Locations	\$795,564
In-person Ballot Drop-off Locations	\$64,260
Voter communications	\$343,000
Provision of specialist services	\$245,000
Mail ballot equipment	\$510,500
Disability accessible tables	\$100,000
Election workers (in excess of a typical election)	\$4,083,826
PPE for election workers and voters	\$2,527,256
Specialists to assist at polling locations	\$994,040
Total	\$9,663,446

Needs Assessment & Costs

The following sections outline initial details of the operation and costs associated with each of the aforementioned categories.

Drive-Thru Voting Locations

For the November elections, we plan to utilize 10 drive-thru voting locations throughout the county. Drive-thru voting allows voters to vote from the safety and comfort of their vehicle. We had success in using drive-thru voting during the July 2020 Primary election and plan to expand the program for the November 2020 election. To that end, we need \$795,564 to cover the cost of materials needed, including structures, to adequately set up the drive-thru voting locations, providing for protection of voters, voter equipment, and staff.

In-person Ballot Drop Off Locations

Harris County plans to have 12 locations throughout the county at which voters may hand deliver their mail ballots.

These must be sufficiently staffed with 2 staff members at each location from September 21-November 3. It will cost \$64,260 to pay for staffing at each of these locations.

Voter communications

Due to COVID-19, it is imperative that we provide enhanced information to voters that emphasizes the safety of mail ballot voting and the importance of voting early when voting in person. To enhance this messaging, we will need to spend an additional \$343,000.

Provision of Specialist services

Operational consultants to assist in planning and executing multi-layered operational plans. Cost: \$245,000.

Mail ballot equipment

Need for additional sorters, scanners, and imaging devices for vote by mail applications and ballots, at a cost of \$510,500.

Disability accessible tables

Need for tables that are accessible that can hold our Disability Accessible Units (voting equipment) at a cost of \$100,000.

In-person Voting at Polling Places during Early Voting and Election Day

Harris County is committed to working to secure 122 fully staffed polling places during early voting and over 800 on Election Day.

In order to staff these locations, the county will hire, in addition to hiring for the typical number of polling locations (57 for Early Voting and 700 on Election Day) which is not included here, 1 Presiding Judge, 1 Alternate Judge, and an average of 9.5 election clerks for each polling location.

	Total cost	<u>Units</u>	Unit costs
Early Voting PJ	\$381,980	71	\$5,380
Early Voting AJ	\$320,423	71	\$4,513
Early Voting Clerks	\$3,004,223	675	\$4,450
Election Day PJ	\$50,000	100	\$5,000
Election Day AJ	\$36,500	100	\$3,650
Election Day Clerks	\$290,700	950	\$306
Total	\$4,083,826		

PPE for election workers and voters

Providing PPE, including KN95 masks, finger gloves, face shields, hand sanitizer, is imperative for safe voting in person in November. To cover all the PPE costs, we'll need \$2,527,256.

Specialists to assist at polling locations

Extensively trained specialists to assist in all functions at a polling location at a cost of \$310,840.

Conclusion

The investments outlined above will allow Harris County to reduce the risk of exposure to coronavirus for voters, election staff and poll workers; identify best practices; innovate to efficiently and effectively educate our residents about how to exercise their right to vote; be intentional and strategic in reaching our historically disenfranchised residents and communities; and, above all, ensure the right to vote in a diversity of communities throughout the county. Thank you for the opportunity to submit this request.

,				
				ORDER
STATE OF TE	XAS			
COUNTY OF	HARR	IS		
	sitting Ell	g as the	e governi	ember, 2020, the Commissioners' Court of Harris ng body of Harris County, upon motion of econded by Commissioner <u>A. Garcia</u> , duly
to approve, and	on be	half of	f Harris (Lina Hidalgo or her designee be hereby authorized County, Texas, to accept, a grant from the Center for illary grant documents:
		C	CTCL CO	OVID-19 Response Grant
Award: Period of Grant	:			\$9,663,446.00 06/15/2020 — 12/31/2020
	YES	NO	ABSTAIN	
udge Lina Hidalgo	V			Presented to Commissioners Court
Comm. Rodney Ellis Comm. Adrian Garcia	✓			September 29, 2020
Comm. Steve Radack		✓		ocpacional 23, 2020
Comm. R. Jack Cagle		✓		Approve: E/G

Case 4:20-cv-0370ALYRecurrent EARLYVOTING OUNDER

Location	SRD	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Location	SKD	Oct. 13	Oct. 14	Oct. 15	Oct. 16	Oct. 17	Oct. 18	Oct. 19	Oct. 20	Oct. 21
County Attorney Conference Center	SRD001C	950	664	524	374	139	86	221	247	204
HCPL Barbara Bush Branch	SRD126C	1,022	992	1,084	1,107	901	446	1,053	1,095	987
Fairfield Inn and Suites Houston NW Willowbrook	SRD126F	980	982	868	1,023	501	308	548	555	457
Lakewood Residents Club	SRD126L	1,160	1,169	1,150	1,284	805	495	1,011	945	816
ISGH Champions Community Center	SRD126M	1,207	1,391	1,337	1,354	775	437	847	813	726
Prairie View A&M University Northwest	SRD126P	966	968	1,015	1,059	1,006	504	1,131	1,071	1,007
Lake Houston Church of Christ	SRD127H	2,293	2,283	2,129	2,169	1,118	546	1,433	1,274	1,057
Victory Houston	SRD127V	438	448	315	307	244	114	251	255	189
Kingwood Community Center	SRD127Y	1,619	1,782	1,895	2,002	1,763	1,010	1,873	1,843	1,773
Coady Baptist Church	SRD128B	768	742	626	678	359	205	436	453	355
La Porte Recreation and Fitness Center	SRD128F	1,256	1,150	1,007	1,016	536	321	698	575	485
San Jacinto Community Center	SRD128J	503	366	343	284	152	67	187	145	118
East Harris County Activity Center	SRD128P	1,890	1,939	1,961	2,028	1,112	570	1,474	1,397	1,114
Crosby Community Center	SRD128Z	1,139	1,164	1,078	1,040	518	318	853	763	554
El Franco Lee Community Center	SRD129E	1,075	1,039	868	846	463	288	554	514	454
Clear Lake Islamic Center	SRD129I	1,254	1,114	904	884	379	189	503	496	440
MultiCultural Center	SRD129M	411	280	268	256	120	86	146	102	108
Pipers Meadow Community Center	SRD129P	761	589	474	508	180	134	278	307	212
Harris County Scarsdale Annex	SRD129S	1,237	1,216	1,171	1,225	835	391	972	892	768 τ
University of Houston Clear Lake	SRD129U	1,534	1,115	1,227	1,357	690	394	871	764	674¢
Webster Civic Center	SRD129W	858	672	602	591	289	155	388	349	313
Forest Bend Homeowners Association Inc	SRD129X	766	707	673	631	296	158	442	351	352
Juergens Hall Community Center	SRD130C	1,304	1,417	1,356	1,477	1,396	766	1,367	1,354	1,265
Hockley Community Center	SRD130H	800	857	919	930	421	220	540	579	434
Saint John Lutheran Church and School	SRD130S	1,569	1,454	1,450	1,498	1,132	595	1,235	1,247	1,126
Tomball Public Works Building	SRD130T	1,258	1,274	1,245	1,251	798	390	1,055	916	843
Hiram Clarke Multi Service Center	SRD131	1,376	1,081	907	768	580	278	600	439	481
Alief Regional Library	SRD131I	751	716	694	722	735	387	725	711	691
Kingdom Builders Center	SRD131K	365	122	118	365	85	42	94	53	40
The Power Center	SRD131P	1,052	760	583	650	371	173	395	359	342
Raindrop Turkish House	SRD131R	1,036	809	714		449	218	505	431	420
Lakeland Activity Center	SRD132A	978	1,250	1,128	1,195	780	441	869	791	684
James E Taylor High School	SRD132J	1,400	1,554	1,336	1,412	833	414	819	794	692
Katy Branch Harris County Public Library	SRD132K	758	793	881	877	791	379	819	796	747
Lone Star College Cypress Center	SRD132L	1,225	1,285	1,240	1,311	994	504	1,152	1,025	890

Case 4:20-cv-0370ALYRecurrent EARLYVOTING OUNDER

Location	SRD	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Location	3KD	Oct. 13	Oct. 14	Oct. 15	Oct. 16	Oct. 17	Oct. 18	Oct. 19	Oct. 20	Oct. 21
Harris County MUD 81 Building	SRD132M	995	1,030	1,062	1,084	479	269	707	680	627
John Paul Landing Environmental Education Center	SRD132P	688	681	688	814	318	184	305	284	251
Morton Ranch High School	SRD132S	1,527	1,404	1,336	1,280	813	467	771	763	607
Nottingham Park Building	SRD133	1,292	1,255	1,153	1,221	1,036	539	1,166	1,087	1,003
Masjid El Farooq	SRD133C	512	525	511	540	241	120	273	258	215
Unity of Houston Annex	SRD133U	879	784	678	750	369	216	487	460	486
First Congregational Church	SRD133Z	1,017	1,145	1,033	904	533	293	776	791	705
Crowne Plaza Houston Galleria	SRD134C	835	795	651	588	212	124	294	347	231 -
Hampton Inn Galleria	SRD134G	982	990	963	1,044	543	331	809	724	689
Hampton Inn and Suites	SRD134I	918	752	586	647	282	165	411	344	349
Metropolitan MultiService Center	SRD134M	2,356	2,238	2,315	2,290	1,347	638	1,679	1,525	1,418
Rice University	SRD134R	960	968	1,054	1,117	754	456	785	827	768
John P McGovern Texas Medical Center Commons	SRD134T	1,638	1,487	1,219	984	426	296	575	533	429
HCC West Loop South	SRD134W	1,511	1,415	1,207	1,334	523	288	705	620	510
City Jersey Village Municipal Government Center	SRD135	2,226	2,039	1,925	1,973	1,239	651	1,540	1,484	1,277
Richard and Meg Weekley Community Center	SRD135W	1,964	2,051	2,074	2,200	1,817	904	2,007	1,894	1,664
Bayland Park Community Center	SRD137B	1,610	1,538	1,468	1,444	913	428	1,026	1,063	977
Houston Community College Alief Hayes Campus	SRD137C	918	856	865	891	594	337	676	638	588
Tracy Gee Community Center	SRD137T	1,669	1,421	1,243	1,215	653	344	785	857	687
ISGH Bear Creek Community Center	SRD138I	1,371	1,232	1,209	1,401	744	441	721	731	635¢
John Knox Presbyterian Church	SRD138J	923	843	796	821	494	217	593	564	558
Katherine Tyra Branch Library	SRD138K	881	879	819	862	766	391	767	710	696
Trini Mendenhall Community Center	SRD138S	1,964	1,974	1,770	1,790	1,003	493	1,317	1,183	1,102
Encourager Church	SRD138Z	1,060	1,170	1,154	1,291	537	246	735	767	637
Acres Homes Multi Service Center	SRD139A	1,923	1,342	1,055	889	617	299	661	512	491
Fallbrook Church	SRD139F	1,422	986	603	787	305	148	465	304	275
New Destiny Praise and Worship Center	SRD139N	653	616	491	437	285	127	303	318	239 🛚
Lone Star College Victory Center	SRD139V	1,011	843	773	797	654	331	600	519	416
Hardy Street Senior Citizens Center	SRD140	872	584	451	410	266	130	303	257	266
BakerRipley East Aldine Campus	SRD140B	471	336	271	250	153	85	238	189	166
Anclamars W Reception Hall A	SRD140X	636	329	217	169	117	42	112	140	104
Church of Christ on Bammel Road	SRD141B	942	941	857	810	285	145	427	395	289
Northeast Multi Service Center	SRD141C	871	802	633	428	335	166	385	271	266
Green House International Church	SRD141G	558	415	338	229	185	86	220	199	157
Holiday Inn Houston Intercontinental Airport Hotel	SRD141I	842	762	640	500	226	119	282	248	221

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Location	SRD	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Location	SKD	Oct. 13	Oct. 14	Oct. 15	Oct. 16	Oct. 17	Oct. 18	Oct. 19	Oct. 20	Oct. 21
Lone Star College North Harris	SRD141L	724	628	501	484	337	204	398	383	365
HCC North Forest Campus	SRD141N	792	652	530	351	263	163	281	273	238
Humble Civic Center	SRD141U	1,312	1,239	1,353	1,147	1,081	550	1,221	1,042	1,019
C E King Middle School	SRD142C	868	699	520	558	327	145	329	302	270
Houston Food Bank	SRD142H	186	93	81	147	33	18	67	27	70
Kashmere MultiService Center	SRD142K	1,036	886	665	459	346	199	427	320	270
North Channel Branch Library	SRD142W	663	663	661	697	623	298	678	583	550
Martin Flukinger Community Center	SRD142Z	805	631	442	410	176	70	193	170	137
Alvin D Baggett Community Center	SRD143A	668	405	308	288	178	80	158	131	116
Milton Lusk Activity Center	SRD143C	394	303	249	228	146	84	152	145	126
Neighborhood Centers Inc Ripley House Campus	SRD143R	1,160	813	682	701	407	172	469	411	424
Harris County Cultural Arts Center	SRD143T	1,164	924	678	541	291	124	399	288	237
Lee College	SRD144	1,337	1,099	1,024	1,008	557	295	673	544	494
John Phelps Courthouse	SRD144J	744	498	414	306	128	77	209	144	176
Iglesia Una Luz en Tu Camino	SRD144U	189	151	105	137	86	32	93	93	97
HCC Southeast College Building C Parking Garage	SRD145C	1,313	830	679	743	559	284	541	474	426
Baker Ripley Cleveland Ripley Neighborhood Center	SRD145R	1,173	983	840	878	462	257	541	568	455
Saint Philip Neri Catholic Church	SRD146C	798	556	535	392	307	88	296	218	231
NRG Arena	SRD146N	830	558	405	429	322	137	383	251	197
Sunnyside Multi Service Center	SRD146S	1,266	1,222	957	748	574	246	668	504	487¢
J J Roberson Family Life Center	SRD146Y	743	364	241	168	108	55	126	100	81
Toyota Center	SRD147C	550	351	334	193	222	101	126	155	115
West End Multi Service Center	SRD147E	1,413	1,305	994	1,105	415	233	550	609	448
Marriott Houston South at Hobby Airport	SRD147M	514	373	310	254	174	81	182	211	163
Wheeler Avenue Baptist Church	SRD147S	1,299	529	357	317	160	83	202	170	168
Texas Southern University- West Side Parking Garage	SRD147T	797	459	295	280	174	68	172	167	147
University of Houston Student Center South	SRD147U	685	512	439	392	175	73	250	239	211
Shrine of The Black Madonna Cultural & Event Center	SRD147Z	1,027	572	449	363	192	77	219	215	182
Sheraton Houston Brookhollow Hotel	SRD148B	954	844	680	747	259	119	355	366	344
Clark Park Community Center	SRD148C	309	236	185	183	157	65	145	122	139
The Grand Tuscany Hotel	SRD148H	1,050	803	746	716	374	224	436	465	357
Moody Park Community Center	SRD148M	974	1,027	828	801	431	204	504	482	475
SPJST Lodge Num 88	SRD148S	1,506	1,546	1,454	1,612	574	326	933	856	790
Resurrection Metropolitan Community Church	SRD148Z	1,165	936	593	839	279	117	421	255	287
Houston Community College Alief Center	SRD149H	758	630	525	601	360	176	515	383	343

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Location	SRD	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Location	SND	Oct. 13	Oct. 14	Oct. 15	Oct. 16	Oct. 17	Oct. 18	Oct. 19	Oct. 20	Oct. 21
Mission Bend Islamic Center	SRD149X	666	593	532	500	351	220	386	333	280
Big Stone Lodge	SRD150B	865	839	870	782	509	299	558	509	501
Klein Multipurpose Center	SRD150K	1,001	1,043	1,036	1,184	1,055	640	1,196	1,157	1,083
Lone Star College Creekside	SRD150L	1,348	1,269	1,260	1,381	718	409	996	933	781
Samuel Matthews Park Community Center	SRD150M	584	646	618	663	218	115	343	269	223
Spring First Church	SRD150S	1,786	1,620	1,482	1,781	950	504	1,140	1,118	995
Hosanna Lutheran Church	SRD150X	813	729	537	489	250	110	303	308	273
Kingdom Builders Center	DTV131K	820	636	572	0	395	185	257	283	264
HCC West Loop South	DTV134W	1,292	1,419	1,449	1,609	1,078	621	955	1,108	1,032
Fallbrook Church	DTV139F	1,381	1,501	1,479	1,085	1,360	650	1,051	1,056	851
Humble Civic Center	DTV141U	1,511	1,821	1,774	1,804	1,161	661	1,048	951	798
Houston Food Bank	DTV142H	376	319	251	88	169	79	98	101	88
John Phelps Courthouse	DTV145C	650	607	537	638	420	191	438	406	303
NRG Arena	DTV146N	1,900	1,778	1,705	1,673	1,195	584	843	1,019	866
Toyota Center	DTV147C	1,127	1,125	901	1,118	629	307	687	626	506
Resurrection Metropolitan Community Church	DTV148Z	823	806	883	935	583	317	475	543	521
Houston Community College Alief Center	DTV149H	1,117	961	980	603	824	532	490	750	563
Early In Person Voters:		128,082	115,604	105,123	104,828	65,732	34,494	74,827	70,323	62,380
Mail Ballots Returned:		41,337	3,012	6,260	7,839	8,807	8,249	17,106	12,216	10,097
Total Early Voters:		169,419	118,616	111,383	112,667	74,539	42,743	91,933	82,539	72,477 c
Ballots Mailed:		238,062	962	954	1,585	885	1,175	736	737	820

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November 3, 2020 General and Special Elections

Location	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Totals
Location	Oct. 22	Oct. 23	Oct. 24	Oct. 25	Oct. 26	Oct. 27	Oct. 28	Oct. 29	Oct. 30	
County Attorney Conference Center	232	176	57	39	139	155	136	187	190	4,720
HCPL Barbara Bush Branch	885	980	538	406	786	901	820	1033	1170	16,206
Fairfield Inn and Suites Houston NW Willowbrook	416	486	215	243	403	483	508	563	727	10,266
Lakewood Residents Club	756	790	386	345	642	707	722	736	904	14,823
ISGH Champions Community Center	578	651	371	262	473	558	542	666	897	13,885
Prairie View A&M University Northwest	837	943	591	496	837	842	879	1173	1281	16,606
Lake Houston Church of Christ	948	994	502	354	747	782	808	903	1185	21,525
Victory Houston	170	210	102	131	281	289	276	581	650	5,251
Kingwood Community Center	1,548	1,572	939	622	1,237	1,323	1178	1244	1541	26,764
Coady Baptist Church	285	399	195	159	374	340	422	435	646	7,877
La Porte Recreation and Fitness Center	427	515	253	187	448	457	454	492	729	11,006
San Jacinto Community Center	125	137	56	43	107	105	118	135	195	3,186
East Harris County Activity Center	1,070	1,271	556	407	992	1,021	1066	1462	1692	23,022
Crosby Community Center	477	553	300	231	475	474	475	513	715	11,640
El Franco Lee Community Center	407	497	256	240	407	480	485	577	799	10,249
Clear Lake Islamic Center	377	447	318	127	297	353	353	407	482	9,324
MultiCultural Center	82	153	57	65	88	131	102	123	179	2,757
Pipers Meadow Community Center	235	286	140	110	249	296	226	324	416	5,725
Harris County Scarsdale Annex	754	747	453	327	713	743	747	925	1091	15,207
University of Houston Clear Lake	648	865	421	241	555	630	622	730	887	14,225
Webster Civic Center	318	368	133	131	303	260	341	316	485	6,872
Forest Bend Homeowners Association Inc	295	353	177	142	271	283	287	339	498	7,021
Juergens Hall Community Center	1,227	1,327	958	616	1,150	1,155	1176	1577	1487	22,375
Hockley Community Center	317	400	181	128	278	271	310	333	462	8,380
Saint John Lutheran Church and School	965	1,136	598	457	818	866	870	1009	1305	19,330
Tomball Public Works Building	693	804	503	211	642	591	557	653	815	14,499
Hiram Clarke Multi Service Center	377	412	303	183	431	408	412	568	669	10,273
Alief Regional Library	637	615	583	320	629	654	645	663	707	11,585
Kingdom Builders Center	48	87	47	15	50	61	67	86	60	1,805
The Power Center	250	303	199	129	301	334	338	389	539	7,467
Raindrop Turkish House	347	409	254	174	350	422	416	476	622	8,654
Lakeland Activity Center	580	752	340	327	435	472	529	569	737	12,857
James E Taylor High School	660	839	466	333	571	619	619	715	949	15,025
Katy Branch Harris County Public Library	606	722	449	293	578	589	612	707	793	12,190
Lone Star College Cypress Center	833	900	608	447	822	907	930	1097	1158	17,328

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November 3, 2020 General and Special Elections

Location	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Totals
Location	Oct. 22	Oct. 23	Oct. 24	Oct. 25	Oct. 26	Oct. 27	Oct. 28	Oct. 29	Oct. 30	
Harris County MUD 81 Building	563	597	297	206	470	474	406	515	659	11,120
John Paul Landing Environmental Education Center	172	227	146	128	164	175	184	192	283	5,884
Morton Ranch High School	493	710	463	380	467	658	576	761	1064	14,540
Nottingham Park Building	915	999	598	386	845	882	787	915	1040	17,119
Masjid El Farooq	203	252	253	77	131	177	183	266	323	5,060
Unity of Houston Annex	374	469	211	201	461	477	468	548	692	9,010
First Congregational Church	548	633	297	150	548	541	572	547	719	11,752
Crowne Plaza Houston Galleria	236	237	97	64	198	188	209	244	276	5,826
Hampton Inn Galleria	565	635	265	249	506	652	579	679	766	11,971
Hampton Inn and Suites	302	398	138	113	212	312	272	300	401	6,902
Metropolitan MultiService Center	1,222	1,419	652	452	974	1,159	1177	1197	1417	25,475
Rice University	782	568	512	359	606	638	584	502	840	13,080
John P McGovern Texas Medical Center Commons	441	476	168	167	314	331	333	702	657	11,176
HCC West Loop South	493	569	376	206	366	378	390	432	572	11,895
City Jersey Village Municipal Government Center	1,135	1,182	700	526	900	995	1075	1165	1548	23,580
Richard and Meg Weekley Community Center	1,508	1,712	1,166	884	1,375	1,442	1496	1677	1975	29,810
Bayland Park Community Center	754	887	606	338	772	845	813	962	1112	17,556
Houston Community College Alief Hayes Campus	553	659	629	276	405	605	622	750	893	11,755
Tracy Gee Community Center	653	615	333	216	603	553	567	982	1002	14,398
ISGH Bear Creek Community Center	475	545	342	329	485	547	520	682	960	13,370
John Knox Presbyterian Church	485	520	284	201	473	526	537	639	786	10,260
Katherine Tyra Branch Library	653	715	502	349	649	724	714	806	851	12,734
Trini Mendenhall Community Center	891	1,002	506	415	767	888	876	969	1113	20,023
Encourager Church	465	669	247	170	460	499	460	559	706	11,832
Acres Homes Multi Service Center	337	443	253	224	392	412	421	568	775	11,614
Fallbrook Church	191	318	245	88	173	172	165	277	508	7,432
New Destiny Praise and Worship Center	215	187	180	124	263	250	300	335	462	5,785
Lone Star College Victory Center	361	440	318	250	420	424	441	610	709	9,917
Hardy Street Senior Citizens Center	251	287	173	113	305	293	356	384	462	6,163
BakerRipley East Aldine Campus	151	193	95	109	190	234	270	277	412	4,090
Anclamars W Reception Hall A	97	107	53	63	151	133	150	217	314	3,151
Church of Christ on Bammel Road	281	279	163	67	224	244	216	295	378	7,238
Northeast Multi Service Center	261	232	171	121	236	270	233	344	456	6,481
Green House International Church	173	150	108	82	185	222	220	262	440	4,229
Holiday Inn Houston Intercontinental Airport Hotel	187	241	87	90	176	181	206	264	354	5,626

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Case 4:20-cv-0376 ALY TRECURIE OF EARLY VOTING OUNDER OUNDE OUNDER OUNDE OUNDER OUNDE OUN

November 3, 2020 General and Special Elections

Location	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Totals
Location	Oct. 22	Oct. 23	Oct. 24	Oct. 25	Oct. 26	Oct. 27	Oct. 28	Oct. 29	Oct. 30	
Lone Star College North Harris	312	299	178	216	290	372	380	520	641	7,232
HCC North Forest Campus	204	180	99	102	206	224	200	277	335	5,370
Humble Civic Center	796	1,033	807	400	829	924	849	960	1087	17,649
C E King Middle School	199	291	150	123	256	286	284	400	479	6,486
Houston Food Bank	29	42	30	13	37	30	40	63	79	1,085
Kashmere MultiService Center	250	238	167	128	307	303	283	684	753	7,721
North Channel Branch Library	522	592	440	273	508	601	577	685	672	10,286
Martin Flukinger Community Center	115	119	54	51	113	142	138	159	333	4,258
Alvin D Baggett Community Center	98	108	82	37	105	132	120	141	223	3,378
Milton Lusk Activity Center	115	131	97	73	158	184	157	201	280	3,223
Neighborhood Centers Inc Ripley House Campus	344	403	218	161	368	429	461	493	684	8,800
Harris County Cultural Arts Center	192	220	187	101	259	263	313	387	596	7,164
Lee College	459	525	318	241	546	564	556	651	949	11,840
John Phelps Courthouse	137	198	129	54	160	167	141	230	575	4,487
Iglesia Una Luz en Tu Camino	84	85	59	32	85	102	99	150	204	1,883
HCC Southeast College Building C Parking Garage	393	458	294	225	447	517	559	648	923	10,313
Baker Ripley Cleveland Ripley Neighborhood Center	418	573	296	257	556	609	602	703	999	11,170
Saint Philip Neri Catholic Church	193	196	138	84	170	201	185	246	365	5,199
NRG Arena	229	286	163	87	208	234	242	564	696	6,221
Sunnyside Multi Service Center	376	358	335	172	393	471	436	562	747	10,522
J J Roberson Family Life Center	86	61	34	30	92	88	80	99	191	2,747
Toyota Center	98	138	162	70	107	104	119	127	170	3,242
West End Multi Service Center	407	548	247	181	377	478	491	538	757	11,096
Marriott Houston South at Hobby Airport	147	191	108	103	190	204	228	301	466	4,200
Wheeler Avenue Baptist Church	134	142	99	40	123	131	141	211	256	4,562
Texas Southern University- West Side Parking Garage	104	93	100	36	128	123	139	184	246	3,712
University of Houston Student Center South	196	225	89	54	165	186	219	253	276	4,639
Shrine of The Black Madonna Cultural & Event Center	155	199	90	63	165	150	155	178	292	4,743
Sheraton Houston Brookhollow Hotel	332	406	180	99	247	290	349	386	528	7,485
Clark Park Community Center	139	139	69	80	129	193	245	303	389	3,227
The Grand Tuscany Hotel	368	364	209	164	305	372	410	481	678	8,522
Moody Park Community Center	419	453	306	208	443	438	434	595	764	9,786
SPJST Lodge Num 88	652	832	341	218	568	631	615	670	842	14,966
Resurrection Metropolitan Community Church	194	280	213	104	160	221	222	233	361	6,880
Houston Community College Alief Center	276	329	232	106	274	224	253	337	397	6,719

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November 3, 2020 General and Special Elections

Location	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Totals
Location	Oct. 22	Oct. 23	Oct. 24	Oct. 25	Oct. 26	Oct. 27	Oct. 28	Oct. 29	Oct. 30	
Mission Bend Islamic Center	272	285	178	159	280	290	269	316	451	6,361
Big Stone Lodge	420	410	452	216	390	368	378	477	595	9,438
Klein Multipurpose Center	940	1,014	680	558	955	968	953	1122	1255	17,840
Lone Star College Creekside	757	859	382	325	651	726	609	706	860	14,970
Samuel Matthews Park Community Center	192	259	108	106	177	167	198	180	261	5,327
Spring First Church	892	981	536	328	813	883	839	988	1357	18,993
Hosanna Lutheran Church	246	261	146	105	249	294	332	362	571	6,378
Kingdom Builders Center	194	201	249	142	221	268	242	358	458	5,745
HCC West Loop South	807	864	781	485	787	907	1014	1137	1329	18,674
Fallbrook Church	830	493	1,058	482	937	1,030	1035	1282	1348	18,909
Humble Civic Center	787	519	762	474	813	795	840	1044	1598	19,161
Houston Food Bank	106	94	126	62	102	138	133	174	220	2,724
John Phelps Courthouse	383	462	382	235	443	501	502	592	555	8,245
NRG Arena	700	835	683	263	731	837	919	1324	1494	19,349
Toyota Center	378	572	397	251	447	550	561	616	819	11,617
Resurrection Metropolitan Community Church	438	507	406	197	432	543	546	665	717	10,337
Houston Community College Alief Center	517	454	550	389	528	575	611	681	1026	12,151
Early In Person Voters:	54,827	61,476	38,735	26,277	52,175	56,891	57,129	69,174	86,734	1,264,811
Mail Ballots Returned:	21,928	8,326	4,013	560	6,407	569	4,652	5,460	3,572	170,410
Total Early Voters:	76,755	69,802	42,748	26,837	58,582	57,460	61,781	74,634	90,306	1,435,221
Ballots Mailed:	1,518	1,048	0	1,166	90	110	441	59	86	250,434

Case: 20-20574

20-0819 10/15/2020 1:49 AM tex-47203948 SUPREME COURT OF TEXAS BLAKE A. HAWTHORNE, CLERK

NO
In the Supreme Court of Texas
IN RE STEVEN HOTZE, M.D., HARRIS COUNTY REPUBLICAN PARTY, HON. KEITH NIELSEN, AND SHARON HEMPHILL,
Relators,
On Petition for Writ of Mandamus to the Harris County Clerk
PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS

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Counsel for Relators

Identity of Parties and Counsel

1. Relators

Steven F. Hotze, MD 20214 Braidwood Drive Katy, Texas 77450 (Harris County)

Dr. Hotze is a registered voter in Harris County and will be voting in the general election. [App. A]

Harris County Republican Party 2501A Central Parkway Suite A11 Houston, Texas 77092-7716 Phone: (713) 838-7900

The Harris County Republican Party is a political party established under the Texas Election Code.

Hon. Keith Nielson 2501A Central Parkway Suite A11 Houston, Texas 77092 Phone: (713) 838-7900

Hon. Keith Nielson is its elected chairman. [App. B]

Sharon Hemphill

Sharon Hemphill is a registered voter in Harris County. Sharon Hemphill is the Republican nominee for judge of the Texas 80th District Court, Harris County, Texas. She is on the ballot in the general election on November 3, 2020. She advanced from the Republican primary on March 3, 2020. [App. C]

Lawyer for Relators:

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2. Respondent

Hon. Chris Hollins
Harris County Clerk
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Houston, Texas 77002

Lawyer for Respondent Hollins:

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Appendix References

The attached Appendix ("App.") consists of the following:	
Affidavit of Steven Hotze, M.D.	App. A
Affidavit of Keith Nielsen	App. B
Affidavit of Sharon Hemphill	App. C
Affidavit of Jennifer Anne Hall	App. D
July 27, 2020 Executive Order	App . E
July 22, 2020 Hollins Request to Abbott	Ann F

Statement of the Case

Nature of the Case

Respondent Hollins has announced that the Harris County Clerk's Office will allow any and all Harris County Registered voters - regardless of whether they are permitted to do so under the Texas Election Code – to engage in early and election day "drive-thru" or curbside voting. Under Texas Election Code Section 64.009, 82.02, and 104.001-104.005. The Texas Election Code restricts curbside voting to three distinct categories: (i) a voter is present sick at the time of the vote; (ii) a voter has a physical condition requiring personal assistance (e.g., is physically handicapped); or (iii) voting inside the polling location would create a likelihood of injuring the voter's health. The criteria for curbside voting is equally applicable with ballots by mail voting. The Texas Supreme Court recently held that a voter's lack of immunity to COVID-19, without more, is not a "disability" as defined by the Election Code, and therefore, is not a sufficient basis to permit a voter to validly vote by mail. Accordingly, by indiscriminately encouraging any and all Harris County registered voters to cast their ballots curbside on this invalid basis, Respondent's ultra vires act to vote curbside in violation of state law must be stopped. Moreover, it appears that even legal instances of curbside voting will be illegally conducted due to the fact that the contemplated curbside voting activity will be conducted adjacent to polling locations which are not located inside of a building. Accordingly, Relators

seek mandamus relief to compel Respondent to perform his nondiscretionary, ministerial duties to restrict curbside voting to only those Harris County registered voters who have submitted sworn applications which facially satisfy at least one of the tree specific categories permitting curbside voting under the Texas Election Code, and to restrict any and all legal curbside voting to curbside activities which solely occur adjacent to a polling location which is located inside of a building.

Respondent

Chris Hollins, in his official capacity as the Harris County Clerk, who, under Section 83.002 of the Texas Election Code (early voting) and Section 104.001 of the Texas Election Code (election day voting), is designated as the "Early Voting Clerk."

Relief Requested

Respondent should be required to reject curbside voting to any Harris County registered voter who has not submitted the required sworn application to vote curbside or who submitted an application which does not facially satisfy any of the required criteria for curbside voting. Further, no curbside voting should be permitted by eligible curbside voters unless and until such voting occurs adjacent to a polling location which is located inside a building.

Statement of Jurisdiction

Texas Election Code §273.061 gives the Court original jurisdiction to issue a writ of mandamus "to compel the performance of any duty imposed by law in connection with the holding of an election." The Relators have a compelling reason to request mandamus from this Court in the first instance. *See* Tex. R. App. P. 52.3. The November 3rd, 2020 general election is quickly approaching and Respondent is allowing curbside voting or "drive-thru" voting for all voters regardless of whether (i) the voter is sick at the time of the vote; (ii) has a physical condition requiring personal assistance; or (iii) voting inside the polling location would create a likelihood of injuring the voter's health. Tex. Elec. Code §§ 64.009, 82.02 and 104.001-104.005.

This Court has stated "that an election in this state is not a single event, but a *process*, and that the entire *process* is subject to contest." *Dickson v. Strickland*, 265 S.W. 1012, 1018 (Tex. 1924). This case involves the enforcement by mandamus of duties involved with the "holding of an election," an election being the *entire process* including the date early voting begins and when a voter can deliver a marked ballot by mail in person to the early voting clerk's office. *Grant v. Ammerman*, 437 S.W.2d 547, 548-49 (Tex. 1969). Mandamus will lie to enforce ministerial duties arising in connection with an election. *Id*.

In this Petition for Writ of Mandamus, Relators are challenging the *process* of the election, i.e., the manner in which the Respondent is implementing curbside or "drive-thru" voting. Relators include a candidate on the November 3, 2020 ballot in Harris County, Texas, (Sharon Hemphill) the Harris County Republican Party and its Chairman, and a voter/activist (Dr. Steven Hotze).

Relators ask the Court to use the power granted by the Election Code "to compel the performance of any duty imposed by law in connection with the holding of an election." Tex. Elec. Code § 273.061. When time is of the essence, this Court has not hesitated to exercise its mandamus authority. *See*, e.g., *In re Woodfill*, 470 S.W.3d 473, 481 (Tex. 2015) (per curiam); *In re Carlisle*, 209 S.W.3d 93, 95-96 (Tex. 2006) (per curiam); *In re Tex. Senate*, 36 S.W.3d 119, 121 (Tex. 2000); *Sears v. Bayoud*, 786 S.W.2d 248, 250 & n.1 (Tex. 1990). The Court should exercise its original mandamus authority again in that Hollins illegal actions have begun and will continue through election day.

Statement Regarding Oral Argument and Request for Expedited Briefing and Decision

Harris County early in-person voting began on October 13, 2020¹. Election Day voting for the 2020 General Election will take place on November 3, 2020, which is less than a month away. Because time is of the extreme essence, Relators respectfully request that the Court expedite this Petition and issue a decision immediately. *See Davis v. Taylor*, 930 S.W.2d 581, 582 (Tex. 1996) (expediting briefing and oral argument in election-related proceeding). Because the duties described herein are clear and mandatory, this Petition should be granted without oral argument.

¹ https://www.harrisvotes.com/Docs/VotingInfo/VotingByMailFAQs-en-US.pdf (last accessed October 8, 2020

Statement of the Issues Presented

- 1. Is Respondent failing to perform his nondiscretionary, ministerial duties by encouraging and permitting Harris County registered voters to cast their ballots curbside even though they do not satisfy any of the three specific categories permitting curbside voting under the Texas Election Code?
- 2. Is Respondent failing to perform his nondiscretionary, ministerial duties under Section 43.031 of the Texas Election Code by encouraging and permitting Harris County registered voters to cast their ballots curbside adjacent to polling locations which are not located inside of a building?
- 3. Is Governor Abbott's July 27, 2020 Proclamation unconstitutional in that it suspends the Texas Election Code?
- 4. Is the Texas Disaster Act, Tex. Gov't Code §418 et seq. unconstitutional to the extent it allows Governor Abbot to unilaterally suspend laws?

Introduction

Under Section 83.002 of the Texas Election Code, Respondent Hollins is the early voting clerk for Harris County by virtue of his position as Harris County Clerk. Pursuant to Section 104.001 of the Texas Election Code, Respondent Hollins is also the Clerk for Election Day voting. As such, Respondent has the responsibility of enforcing the election laws to ensure a fair and hones election in Harris County.

Despite the fact that the Texas Election Code restricts curbside voting to only three (3) specific and narrowly defined categories of voters, Respondent is – using the COVID-19 pandemic as his pretext – to permit any and all Harris County registered voters to vote curbside. On May 15, 2020, the Texas Supreme Court rejected Respondent's contention that a voter's lack of immunity from COVID-19 and concern about contracting it at a polling place constitutes a "disability" within the meaning of the statute permitting a voter to cast a ballot by mail. The exact same rationale applies with equal force to Respondent's latest attempt to ignore the narrow confines of the carefully defined standards for the three types of situations where a voter may properly vote curbside under the Texas Election Code. None of those instances are satisfied by a voter's lack of immunity to COVID-19, or by a generalized subjective fear of contracting a virus, or by a desire for "convenience" or to enjoy the "comfort" of one's vehicle while voting. Additionally, Respondent is allowing curbside voting to occur in violation of the Texas Election Code which requires early voting to begin on October 19, 2020, not October 13, 2020. Respondent is relying on Governor Abbott's July 27, 2020 Proclamation suspending the Texas Election Code and moving early voting up from October 19, 2020 to October 13, 2020. Unless stopped, each of these instances of illegal voting will cast a cloud over the results of the General Election, as illegal votes will be cast and counted in direct violation of the Texas Election Code.

Statement of Facts

United States Court of Appeals Judge James Ho recently addressed the abuse of power that has been exercised by Governor Abbott since March of this year, stating, "The federal district court [by allowing eleven (11) different drop off locations in Harris County for marked ballots by mail] usurped the authority that our Constitution vests in state legislatures to set the rules governing federal elections. But so did the Governor of Texas...." Texas League of United Latin American Citizens v. Hughs, No. 20-50867, (5th Cir. October 12, 2020)(Ho, J, concurring). Judge Ho further describes Governor Abbott's assault on the Texas Constitution: "The district court was wrong to rewrite Texas law. But the distinguished judge who did so was simply following in the Governor's footsteps. It is surely just as offensive to the Constitution to rewrite Texas election law by executive fiat as it is to do so by judicial fiat. Yet that is what occurred here. Respected legislators and public leaders called on the Governor to call a special session so that legislators in both parties could consider and debate amendments to the state's election rules to accommodate voter concerns arising out of the pandemic. But the Governor rejected those calls, and instead issued a series of executive proclamations purporting to unilaterally 'suspend' various Texas election laws. Those actions have generated significant controversy. Members of the Texas Supreme Court described the Governor's actions as 'a clear abuse of discretion of a public official,' In re Hotze,

___S.W.3d ___, __ (Tex. Oct. 7, 2020) (Devine, J., dissenting) (emphasis in original) (quotations omitted), that "raise[s] important questions about the constitutionality of government action during the coronavirus crisis," id. at ___ (Blacklock, J., concurring). Only the district court's rewriting of Texas law is before us today, however. And that leads us to an unfortunate irony: by setting aside only the district court's rewriting of Texas law, we must restore the Governor's rewriting of Texas law. It recalls the adage that sometimes it's only the guy who throws the second punch that gets caught." Id.

Here, the Court has the opportunity to "catch" the guy who has thrown the first punch, Governor Greg Abbott. As Justice Devine has previously stated, "The Texas Constitution is not a document of convenient consultation. It is a steadfast, uninterrupted charter of governmental structure. Once this structure erodes, so does the promise of liberty." *In re Hotze*, 2020 Tex. LEXIS 680, (Devine, J., concurring).

I. Respondent Hollins' Ministerial Duties Under the Texas Election Code

Under Section 83.002 of the Texas Election Code, Respondent Hollins is the early voting clerk for Harris County by virtue of this position as Harris County Clerk. Pursuant to Section 104.001 of the Texas Election Code, Respondent Hollins is also the clerk for Election Day voting. As such, Respondent has the responsibility of enforcing the election laws to ensure a fair and honest election in Harris County.

One of the statutory election mandates for which Respondent Hollins is responsible deals with curbside voting. This is a method of voting whereby a qualifying voter may vote from a vehicle in lieu of coming inside to vote at a polling location. In order to take advantage of curbside voting, a registered voter must prepare and sign a sworn application. The application is similar to the application for vote by mail, and a voter must affirmatively check specific boxes on the form in order to facially demonstrate to the Early Voting Clerk (Respondent Hollins) compliance with the curbside voting statutes under the Texas Election Code.

Under Texas Election Code Sections 64.009, 82.02, and 104.001, curbside voting is restricted to three distinct categories: (i) a voter is presently sick at the time of the vote; (ii) a voter has a physical condition requiring personal assistance (e.g., is physically handicapped); or (iii) voting inside the polling location would create a likelihood of injuring the voter's health. Despite the fact that the Texas Election Code restricts curbside voting to only three (3) specific and narrowly defined categories of voters, Respondent has publicly announced his intention – using the COVID-19 pandemic as his pretext – of permitting any and all Harris County registered voters to vote curbside. Respondent previously tried to use the same improper rationale to wrongly issue of 2.37 million unsolicited ballot by mail applications. On May 25, 2020, the Texas Supreme Court rejected this same Respondent's contention that a voter's lack of immunity from COVID-19 and

concern about contracting it at a polling place constitutes a "disability" within the meaning of the statute permitting a voter to cast a ballot by mail. The exact same rationale applies with equal force to condemn Respondent's latest attempt to ignore the narrow confines of the carefully defined standards for the three types of situations where a voter may properly vote curbside under the Texas Election Code. None of those instances are satisfied by a voter's lack of immunity to COVID-19, or by a generalized subjective fear of contracting a virus, or by a desire for "convenience" or to enjoy the "comfort" of one's vehicle while voting.

II. Respondent Hollins Is Permitting Countywide Drive-Thru Voting In Direct Violation of the Texas Election Code

Respondent Hollins has implemented a countywide "drive-thru" voting program for every registered voter in Harris County. A true and correct transcription of the pertinent excerpt from a press conference where Respondent Hollins identifies the program is attached to the Appendix to this Mandamus Petition. See App. D At 5-6. Beginning at the 4-minute mark, and continuing on to 4:33, Respondent Hollins said the following:

"Drive-thru voting is an option for all voters who would like to be able to vote from the safety and comfort of your vehicle. Drive-thru voting allows those who don't qualify to vote by mail to minimize your exposure to other voters and to election workers. While we hope to have short lines across the county, drive-thru voters waiting in line will be able to wait in the comfort of your vehicle where you can listen to the radio or converse with loved ones until you are pointed to your drive-thru voting booth. We hope that Harris County voters will consider utilizing drive-thru voting."

See App. D At 5-6. In addition to Respondent Hollins' press conference, he also released a video on YouTube, which is also posted on the Harris County Clerk's Office website, just this past Friday, October 9, 2020. See App. D At 6. This video is entitled "Drive-Thru Voting in five steps." Nowhere in this demonstrative video of a voter voting curbside in his vehicle is there any discussion or caution or depiction about how a voter may determine his or her eligibility to vote curbside. Nor is there any mention or depiction that a voter desiring to vote curbside must fill out a sworn application to vote curbside. Hollins' position that anyone and everyone may vote curbside in Harris County should they wish to do so. This is what Hollins is allowing to occur. Finally, the video depicts curbside voting taking place outside of a polling location and that polling location is not inside of a building. See App. D At 6.

Because Respondent Hollins is allowing Harris County Registered voters to vote curbside without regard to whether they are eligible to vote curbside, and because of the very clear threat of imminent harm which will result from ineligible curbside voting taking place in violation of the Texas Election Code. Relators bring this Mandamus Petition to mandate compliance by the Respondent with his clear and non-discretionary ministerial duties. As will be shown below, Respondent's directive is in conflict with the Texas Election Code and should not be countenanced by this Court.

III. On July 27, 2020, Governor Abbott Unilaterally Suspended the Texas Election Code

On July 27, 2020, Governor Abbott issued an order suspending the Texas Election Code. [App. E]. Section 85.001(a) of the Texas Election Code provides that the period for early voting by personal appearance begins 17 days before election day. In his July 27, 2020 Proclamation/Order, Abbott concluded, "[I]t has become apparent that for the November 3, 2020 elections, strict compliance with the statutory requirements in Sections 85.001(a) and 86.006(a-1) of the Texas Election Code would prevent, hinder, or delay necessary action in coping with the COVID-19 disaster, and that providing additional time for early voting will provide Texans greater safety while voting in person...." [App. E].

In his July 27, 2020 Proclamation, Abbott "suspend Section 85.001(a) of the Texas Election Code to the extent necessary to require that, for any election ordered or authorized to occur on November 3, 2020, early voting by personal appearance shall begin on Tuesday, October 13, 2020, and shall continue through the fourth day before election day." [App. E]

IV. Article I §28 of the Texas Constitution Prohibits Abbott and Respondent from Suspending Laws

The Texas Bill of Rights, article I of the Texas Constitution, unequivocally addresses Governor Abbott's and Respondent Hollins' attempt to suspend the Texas

Election Code. Specifically, article I, §28 of the Texas Constitution states, "No power of suspending laws in this State shall be exercised except by the Legislature."

a. Abbott Responds to Harris County Clerk's Request by Amending Code

On July 22, 2020, Harris County Clerk Chris Hollins asked Governor Abbott to extend the early voting period for the November 2020 general election. [App. F]. Specifically, Clerk Hollins asked Abbott to "please increase Early Voting by at least one week, to begin not later than Tuesday, October 13, 2020." [App. F]. Soon thereafter, July 27, 2020, Governor Abbott unilaterally amended the Texas Election Code to extend early voting by six (6) days, October 13, 2020, and allowing a voter to deliver a marked mail ballot in person to the early voting clerk's office prior to and including on election day. [App. F].

b. Respondent Hollins is Implementing Abbott's Unlawful Order

Respondent Hollins has curbside or drive-thru location that are currently receiving votes in a period of time, i.e., prior to October 19, 2020, when in person voting should not be occurring under the Texas Election Code. It is only because of Abbott's July 27, 2020 Proclamation suspending the Texas Election Code that voting is taking place at this point in time.

c. The United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit Recently Questioned the Constitutionality of Abbott's Authority under the Texas Disaster Act Governor Abbott's unilateral order and suspension of the Texas Election Code allowed Respondent Hollins' drive-thru voting to begin on or about October 13, 2020. (App. B). The July 27, 2020 proclamation is part of the Governor's unilateral expansion of opportunities to cast an absentee ballot in Texas well beyond the stricter confines imposed by the Texas Legislature in the Election Code. Once again, Relators Hotze, Nielsen and Hemphill challenge the Governor's ability to suspend laws under the auspices of the Texas Disaster Act. But for Abbott's July 27, 2020 proclamation unilaterally suspending the Texas Election Code §85.001(a) and moving early voting by personal appearance to October 13, 2020, Hollins' drive-thru voting scheme would not be in place at this time.

In a recent concurring opinion involving Respondent's efforts to create eleven (11) drop-off locations for marked ballots by mail, Judge James Ho concluded: "I concur fully in Judge Duncan's typically thoughtful opinion. But I also do so grudgingly. I firmly agree that the federal district court usurped the authority that our Constitution vests in state legislatures to set the rules governing federal elections. But so did the Governor of Texas—as Judge Duncan also cautions. See supra at __ n.7. The district court was wrong to rewrite Texas law. But the distinguished judge who did so was simply following in the Governor's footsteps. It is surely just as offensive to the Constitution to rewrite Texas election law by executive fiat as it is to do so by judicial fiat. Yet that is what occurred here.

Respected legislators and public leaders called on the Governor to call a special session so that legislators in both parties could consider and debate amendments to the state's election rules to accommodate voter concerns arising out of the pandemic. But the Governor rejected those calls, and instead issued a series of executive proclamations purporting to unilaterally "suspend" various Texas election laws. Those actions have generated significant controversy. Members of the Texas Supreme Court described the Governor's actions as "a clear abuse of discretion of a public official," In re Hotze, S.W.3d , (Tex. Oct. 7, 2020) (Devine, J., dissenting) (emphasis in original) (quotations omitted), that "raise[s] important questions about the constitutionality of government action during the coronavirus crisis," *Id.* at (Blacklock, J., concurring). Only the district court's rewriting of Texas law is before us today, however. And that leads us to an unfortunate irony: by setting aside only the district court's rewriting of Texas law, we must restore the Governor's rewriting of Texas law. It recalls the adage that sometimes it's only the guy who throws the second punch that gets caught. The Dictionary of Modern Proverbs 209 (2012). I grudgingly concur." Texas League of United Latin American Citizens v. Hughs, No. 20-50867 (5th Cir. October 12, 2020)(Ho, J, concurring).

Unlike the Court in *Texas League of United Latin American Citizens v. Hughs*, this Court has an opportunity to once and for all address the constitutionality of Governor Abbott's unlawful executive orders issued under the auspices of the Texas

Disaster Act. Relators' pray this Court will not shrink from this responsibility, but instead for the sake of Relators and all Texans stop this abuse of power by the executive branch.

Argument

I. <u>Mandamus is Appropriate to Compel Compliance with a Non-Discretionary, Ministerial Duty.</u>

"A writ of mandamus will issue to compel a public official to perform a ministerial act." *Anderson v. Seven Points*, 806 S.W.2d 791, 793 (Tex. 1991) (citing *Womack v. Berry*, 156 Tex. 44, 291 S.W.2d 677, 682 (1956); *Turner v. Pruitt*, 161 Tex. 532, 342 S.W.2d 422, 423 (1961)). "An act is ministerial when the law clearly spells out the duty to be performed by the official with sufficient certainty that nothing is left to the exercise of discretion." *Anderson*, 291 S.W.2d at 793. That is the case here.

- II. Respondent Hollins Has a Ministerial Duty to Comply with and Enforce the Requirements of the Texas Election Code.
 - A. Respondent Hollins Has a Ministerial Duty to Review Each Sworn Application in Order to Verify that the Applicant Has Supplied All of the Required Information to Permit Curbside Voting.

Pursuant to Section 83.002 of the Texas Election Code, Respondent Hollins, as the Harris County Clerk, is designated as the "Early Voting Clerk." Because Section 64.009 of the Texas Election Code permits curbside voting under limited circumstances during Early Voting, Respondent Hollins' duties as the Early Voting

Clerk include the enforcement of curbside voting during Early Voting. Moreover, under Section 104.001 of the Texas Election Code, Respondent Hollins is designated as the "Early Voting Clerk" for Election Day curbside voting. In order to enable an eligible voter to legally vote curbside, the registered voter must submit a sworn application for ballot similar to the application for a ballot by mail described in Section 84.001 (Eligible voter must make an application for an early voting ballot to be voted by mail).

The pertinent statutes for curbside voting are as follows:

Section 64.009. VOTER UNABLE TO ENTER POLLING PLACE.

- (a) If a voter is physically unable to enter the polling place without personal assistance or likelihood of injuring the voter's health, on the voter's request, an election officer shall deliver a ballot to the voter at the polling place entrance or curb.
- (b) The regular voting procedures may be modified by the election officer to the extent necessary to conduct voting under this section.
- (c) After the voter is accepted for voting, the voter shall mark the ballot and give it to the election officer who shall deposit it in the ballot box.
- (d) On the voter's request, a person accompanying the voter shall be permitted to select the voter's ballot and deposit the ballot in the ballot box.

Sec. 82.002. DISABILITY.

(a) A qualified voter is eligible for early voting by mail if the voter has a sickness or physical condition that prevents the voter from appearing at the polling place on election day without a likelihood of needing personal assistance or of injuring the voter's health.

TITLE 7. EARLY VOTING SUBTITLE B. SPECIAL FORMS OF EARLY VOTING

CHAPTER 104. VOTING ON ELECTION DAY BY DISABLED VOTER FROM VOTING SYSTEM PRECINCT

Sec. 104.001. ELIGIBILITY.

A qualified voter in whose precinct polling place voting is conducted by voting machine is eligible to vote by the early voting procedure provided by this chapter if the voter has a sickness or physical condition that prevents the voter from voting in the regular manner without personal assistance or likelihood of injuring the voter's health.

Sec. 104.002. FORM AND CONTENTS OF APPLICATION.

An application for a ballot voted under this chapter must:

- (1) be in the form of an affidavit; and
- (2) include, in addition to the information required by the applicable provisions of Section 84.002, a statement that the applicant has not previously voted in the election.

Sec. 104.003. TIME AND PLACE FOR VOTING.

Voting under this chapter shall be conducted on election day, beginning at 7 a.m. and concluding at 7 p.m., at the main early voting polling place. However, if the early voting ballots voted by mail are processed at a location other than the main early voting polling place, the early voting clerk may require the voting to be conducted at that location.

Sec. 104.004. VOTING PROCEDURE.

- (a) On submission of an application to the early voting clerk, the clerk shall review the application and verify the applicant's registration status in accordance with the procedure applicable to early voting by mail.
- (b) The voting shall be conducted with the balloting materials for early voting by mail.
- (c) The voter must mark and seal the ballot in the same manner as if voting by mail except that the certificate on the carrier envelope need not be completed.
- (d) On sealing the carrier envelope, the voter must give it to the clerk, who shall note on the envelope that the ballot is voted under this chapter.

(e) If the voter is physically unable to enter the early voting polling place without personal assistance or a likelihood of injuring the voter's health, the clerk shall deliver the balloting materials to the voter at the polling place entrance or curb.

Sec. 104.005. PROCESSING RESULTS.

The results of voting under this chapter shall be processed in accordance with the procedures applicable to processing early voting ballots voted by mail.

The duty to review each application is not discretionary; it is mandatory. *In re Robinson*, 175 S.W.3d 824, 830 (Tex. App. 2005) ("The use of the word shall in a statute is generally construed as creating a nondiscretionary duty."). This duty includes the specific obligation to ensure that each sworn application satisfies the criteria set forth in the Texas Election Code to permit a specific voter to vote curbside during both Early Voting and Election Day voting.

B. Respondent Hollins Has a Ministerial Duty to Reject an Application for Curbside Voting That does No Contain the Required Information to Permit Curbside Voting.

Under Texas Election Code Sections 64.009, 82.02, and 104.001, curbside voting is restricted to three distinct categories: (i) a voter is presently sick at the time of the vote; (ii) a voter has a physical condition requiring personal assistance (e.g., is physically handicapped); or (iii) voting inside the polling location would create a likelihood of injuring the voter's health. Respondent Hollins, however, has announced his policy to permit *any registered Harris County voter* to cast their ballot via drive-thru voting. This illegal policy, which is grounded on the dubious

notion that a lack of immunity from COVID-19 justifies a wholesale repudiation of the Texas Election Code, *has already been expressly rejected by the Texas Supreme Court. In re State of Texas*, 602 S.W.3d 549 (Tex. 2020). Rejecting Respondent Hollins' argument in that case that a voter's lack of immunity from the disease and concern about contracting it a polling place justifies a voter's choice to case a ballot by mail, the Supreme Court made clear that a generalized fear of contracting a virus would not, standing alone, be sufficient to trigger a statutory right to vote by mail.

The Court's reasoning in *In re State of Texas*, 602 S.W.3d 549 (Tex. 2020), applies Respondent's allowing curbside voting for anyone who wants to vote curbside. The "disability" language contained in Section 82.002(a) regarding ballots by mail tracks the same language as is contained in Sections 64, 82, and 104 regarding curbside voting. Under Texas Election Code Sections 64.009, 82.02, and 104.001, curbside voting is restricted to three distinct categories: (i) a voter is presently sick at the time of the vote; (ii) a voter has a physical condition requiring personal assistance (e.g., is physically handicapped); or (iii) voting inside the polling location would create a likelihood of injuring the voter's health. Given this Court's decision on mail-in ballots, see *In re State of Texas*, 602 S.W.3d 549 (Tex. 2020), it is abundantly clear that Respondent Hollins may not, consistent with his ministerial duties to comply with the Texas Election Code, encourage or permit registered

Harris County voters to engage in drive-thru voting who do not satisfy one or more of the statutorily prescribed exceptions to voting inside the polling place.

The obligation to reject insufficient applications to vote curbside is not discretionary; it is mandatory. *See In re Robinson*, 175 S.W.3d at 830. The duty to challenge ineligible curbside voting is not discretionary; it is mandatory. *Id*.

III. Respondent Hollins is Permitting Curbside Voting to Voters Not Entitled to Vote Curbside in Breach of His Ministerial Duties under the Texas Election Code.

The Appendix attached to this Petition contains a true and correct copy of Respondent Hollins' announcement that he will, in his official capacity as the Early Voting Clerk, permit curbside voting for all 2.37 million registered voters in Harris County. See App. D At 5. In fact, he started doing so on or about October 13, 2020, the new start date for early in-person voting under Governor Abbott's July 27, 2020 Proclamation. This is a clear and direct violation of his duties to enforce the Texas Election Code. Respondent Hollins has a non-discretionary, ministerial duty to limit curbside voting solely to those registered voters who submit facially valid sworn applications to vote curbside. All other requests to vote curbside must be denied. "Failure to perform his duty subjects [Respondent Hollins] to mandamus." *Bejarano v. Hunter*, 899 S.W.2d 346, 350 (Tex. App. 1995). Absent an order compelling Respondent Hollins to comply with his ministerial duties under the Texas Election

Code, ineligible applicants and/or facially invalid sworn applications will be approved.

IV. Relators Are Being Harmed, Have Standing, and Will Continue to be Harmed, Absent Relief.

Respondent Hollins' non-compliance with the law is harming the interests of Relators. With respect to the Harris County Republican Party, demonstrated in the affidavit attached hereto, Respondent's policy of permitting the counting of ineligible and illegal ballots cast curbside, will continue to harm this Relator's mission and purpose, absent relief. Relator Harris County Republican Party has standing to complain because, as an integral part of its public interest mission, this Relator is committed to advancing limited government, lower taxes, less spending, and individual liberty. This Relator's specific goals are to grow the Republican Party by reaching new voters, advance the Platform, which is grounded in conservative principles, and to keep Texas prosperous and free. See App. B.

With respect to Relator Hotze, he has standing because he is threatened with a violation of his right to vote. "Undeniably the Constitution of the Untied States protects the right of all qualified citizens to vote, in state as well as in federal elections." *Reynolds v. Sims*, 377 U.S. 533, 554 (1964). This right "can neither be denied outright... nor destroyed by alteration of ballots... nor diluted by ballot-box stuffing." *Id.* "The right to vote is 'individual and personal in nature,' and 'voters who allege facts showing disadvantage to themselves as individuals have standing

to sue' to remedy that disadvantage." Gill v. Whitford, 138 S. Ct. 1916, 1920 (2018) (quoting Reynolds, 377 U.S. at 561 and Baker v. Carr, 369 U.S. 186, 206 (1962)). As demonstrated in his attached affidavit, Dr. Hotze is a registered voter in Harris County, Texas. See App. A. Dr. Hotze intends to vote in the 2020 General Election and in other future elections in Harris County, Texas. See App. A. Dr. Hotze is very concerned that the Harris County Clerk is allowing a policy to permit curbside voting by persons who are ineligible to vote curbside. If this is permitted, then the outcome of the election will be in doubt. Accordingly, Relator Hotze objects to the casting and to the counting of any ineligible or illegal curbside voting, as the consequence of permitting such activity hurts not only the integrity and the reported outcomes of the election for all of the candidates and all of the voters who voted, but it could also dilute or otherwise diminish and cancel Relator Hotze's casting of a legal vote for the candidates of his choice in the General Election.

The evidence in the Appendix shows that there is an imminent threat that illegal curbside votes will be cast and counted during both Early Voting and Election Day voting in Harris County. Pursuant to Section 221.003(b) of the Texas Election Code, illegal votes are votes which may not properly be cast and counted. Should Respondent Hollins be permitted to continue to allow illegal curbside votes, then the only remedy would be for a defeated candidate to file an election contest after the results of the election are certified by the canvassing authority pursuant to Section

221 of the Texas Election Code. But Relator Hotze has no control over whether an election contest may be filed, as he is not a candidate on the ballot. Irrespective of whether a contest is filed, the harm to Dr. Hotze is the same: his legal vote is at risk of being cancelled by an illegal vote. Dr. Hotze is therefore at risk of having his vote canceled out by an ineligible vote. The risk of injury to his right to vote give Dr. Hotze standing.

With respect to Relator Hemphill, she is a candidate on the November 3, 2020 general election ballot in Harris County, Texas and will be irreparably harmed if this Court allows Respondent's illegal conduct to occur. [App. C] It will be practically impossible to identify the curbside voters who did not qualify under the Texas Election Code and vote during the period allowed by Governor Abbott's July 27, 2020 Proclamation.

V. <u>Harris County Clerk Hollins is Violating the Texas Election Code</u>

Respondent Chris Hollins is responsible for administering elections in Harris County. On July 27, 2020, Governor Abbott issued a Proclamation suspending Texas Election Code sections 85.001(a) for the November 3rd, 2020 general election.

a. Texas Election Code Sets Early Voting Dates

Texas Election Code Sec. 41.001(a)(3) provides uniform election dates: UNIFORM ELECTION DATES.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided by this subchapter, each general or special election in this state shall be held on one of the following dates:
 - (3) the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.

The general election is set for November 3, 2020.

The Texas Election Code §85.001 identifies dates for early voting:

Sec. 85.001. EARLY VOTING PERIOD.

(a) The period for early voting by personal appearance begins on the 17th day before election day and continues through the fourth day before election day, except as otherwise provided by this section.

The Texas Election Code contains a provision specifically addressing the situation where it is not possible for early voting to begin on the prescribed date, stating, "If because of the date for which an election is ordered it is not possible to begin early voting by personal appearance on the prescribed date, the early voting period shall begin on the earliest date practicable after the prescribed date as set by the authority ordering the election." Texas Elect. Code § 85.001(d). Unlike Governor Abbott's July 27, 2020 Order, the Texas Election Code does not move the date back, instead it sets the new date to begin early voting after the prescribed date. Here, Governor Abbott is unilaterally taking the opposite approach, extending the early voting period by almost a week.

b. The Texas Election Code Establishes When A Voter Can Participate in Curbside Voting.

Texas Election Code 64.009(a) provides that a voter who cannot physically enter the polling location without personal assistance or if there is a likelihood of injury to the voters health, the voter can request an election officer to deliver a ballot to the voter at the polling place entrance or curb. Tex. Elec. Code 64.009 (a). Accordingly, the polling location has to be open for curb side voting to occur and, therefore, the date curbside or drive-thru voting begins is the start of in-person early voting. Governor Abbott has unilaterally moved this dates forward from October 19, 2020 to October 13, 2020.

c. The Plain Language of Texas Election Code §85.001(a) Prohibits Respondent from Allowing Curbside Voting on October 13, 2020.

Texas statutes are to be interpreted based on their plain language. *See Leland v. Brandal*, 257 S.W.3d 204, 206 (Tex. 2008). The Court presumes the Legislature included each word for a purpose and that words not included were purposefully omitted. *In re M.N.*, 262 S.W.3d 799, 802 (Tex. 2008). It also presumes the Legislature understood and followed the rules of English grammar. Tex. Gov't Code § 311.011; *See also* Antonin Scalia & Bryan A. Garner, Reading Law: The Interpretation of Legal Texts 140 (2012) (describing the presumption as "unshakeable").

The plain language of Texas Election Code §85.001(a) makes it clear that early voting can begin no earlier than the 17th day before election day. *Id*. Texas

Election Code §85.001 does not allow Respondent Collins to move early voting beyond the 17th day before the election.

If the Legislature had wanted to give Governor Abbott and thus Respondent the discretion to move up or change the start date for early voting (and thus curbside voting), they could have done so. Instead, the Legislature limited the start of early voting by personal appearance to the 17th day before election day, October 19, 2020.

d. <u>Due to the Early Start Date for Early In Person Voting, and Respondent's Illegal Definition of Curbside Voting (Drive-Thru Voting), It Will Not be Possible for Poll Watchers to be Present to View the Curbside or Drive-Thru Voting.</u>

Under Hollins' scheme, any voter can utilize drive-thru or curbside voting at one of ten (10) locations from October 13, 2020 through election day. This scenario creates an opportunity ripe for fraud and is inconsistent with Texas law regarding curbside voting and will be impossible for poll watchers to view what is happening in the interaction that occurs between the election official and the voter in a curbside voting situation.

- VI. Respondent Hollins' Conduct and the July 27, 2020 Order Suspending the Texas Election Code are Unconstitutional
 - a. Respondent Hollins' Conduct Violates Article I, Section 28 of the Texas Constitution

"The Constitution is not suspended when the government declares a state of disaster." *In re Abbott*, No. 20-0291, 2020 WL 1943226, at *1 (Tex. Apr. 23, 2020). During a pandemic "the judiciary, the other branches of government, and our fellow

citizens—must insist that every action our governments take complies with the Constitution, especially now. If we tolerate unconstitutional government orders during an emergency, whether out of expediency or fear, we abandon the Constitution at the moment we need it most." *Id.* "When properly called upon, the judicial branch must not shrink from its duty to require the government's anti-virus orders to comply with the Constitution and the law, no matter the circumstances." *Id.*

Government power cannot be exercised in conflict with the constitution, even in a pandemic. *In re Abbott*, 2020 WL 1943226 at *1 (Tex. Apr. 23, 2020). Texas law does not and cannot empower a Governor to unilaterally suspend the laws of the State of Texas. Article I, § 28 of the Texas Constitution states, "No power of suspending laws in this State shall be exercised except by the Legislature." The Texas Supreme Court has long held that the Legislature cannot delegate "to anyone else the authority to suspend a statute law of the state." *Brown Cracker & Candy Co. v. City of Dallas*, 104 Tex. 290, 294-95 (1911); *Arroyo v. State*, 69 S.W. 503, 504 (Tex. Crim. App. 1902) ("Under the constitution, the legislature ha[s] no right to delegate its authority . . . to set aside, vacate, suspend, or repeal the general laws of this state.").

"[P]rior to 1874 this section was as follows: 'No power of suspending laws in this state shall be exercised, except by the legislature, *or its authority*" (emphasis added). *Arroyo*, 69 S.W. at 504. This constitutional provision was then specifically

amended to remove the provision allowing the Legislature to delegate its suspension power by "its authority." *Id.* This was expressly done to remedy "the history of the oppressions which grew out of the suspension of laws by reason of such delegation of legislative authority and the declaration of martial law." *Id.*

Article I, §28 was created in part in response to then-Governor F.J. Davis "declar[ing] . . . counties under martial law" and depriving of liberty "offenders by court martial in Houston," George D. Braden, The Constitution of the State of Texas: An Annotated and Comparative Analysis 84 (1977). Texas Government Code §418 is therefore unconstitutional on its face because it purports to delegate legislative power to suspend laws to the Governor in contravention of Texas Constitution, Art. I, §28 and Art. II, §1.

As Abbott's July 27, 2020 Order suspends several provisions of the Texas Election Code, and on its face admits that Abbott is suspending laws in accordance with Texas Gov't Code Chapter 418, the Order itself is an unconstitutional suspension of the laws and, therefore, violate Article I, §28 of the Texas Constitution and are "null and void." See *Arroyo*, 69 S.W. at 504. Additionally, to the extent the Texas Disaster Act allows for the suspension of laws by the Governor, it is unconstitutional and void.

The Texas Constitution limits Abbott's and Respondent Hollins' authority even in times of crisis or "extraordinary occasions." See Tex. Const. art IV, §8 (stating on "extraordinary occasions" Governor may convene the Texas Legislature).

If not limited, and if Constitutional rights may be suspended or infringed unilaterally and for unlimited duration whenever a Governor "declares" an emergency, then such rights are wholly illusory. Governor Abbott's July 27, 2020 Order and Respondent Hollins' enforcement of same, violates the Texas Constitution and therefore should be declared void and unenforceable.

b. Hollins' Conduct Violates Texas Government Code, Chapter 418

Assuming, arguendo, the Texas Disaster Act is legal, Hollins' conduct and the July 27, 2020 Order allowing it to begin as early as October 13, 2020 violates Texas Government Code § 418 et seq., the Texas Disaster Act. Specifically, the Disaster Act limits Governor Abbott's power to those provisions expressly described in the statute. The Disaster Act does not contain any language expressly allowing Governor Abbott to amend the Texas Election Code in the manner he has chosen to do so.

c. <u>Texas Government Code, Chapter 418, Violates the Texas Constitution</u>

Texas Government Code Chapter 418 is unconstitutional on its face and as applied. Texas Government Code Chapter 418 is unconstitutional on its face because it is an improper delegation of legislative authority expressly prohibited by Texas Constitution, Art. II, §1. Abbott's July 27, 2020 Order is facially unconstitutional because Defendant issued the Order pursuant to Chapter 418 (an unconstitutional statute) and because they purport to exercise the power to suspend

laws which authority is reserved exclusively to the legislature. Tex. Const. art. I, §28. As such, Texas Government Code Chapter 418, and all orders issued pursuant thereto, should be declared unconstitutional and rendered null and void.

d. <u>Abbott's July 27, 2020 Order Violates the Separation of Powers Doctrine</u>

The July 27, 2020 Order Respondent Hollins is tasked with implementing/enforcing, violates the separation of powers provision of the Texas Constitution because it suspends laws. Article II, §1 of the Texas Constitution provides that "The powers of the Government of the State of Texas shall be divided into three distinct departments, each of which shall be confided to a separate body of magistracy, to wit: Those which are Legislative to one; those which are Executive to another, and those which are Judicial to another; and no person, or collection of persons, being of one of these departments, shall exercise any power properly attached to either of the others, except in the instances herein expressly permitted." The Texas Constitution vests the Legislature with Tex. Const. art. II, §1. "legislative power, i.e., the law-making power of the people." Tex. Const. art. 3, § 1.

Only the Legislature can exercise law-making power, subject to restrictions imposed by the constitution. Tex. Const. art. II, §1. Because of the Texas Constitution's "explicit prohibition against one government branch exercising a power attached to another," *Perry v. Del Rio*, 67 S.W.3d 85, 91 (Tex. 2001),

exceptions to the constitutionally-mandated separation of powers may "never be implied in the least; they must be 'expressly permitted' by the Constitution itself." *Fin. Comm'n of Texas v. Norwood*, 418 S.W.3d 566, 570 (Tex. 2013). These restrictions must be expressed or clearly implied. *Jones v. State*, 803 S.W.2d 712, 716 (Tex. Crim. App. 1991) (citing *Gov't Servs. Ins. Underwriters v. Jones*, 368 S.W.2d 560, 563 (Tex. 1963)).

The Legislature may delegate some of its powers to another branch, but only if those powers are not more properly attached to the legislature by Constitutional mandate. For example, Legislative power cannot be delegated to the executive branch, either directly or to an executive agency. *State v. Rhine*, 297 S.W.3d 301, 306 (Tex. Crim. App. 2009). The issue becomes a question of the point at which delegation becomes unconstitutional. *Id.* The Texas Supreme Court has described the problem: "the debate over unconstitutional delegation becomes a debate not over a point of principle but over a question of degree." *Tex. Boll Weevil Eradication Found., Inc.*, 952 S.W.2d 454, 466 (Tex. 1997).

The Texas Court of Criminal Appeals in *Ex parte Granviel*, 561 S.W.2d 503 (Tex. Crim. App. 1978), stated that sufficient standards are necessary to keep the degree of delegated discretion below the level of legislating. The existence of an area for exercise of discretion by the executive branch requires that standards are formulated for guidance and there is limited discretion. *Ex parte Granviel*, 561

S.W.2d at 514. The statute must be sufficiently complete to accomplish the regulation of the particular matters falling within the legislature's jurisdiction, the matters of detail that are reasonably necessary for the ultimate application, operation and enforcement of the law may be expressly delegated to the authority charged with the administration of the statute. *Ex parte Granviel*, 561 S.W.2d at 514. Therefore, if the Legislature has not provided sufficient standards to guide the executive's discretion and the delegated power is legislative, that executive has been granted a power that is more properly attached to the legislature and the delegation is an unconstitutional violation of separation of powers. *State v. Rhine*, 297 S.W.3d 306 (Tex. Crim. App. 2019).

Texas Government Code Chapter 418 not only does not provide robust, specific standards related to delegation of legislative authority, it provides *NO* standards to guide Defendant's discretion when identifying penalties, including fines and incarceration.

VII. Relators Have No Other Adequate Remedy.

"Mandamus will not issue where there is 'a clear and adequate remedy at law[.]" Walker v. Packer, 827 S.W.2d 833, 840 (Tex. 1992) (quoting State v. Waler, 679 S.W.2d 484, 485 (Tex. 1984)

Texas Election Code Section 273.081 allows "injunctive relief" to "prevent" violations from occurring. Relators seek injunctive and or mandamus relief

propriation propriate Respondent Hollins from engaging in his illegal "drive-thru" voting programs. Alternatively, Relators seek affirmative compliance with ministerial duties. Relators further seek mandamus and/or injunctive relief prohibiting Hollins from engaging in curbside as defined by the Texas Election Code from October 13 until October 19, 2020. Relators further request this Court enjoin Governor Abbott from further implementing his July 27, 2020 Proclamation and any other executive orders suspending laws under the Texas Disaster Act.

Even where "a remedy at law may technically exist. . . it may nevertheless be so uncertain, tedious, burdensome, slow, inconvenient, inappropriate or ineffective as to be deemed inadequate." *Smith v. Flack*, 728 S.W. 2d 784, 792 (Tex. Crim. App. 1987). Whether mandamus is appropriate "depends heavily on the circumstances and is better guided by general principles than by simple rules." *In re Prudential Ins. Co. of Am.*, 148 S.W.3d 124, 137 (Tex. 2004) (orig. proceeding). Given the proximity to election day and the importance of the issues presented, "the benefits of mandamus review outweigh the detriments." *Id.* At 136. To proceed in any other manner would be too uncertain, slow, inconvenient, and ineffective under these circumstances. *Flack*, 728 S.W.2d at 792.

Prayer

For these reasons, Realtors respectfully request that the Court grant this Petition for Writ of Mandamus and enter an order compelling Respondent Hollins to do the following:

- 1. Review all curbside voting applications submitted by an person requesting to vote curbside during either Early Voting or Election Day Voting in Harris County for facial compliance with Texas Election Code sections 64.009, 82.002, and 1104.001-104.005, as required by the Texas Election Code Sections 83.002 and 014.001;
- 2. Reject all curbside voting applications submitted by any person requesting to vote curbside during either Early Voting or Election Day Voting in Harris County which lack facial compliance with Texas Election Code Sections 64.009, 82.002, and 104.001-104.005, as required by the Texas Election Code Sections 83.002 and 104.001;
- 3. Reject any curbside voting efforts during either Early Voting or Election Day Voting in Harris County which are not in compliance with Texas Election Code Sections 64.009, 82.002, and 104.001-104.004, as required by the Texas Election Code Sections 83.002 and 104.001; and
- 4. Require Respondent to only allow curbside voting as defined by the Texas Election Code to begin on October 19, 2020 and reject the authority Respondent claims as a basis for beginning his curbside

voting on October 13, 2020-the Texas Disaster Act and Governor Abbott's July 27 2020 Proclamation suspending the Texas Election Code.

Dated: October 15, 2020

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Jared R. Woodfill

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TRAP 52.3(J) CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to TRAP 52.3(j), the undersigned certifies that he has reviewed the above Petition for Writ of Mandamus and concluded that every factual statement in the petition is supported by competent evidence included in the appendix and or the record.

/s/ Jared Woodfill
Jared Woodfill

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

By affixing my signature above, I, Jared Woodfill, hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the above Original Petition for Writ of Mandamus has been delivered via electronic mail to the parties below on the 15th day of October, 2020.

/s/Jared Woodfill Jared Woodfill

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

I, Jared Woodfill, Counsel for Relators certify that this document was generated by a computer using Microsoft Word which indicates that the word count of this document is 7,454. The typeset is Times New Roman 14 pt for text.

/s/ Jared Woodfill
Jared Woodfill

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REPORTER'S RECORD
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                       CAUSE NO. 2020-52383
              COURT OF APPEALS NO. 14-20-00627 FILED IN 14th COURT OF APPEALS
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     THE STATE OF TEXAS
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                                            CHRISTOPHER A. PRINE
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5
     VS.
                                    HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS
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     CHRIS HOLLINS, in his
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     official capacity as
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                                    127TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
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                  TEMPORARY INJUNCTION HEARING
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        On the 9th day of September, 2020, the following
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   proceedings came on to be held in the above-titled and
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   numbered cause before the Honorable R. K. Sandill, Judge
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   presiding, held in Houston, Harris County, Texas.
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        Proceedings reported by Certified Shorthand
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   Transcription.
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obligates the necessity.

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- Q. Okay. A few other things, Judge. Is it true that vote by mail applications are public information after the election?
- A. That is correct. 86.01 forces that an application for a ballot by mail is an open record after the first election that it's used for.
- Q. And, of course, they'll be redacting personal information that if someone asks for -- if I apply to vote by mail and someone asks for it, will my personal information be redacted before someone gives it to me?
- A. Well, confidential information will be redacted which usually on an application for ballot by mail is just the date of birth.
 - Q. Okay. So the point being that if I -- if I fraudulently fill out an application form and I mail it in and I get a ballot and I vote, it's possible I could get caught; would you agree?
 - A. Absolutely.
- Q. And, in fact, I think you mentioned this
 already, the Secretary of State's Office has gotten some
 referrals for that very thing; isn't that true?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Let me change gears here.

What is your opinion of the Harris County

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Clerk's efforts in ensuring in-person voting for this
1
2
   election?
           I have been very, very pleased with all of
3
   Texas counties and their creativity and their
 4
   innovations in coming up with ways to -- for voters to
5
   vote safely in person. And what I've been reading about
6
7
   from Harris County's plans for this November's election
8
   go above and beyond.
        Q. Isn't it true that Harris County plans to have
   a drive-thru voting procedure?
10
11
            I believe so. I think they might have one or
   -- more than one but I don't know for sure. You would
12
   have to ask Mr. Hollins.
13
            Okay. Have people complained to the Secretary
14
15
   of State's Office about the drive-thru procedure?
16
        Α.
          Not yet.
17
            Okay. I'll move on.
18
            They probably will.
        Α.
            Well, if someone did complain about the
19
        Q.
20
   drive-thru procedure would you -- do you have any
   opinion about if that's allowed into the law or not?
21
22
            You know, it's -- it's a creative approach that
23
   is probably okay legally. You know, the requirement is
24
   that polling places be located in a building so what
25
   we've told counties who want to try this is that they
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need to have the location associated with a physical building and that they need to take whoever shows up at that location, whether they're walking, riding a bicycle or driving a car, they need to be able to provide all of those folks with an opportunity to vote. Okay. And to your knowledge is there any particular reason to justify -- let me try that again. Is there going to be -- are there going to be problems with in-person voting that would justify a need to send vote by mail applications to everybody as far as you know? I'm convinced that the counties have got a plan for safe in-person voting. So voters who qualify to vote by mail and want to vote by mail then they should. And voters who want to vote in person, we would encourage them to do so. It'll be safe for them to do it and the counties will have a good experience for those voters.

I would, if I have the opportunity, encourage voters to vote during early voting and to vote in the middle of the week during early voting to have the most contact-free experience. The best opportunity to vote quickly and not encounter a great number of other folks.

Q. And just to be sure you're talking about

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1
   voters and many of whom are not -- sorry, some of who
   may not be qualified to vote by mail would return those
2
   at a much lower rate.
3
                 THE COURT: Or, I mean, who may never check
 4
   their mail, right? I mean, I'm just -- you know --
5
6
                 MR. HOLLINS: Yeah, exactly. Who might not
7
   ever see it, might toss it when it gets there.
8
                 THE COURT: And that was anecdotal for my
   life so I apologize for bringing that in.
10
                 Okay. Let's do this -- Mr. Hatzel, how
11
   much more do you have for Mr. Hollins?
12
                 MR. HATZEL: I'm ready for a break but not
13
   much more, ten minutes maybe.
14
                 THE COURT: Do you want to take your break
15
   now or do you want to do your ten minutes and then
16
   break?
17
                 MR. HATZEL: I'd prefer to take a break.
18
                 THE COURT: You seem like you needed a
   break. Let's go ahead and -- it's 2:55, let's come back
19
20
   at 310.
21
                 MR. HATZEL: Thank you.
22
                         (Break taken.)
23
                 THE COURT: All right, great. Mr. Hatzel?
24
        Q.
          BY MR. HATZEL: Yes.
                 Mr. Hollins, as the Early Election Clerk of
25
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Harris County the Election Code gives you the authority to conduct and manage early voting. How does sending applications to vote by mail fit into that statutory scheme? I mean, I think it fits directly into my authority to conduct and manage early voting. And so as the Early Voting Clerk, I manage both in-person voting and vote by mail voting. And with that administration, you know, I sort of look at that broadly and I also look at them not necessarily independently but as connected to one another. And so this goes from everything -it's really broad. It goes from choosing the number of locations that we have, choosing where those locations are, choosing how many machines we're going to deploy across the entire county and choosing exactly how many machines each specific location will have, choosing how many number of you know staff, judges and clerks that each location would have, educating voters, you know, ensuring that voter haves access to the franchise, both, you know, in person -- providing that information, making sure the locations are near to them. [In this] scenario, making sure that the locations are as safe as they can be, providing new and innovated ways to vote like drive-thru voting, like extended voting hours which we're going to have until 10:00 p.m. on multiple days

and we're going to have 24-hour voting on one day to ensure that shift workers and first responders and folks with different family and work obligations have that opportunity to cast their votes.

And so sending applications to vote by mail along with, you know, information about who qualifies to vote by mail and who does not to educate the voters of course is squarely within my -- my duty and my responsibility and my authority to conduct and manage the election.

- Q. And speaking also on the point about the health and safety of voting -- of voting by mail for certain -- certain voters, I wanted to -- well, first of all, the application -- the application to vote by mail, that mailer includes a link to your website Harrisvotes/cdc, does it not?
- A. It does. It's says -- yes, it says to read guidance from the Center for Disease Control and Prevention on which medical conditions could put people at increased risk of severe illness from Covid 19 please visit Harrisvotes.com/cdc.
- Q. And what I would like to do is I'll share with you our Defendant's Exhibit Number 2, and this is a copy of that website that you are directed to when you go to Harrisvotes.com/cdc. And the title of this website as

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1
   have a prosecutorial discretion in this matter and your
2
   office does. So, I mean, I don't get to make those
   decisions but you're -- what I'm looking at is -- I've
3
   got two exhibits in front of me that are part of today's
 4
   record. One is the Texas Secretary of State that
5
   basically says, lays out the four issues and then you've
6
7
   got this that says, hey, this is the definition by the
8
   Texas Supreme Court, go figure it out for yourself.
                 MS. HUNKER: The county is more than
10
   welcome to put the front half of that sheet of paper in
11
   everyone's mailbox in Harris County. It is only the
12
   inclusion of that application that the State objects to.
13
                 THE COURT: Okay.
                 MS. HUNKER: The information that's
14
15
   educational we, in fact, encourage the county to
16
   provide.
17
                 THE COURT: No, I understand that. I mean,
18
   I understand for anyone that's under the age of 65 y'all
19
   have an objection.
20
                 Mr. Eldred?
21
            BY MR. ELDRED: Let's wrap it up a high note.
        Q.
22
   Maybe give you a chance to brag about how great and how
23
   safe your in-person voting is. Is in-person voting
24
   going to be safe in Harris County this election?
25
        Α.
            That is what we're working our hardest to try
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1
   and ensure.
2
           Okay. And would you agree we've mentioned a
   few of these before that Harris County has accomplished
3
   some maybe new ideas such as 24-hour voting, curbside
4
   voting, drive-thru voting, try to make that even more
5
   safe and more effective, is that the goal of all those
6
7
   projects?
8
            Absolutely.
        Α.
            Okay. I'm going to pass the witness.
        Q.
10
                 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Hatzel, anything
11
   else?
12
                 MR. HATZEL: Just one quick question, your
13
   Honor.
14
              (REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. HATZEL)
15
            Mr. Hollins, when you're managing and
   conducting early voting as Harris County's Early
16
17
   Election Clerk, what are some of the things that you do
18
   that are outside of the Election Code?
            And when you mean outside of Election Code, do
19
20
   you mean like not explicitly granted to me in the
   Election Code?
21
22
        Q. Correct.
23
            I think there are a number of examples.
24
   Drive-thru voting is a prime exact. There's no --
25
   there's nothing that in anyway mentions drive-thru
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Cases 20: 2057 Alber 0,220200 Control of 5.11365 2366 63 Ede Drages / Bail 6/0 / v Drages Edle of 1 ft / 02/2020 Horario para Votar Temprano en las Elecciones Generales y Especiales del 3 de noviembre de 2020 Lịch Trình Bầu Cử Sớm Các Cuộc Tổng Tuyển Cử và Bầu Cử Đặc Biệt Ngày 3 Tháng 11, 2020 2020年11月3日普選與特選-提前投票日程表

Early Voting Hours of Operation October 13 - 17: 7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m. October 18: 12:00 p.m. - 7:00 p.m. October 19 - 24: 7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m. 1 October 25: 12:00 p.m. - 7:00 p.m. October 26: 7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m. October 27-29: 7:00 a.m. - 10:00 p.m. *October 29th: 24-hour voting at seven locations October 30: 7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m. 73 Horas de Funcionamiento 94 80 13 - 17 de octubre: 7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m. 18 de octubre: 12:00 p.m. - 7:00 p.m. 0 19 - 24 de octubre: 7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m. 25 de octubre: 12:00 p.m. - 7:00 p.m. 98 26 de octubre: 7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m. 27 - 29 de octubre: 7:00 a.m. - 10:00 p.m. *29 de octubre: votación las 24 horas en siete lugares. 30 de octubre: 7:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m. 69 102 28 Giờ Mở Cửa Bầu Cử Sớm Ngày 13 - 17 Tháng 10: 7:00 sáng - 7:00 tối Ngày 18 Tháng 10: 12:00 trưa - 7:00 tối 26 Ngày 19 - 24 Tháng 10: 7:00 sáng - 7:00 tối Ngày 25 Tháng 10: 12:00 trưa - 7:00 tối Ngày 26 Tháng 10: 7:00 sáng - 7:00 tối Drive-Thru Voting 2 Ngày 27 - 29 Tháng 10: 7:00 sáng - 10:00 tối *29 Tháng 10: có bảy địa điểm bầu cử sẽ mở cửa 24 tiếng đồng hồ Bầu Cử Từ Trên Xe Ngày 30 Tháng 10: 7:00 sáng - 7:00 tối 免下車投票 提前投票日期及時間 New Location Open 24hr on Oct 29 Nueva Localidad 10月13日-10月17日: 上午7時-晚上7時 sbierto 24hr el 29 de Octubre Địa Điểm Mới 10月18日: 下午12時-晚上7時 Mở Cửa 24 tiếng vào Ngày 29 Tháng 10 10月19日-10月24日: 上午7時-晚上7時 新地點 10 月29日開放24小時 10月25日: 下午12時-晚上7時 10月26日: 上午7時-晚上7時 CHRIS HOLLINS Harris County Clerk - Secretario del Condado de Harris Giám Đốc Nha Hành Chánh Quận Harris - Harris 縣行政書記官 10月27日-10月29日: 上午7時-晚上10時 *10月29日:在七個地點進行24小時投票 10月30日: 上午7時-晚上7時 30. Northeast Multi Service Center - Auditorium NRG Arena - Hall D 9720 Spaulding Street, Houston, 77016 HCC North Forest Campus - Community Room 6010 Little York Road, Houston, 77016 NRG Pkwy, Houston, 77054 John P McGovern Texas Medical Ctr Commons - 2nd Floor, Food Court 6550 Bertner Avenue, Houston, 77030 Anclamars W Reception Hall A - Hall A 10330 Eastex Fwy, Houston, 77093 Holiday Inn Intercontinental Airport Hotel Rice University 2050 University, Houston, 77005 33. Texas Southern University 3100 Cleburne Street, Houston, 77004 rounday inn intercontinental Airport Hotel 15222 John F Kennedy Boulevard, Houston, 77032 BakerRipley East Aldine Campus - Reunion Hall Welcome Center 3000 Aldine Mail Route Road, Houston, 77039 Hardy Street Senior Citizens Center - Auditorium 11901 West Hardy Road, Houston, 77076 Clark Park Community Center - Main MultiPurpose Room 9718 Clark Road, Houston, 77076 Victory Houston, Large Westin Anne 1 exas Southern University 3100 Cleburne Street, Houston, 77004 Wheeler Avenue Baptist Church - Gymnasium 3826 Wheeler Avenue, Houston, 77004 University of Houston - Student Center, Room 214 Space City 4455 University of Fouston, TX 77004 Neighborhood Centers Inc Ripley House Campus - Gym 4410 Navigation Boulevard, Houston, 77011 Toyota Center - VIP A and B 1510 Polk Street, Houston, 77002 County Attorney Conference Center - Conference Room 1019 Congress Avenue, Houston, 77002 Metropolitan MultiService Center - MMSL AR 1&2 and gym 1475 West Gray Street, Houston, 77019 HCC West Loop South - Auditorium 5601 West Loop South - Auditorium 5601 West Loop South - Houston, 77081 Hampton Inn Galleria - Uptown Room 4500 Post Oak Parkway, Houston, 77007 Hampton Inn and Suites - Bayou City Ballroom 5820 Katy Freeway, Houston, 77007 West End Multi Service Center - Auditorium Building 3 170 Heights Boulevard, Houston, 77007 Resurrection Metropolitan Comm. Church - Classrooms 106 & 34. 35. 6 -Victory Houston - Large Worship Area 809 West Road, Houston, 77038 8. Acres Homes Multi Service Center - Auditorium 9 Acres Homes Multi Service Center - Auditorium 6719 West Montgomery Road, Houston, 77091 Lone Star College Victory Center - VC 102 and VC 120 4141 Victory Drive, Houston, 77088 The Grand Tuscany Hotel - The Plaza 12801 Northwest Freeway, Houston, 77040 Sheraton Houston Brookhollow Hotel - Magnolia Room 3000 North Loop West Freeway, Houston, 77092 Crowne Plaza Houston Galleria - Laurel Ballroom 7611 Katy Freeway, Houston, 77024 Trini Mendenhall Community Center - Large auditorium 1414 Wirt Road, Houston, 77055 First Congregational Church - Assembly Room 39. 10. 40. 11 41. 12. 42 43. First Congregational Church - Assembly Room 10840 Beinhorn Road, Houston, 77024 Resurrection Metropolitan Comm. Church - Classrooms 106 & 108 2025 West 11th Street, Houston, 77008 44 John Knox Presbyterian Church - Education Building Classroom 11 2525 Gessner Road, Houston, 77080 Masjid El Farooq 1207 Conrad Sauer, Houston, 77043 SPJST Lodge Num 88 - Ballroom 45. 16. 1435 Beall Street, Houston, 77008 Moody Park Community Center - Meeting room 3725 Fulton Street, Houston, 77009 46 17. Kashmere MultiService Center - Auditorium 4802 Lockwood Drive, Houston, 77026 Houston Food Bank - Community Room 47 **Tracy Gee Community Center - Room 1 and 2** 3599 Westcenter Drive, Houston, 77042 Unity of Houston Annex - Annex 2819 Hillcroft Street, Houston, 77057 Bayland Park Community Center - Auditorium 6400 Bissonnet Street, Houston, 77074 Raindrop Turkish House - Ballroom 9301 West Bellfort Boulevard, Houston, 77031 48 535 Portwall Street Houston 7702 HCC Southeast College Building C Parking Garage - Room 108 49 20. 6960 Rustic Street, Houston, 77087 Shrine of The Black Madonna Cultural and Event Ctr - Main Floor 50. 21 5309 Martin Luther King Boulevard, Houston, 77021 Marriott Houston South at Hobby Airport - Pasadena Room 19301 West Bernort Boulevard, Houston, 77051 The Power Center - Green Room 12401 South Post Oak Road, Houston, 77045 Kingdom Builders Center - Great Room 6011 West Orem Drive, Houston, 77085 Hiram Clarke Multi Service Center - Auditorium 51 9100 Gulf Freeway, Houston, 7701 52. 23 BakerRipley Cleveland Neighborhood Center - Gym BakerRipley Cleveland Neighborhood Center - Gym 720 Fairmont Parkway, Pasadena, 77504 Iglesia Una Luz en Tu Camino - Meeting Room 9045 Howard Drive, Houston, 77017 John Phelps Courthouse - Training Room 101 South Richey Street, Pasadena, 77506 Alvin D Baggett Community Center - Conference Room 2 1302 Keene Street, Galena Park, 77547 Milton Lusk Activity Center - Basketball Court 1022 Mercury Drive, Houston, 77029 Harris County Cultural Arts Center 24 53. 3810 West Fuqua Street, Houston, 77045 J J Roberson Family Life Center - Gym 54. 25 3 J Koorson Falmy Life Center - Gym 4810 Redbud, Houston, 77033 Sunnyside Multi Service Center - Auditorium 9314 Cullen Boulevard, Houston, 77051 Saint Philip Neri Catholic Church - Parish Hall 55. 26. 56. 27 10960 Martin Luther King Boulevard, Houston, 77048 El Franco Lee Community Center - Auditorium Harris County Cultural Arts Center 13334 Wallisville Road, Houston, 77044 C E King Middle School 8530 C E King Parkway, Houston, 77044 28.

9500 Hall Road, Houston, 77089 Harris County Scarsdale Annex - Room D 10851 Scarsdale Boulevard, Houston, 77089

Cases 20: 2057 Alber 0,220200 Control of 5.11365 File 613 Ethe Charges / Balv 1907 of Dates Ethe 613 (12/12/12/12) Horario para Votar Temprano en las Elecciones Generales y Especiales del 3 de noviembre de 2020 Lịch Trình Bầu Cử Sớm Các Cuộc Tổng Tuyển Cử và Bầu Cử Đặc Biệt Ngày 3 Tháng 11, 2020 2020年11月3日普選與特選-提前投票日程表

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Clear Lake Islamic Center - Community Hall 17511 El Camino Real, Houston, 77058 63. 92. University of Houston Clear Lake - Garden Room 2700 Bay Area Boulevard, Houston, 77058 64. 93 16327 Lakeview Drive, Houston, 77040 Saint John Lutheran Church and School - Gym 65 East Harris County Activity Center - Big Room 7340 Spencer Highway, Pasadena, 77505 La Porte Recreation and Fitness Center - Senior Center 15235 Spring Cypress Road, Cypress, 77429 Juergens Hall Community Center - Dance Hall 26026 Hempstead Highway, Cypress, 77429 66. 1322 South Broadway, La Porte, 77571 Lee College - Gymnasium 200 Lee Drive, Baytown, 77520 Coady Baptist Church - Fellowship Hall 5606 Wade Road, Baytown, 77521 San Jacinto Community Center - Meeting Room 604 Highland Woods Drive, Highlands, 77562 Martin Flukinger Community Center - Large Assembly Room 16003 Lorenzo Street, Channelview, 77530 North Channel Branch Library - Meeting Room 15741 Wallisville Road, Houston, 77049 Crosby Community Center - Large Assembly Room 1322 South Broadway, La Porte, 7757 67. 26026 Hempstead Highway, Cypress, 7/429 Hockley Community Center 28515 Old Washington Road, Hockley, 77447 Lakeland Activity Center - Sandpiper Room and Crane 16902 Bridgeland Landing, Cypress, TX 77433 John Paul Landing Environmental Education Center 9950 Katy Hockley Road, Cypress, 77433 Richard and Meg Weekley Community Center - Room 300 8440 Greenpouse Road, Cypress, 77433 96. 68. 69. 98. 70. 99. 8440 Greenhouse Road, Cypress, 77433 ISGH Bear Creek Community Center - Community Center 71 ISGH Bear Creek Community Center - Community Cen 17250 Coventry Park Drive, Houston, 77084 Katherine Tyra Branch Library - Meeting Room 16719 Clay Road, Houston, 77084 Lone Star College Cypress Center - Room 105, 106, 107 19710 Clay Road, Katy, 77449 Morton Ranch High School - PAC Lobby 21000 Franz Road, Katy, 77449 James E Taylor High School - Auditorium Lobby 20700 Kingsland Boulevard, Katy, 77450 Harris County MIID 31 Ruidling - Great Room Crosby Community Center - Large Assembly Room 409 Hare Road, Crosby, 77532 Lake Houston Church of Christ - Fellowship Hall [Sunday: 12:00 - 6:00 pm] 8003 Farmingham Road, Humble, 77346 72 Kingwood Community Center - Auditorium 4102 Rustic Woods Drive, Kingwood, 77345 Humble Civic Center - Ballrooms 2 and 3 74 75 8233 Will Clayton Pkwy, Humble, 77338 Lone Star College North Harris - YMCA Building 76. 20/100 Kingstand Bothevart, Raly, 7/4-30 Harris County MUD 81 Building - Great Room 805 Hidden Canyon Road, Katy, 77450 Katy Branch Harris County Public Library - Meeting room 5414 Franz Road, Katy, 77493 Encourager Church - Gym 10950 Katy Freeway, Houston, 77043 2700 W W Thorne Drive, Houston, 77073 Green House International Church - Church 105 200 West Greens Road, Houston, 77067 New Destiny Praise and Worship Center - Main Room Worship 4170 West Greens Road, Houston, 77066 [Sunday, October 18: 1:00 - 7:00 pm] Fairfield Inn and Suites NW Willowbrook - Fairfield Ranch Mtg room 106 10825 North Gessner, Houston, 77064 Fallbrook Church - Brooks Sports Gym 12512 Walters Road, Houston, 77014 Nottingham Park Building - Meeting room 926 Country Place Drive, Houston, 77079 Comfort Suites Westchase - Meeting Room 2830 Wilcrest Drive, Houston, 77042 Prairie View A&M University Northwest - Room 107 9449 Grant Road. Houston, 77070 81 Mission Bend Islamic Center Mission Bend Islamic Center 6233 Tres Lagunas, Houston, 77083 Alief Regional Library 7979 South Kirkwood Road, Houston, 77072 Houston Community College Alief Center - Room 157 13803 Bissonnet St, Houston, 77083 82 To Be Determined Spring First Church - Main Sanctuary [Sunday: 1:00 - 7:00 pm] 1851 Spring Cypress Road, Spring, 77388 Hosanna Lutheran Church - Fellowship Hall Room 5 16526 Ella Blvd, Houston, 77090 83. 10520 Elia Bivd, Flousion, 77050 Church of Christ on Bammel Road - Kaleo Building 2700 Cypress Creek Parkway, Houston, 77068 HCPL Barbara Bush Branch - Multipurpose Room For more information 85. Para mas información: Để biết thêm chi tiết: 86

詳情請聯絡:

www.HarrisVotes.com 713.755.6965

6817 Cypresswood Drive, Spring, 77379 Masjid AlSalam 16700 Old Louetta Road, Spring, 77379

STATE of TEXAS \$
\$
\$
COUNTY OF HARRIS \$

DECLARATION OF MICHAEL WINN, DIRECTOR, ELECTIONS ADMINISTRATION HARRIS COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE

My name is Michael Winn. My date of birth is and my address is 1001 Preston, Houston, Harris County, Texas, 77002. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct:

- 1. I am submitting this declaration and its attachments to explain certain facts regarding polling locations on one hand and methods of accessing voting for of those with certain disabilities on the other.
- 2. I have worked in elections administration for more than twenty-five years. I began my elections career in Bexar County in 1997. Then I moved to Travis County where I started as an election specialist and became the Assistant Elections Administrator in 2008. In 2010, I was promoted to Elections Administrator where I served until 2018. In 2018, I moved to Harris County to take to job as the Administrator of Elections. As a result, I have served in various levels of elections administration in the three largest counties in Texas assisting more than 27% of the Texas population to vote.

3. I hold a certificate as a Certified Election Administrator from the International Association of Government Officials and am very active in my profession serving in multiple elections administration organizations. I served as the President of the International Association of Clerks, Recorders, Election Officials and Treasurers ("IACREOT") in 2015. I currently serve on the Board of Advisors to the Federal Elections Assistance Commission and have served in the following positions since my initial appointment in 2015: Secretary, Vice-President, and Board Chair.

- 4. I am also a member of the National Association of Elections Administrators (a.k.a. the Elections Center, https://www.electioncenter.org) where I also achieved certified election administrator status.
- 5. I serve on the bipartisan coalition committee of national elections administrators. We meet regularly to discuss challenges facing elections administration. I have been appointed on the International Association of Government Officials ("IAGO") on the Government Coordinating Council of governments of federal, state, and local task force on election matters. I also serve as a representative on the Council of State Governments where we look at initiatives of overseas voting by mail.
- 6. With my experience and training, I am very familiar with Texas election law and practices.

- 7. Attached to this Declaration are true and correct copies of the most recent Daily Early Voting record reflecting unofficial counts through October 29, 2020.
- 8. On Election Day Harris County will have approximately 800 polling locations. The physical layout and facilities in each will vary widely although every single location will offer curbside voting as Texas law requires. *See* TEX. ELEC. CODE § 64.009. In addition to the statutory requirements for curbside voting, Harris County is under a settlement agreement with the United States Department of Justice in part due to its past failures to adequately accommodate people with disabilities and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA"). *See* https://www.ada.gov/harris_co_sa.html. This includes providing "effective curbside voting" and signage outside each polling location.
- 9. No application is required for curbside voting. The voter merely rings a buzzer and an election worker comes to the voter's car outside the polling location with a special ADA-compliant voting machine. Voters are not questioned about their health status or the nature of their disability.
- 10. Drive-thru voting is a different physical layout of an in-person polling location, not a special accommodation for people with disabilities who cannot physically enter the polling places, where all election laws, including the accommodation of poll watchers, are in force. Videos available online describe the process and show the outside of the drive-thru voting location at NRG Arena. *See*

https://twitter.com/TXLA/status/1316378479890489346 (Curbside Larry demonstrates the process); https://twitter.com/Tejasimo/status/1321994048710782976

(video of overall polling location).

11. Chapter 104 has nothing to do with the role of an early voting clerk, drive-thru voting, or curbside voting under Section 64.009, but instead allows a voter whose precinct polling place uses a voting machine and who has a sickness or physical condition that prevents the voter from using that machine to vote at the *main* early voting polling place on Election Day using a mail in ballot. For this election the main early voting location is the NRG Arena. Modern voting systems and accessibility laws like the ADA, better physical facilities for voting, and the universal requirement for curbside voting make Chapter 104 largely obsolete and rarely used. In the course of my decades-long career administering elections I cannot

12. Tent structures similar to those used for nine of the drive-thru voting are being used at walk-in voting centers to increase capacity. For example, to alleviate lines at the Barbara Bush Library ("HCPL Barbara Bush Branch" on the EV Daily Record), the County Clerk's Office constructed tents so that additional voting machines can be placed outside the permanent building. This change is part of our efforts to address overcrowding and long lines at voting centers whenever possible so that voters are not discouraged from voting. Since that change, that very

recall an instance of this chapter being used.

popular polling location is partially inside and partially outside the permanent building.

Executed in Harris County, State of Texas, on the 30th day of October, 2020.

Michael Winn

Declarant

THE STATE OF TEXAS \$

COUNTY OF HARRIS \$

Declaration of Christopher G. Hollins

My name is Christopher G. Hollins. I am over 18 years of age and my address is 1001 Preston, Houston, Texas, 77002. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated herein and I swear under the penalty of perjury that the following is true and correct:

- 1. I am the Harris County Clerk and serve as the Chief Election Officer for Harris County. Among many election related responsibilities, I establish the number of early voting locations in Harris County and schedule voting hours, subject to the approval of the County Commissioners Court.
- 2. On June 15, 2020, I publicly announced the S.A.F.E. (safe, secure, accessible, fair, and efficient) Elections Plan for the 2020 primary run-off and general elections in Harris County. See Exhibit A. This plan included twenty-three (23) initiatives, one of which included drive-thru voting as one of several options available for Harris County residents to cast their votes in the primary run-off and general elections.
- 3. Drive-thru voting was offered during the primary run-off elections, and surveys conducted at that time indicated that it was overwhelmingly well-received by the voters (the experience was rated, on average, 9.7 out of 10 by voters).
- 4. On July 22, 2020, I publicly announced the success of drive-thru voting in a press release and stated that my office was exploring options to expand the program for the November General Election. See Exhibit B.
- 5. Following the July primary run-offs, I personally communicated on at least a weekly basis with the staff for every County Commissioner. Included in these discussions was the option of drive-thru voting for the Early Voting period and Election Day for the upcoming Special and General Elections. We discussed having ten (10) drive-thru voting locations one at NRG Stadium, which is the location of the Harris County Election Headquarters, one at Toyota Center to provide a super-center for downtown voting, and two (2) in each County Commissioner's precinct. Our office researched potential sites for the precinct locations based upon where in each precinct we could identify large enough parking areas to accommodate multiple drive-thru voting structures. I presented the options for drive-thru precinct locations on my weekly calls with the County Commissioners' staff for input from the County Commissioners Court.

- 6. On August 17, 2020, pursuant to 4.001 of the Texas Elections Code, I formally notified the Harris County Commissioners Court of the General and Special Elections to be held on November 3, 2020, and requested approval of the election details. The election details included the ten (10) drive-thru voting locations referenced above and the addresses of each location. The Commissioners Court, which is made up of two (2) Republicans and three (3) Democrats, unanimously approved all election details, including the number and site of every drive-thru voting location.
- 7. Early voting was conducted in Harris County from October 13, 2020 through October 30, 2020. During that time, 1,264,811 Harris County residents voted in person, 126,912 of whom used drive-thru voting. 170,410 Harris County residents voted by mail, for a total of 1,435,221 votes cast.

Executed in Harris County, State of Texas, on the 1st day of November, 2020.

Christopher G. Hollins



CHRIS HOLLINSHarris County Clerk



FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE July 22, 2020 **CONTACT:** Communications & Voter Outreach

<u>County.Clerk@cco.hctx.net</u>

(713) 274-9550

Harris County Clerk's Drive-Thru Voting Pilot Is Highly Successful

Voters Would Overwhelmingly Use the Service Again and Recommend It to Others

(Houston, TX) — On Friday, July 10, the last day of Early Voting during the July Primary Runoff Elections, the Harris County Clerk's Office piloted Drive-Thru Voting as an additional option for voters to cast their ballot safely in the midst of the COVID-19 pandemic. This was the first time in Texas history that an elections office held Drive-Thru Voting, where many voters at a time could cast their ballot without leaving the comfort and safety of their car.

"My number one priority is to keep voters and poll workers safe," **said Harris County Clerk Chris Hollins.** "The feedback we received from the Drive-Thru Voting pilot proves that voters felt safe exercising their right to vote and that it was an easy and efficient alternative to going inside a voting center. We are exploring options to expand this program for the November General Election at select locations as another method of voting during COVID-19."

Voters raved about the experience. Of the 200 voters who voted at the Drive-Thru Voting site, 141 completed an optional survey reviewing the new service. Some wrote that Drive-Thru Voting was "easy to use" and others cited how the service "made voters feel safe." One respondent even wrote that it was their "best voting experience EVER!"

Voters would overwhelmingly use the service again and recommend it to others. When asked on a scale of 0 through 10, with 10 being extremely likely, whether they would consider using the same service if it is provided again in the future, voters on average gave a score of 9.70. On the same scale, when asked whether they would recommend Drive-Thru Voting to another voter, voters on average gave a score of 9.66.

Fear of exposure to COVID-19 was the top reason for using Drive-Thru Voting. When asked why voters chose to vote using the Drive-Thru Voting service as opposed to the traditional walk-in voting method, 82 (58%) cited worries about health and safety in the midst of the pandemic. Other frequently mentioned reasons included the convenience of the service and pure curiosity about the experience of Drive-Thru Voting.

Drive-Thru Voting was piloted from 7:00 AM to 10:00 PM on Friday, July 10th, 2020, at Houston Community College – West Loop.

Raw anonymous survey results can be found <u>HERE.</u> The survey was available in English, Spanish, Chinese and Vietnamese. Out of 200 voters, 141 completed the survey.

###



Chris Hollins · Harris County Clerk

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

June 15, 2020

CONTACT: Communications & Voter Outreach

<u>County.Clerk@cco.hctx.net</u>

(713) 274-9550

Harris County Clerk Chris Hollins Launches 23-Point S.A.F.E. Plan Ahead of July Primary Runoff Elections

(Houston, TX) – Today, Clerk Hollins announced S.A.F.E., a robust set of 23 initiatives to ensure the July Primary Runoff Elections and the November General Election are safe, secure, accessible, fair, and efficient. The framework addresses the challenges of administering an election during an unprecedented global pandemic through thoughtful consideration of voter and poll-worker safety and innovating conventional practices to make voting more efficient.

"Since taking office on June 1st, I have spent my first two weeks learning, meeting with staff and stakeholders, and creating dedicated working groups to tackle the challenges we are facing as we head into July and November. Through these discussions, we developed S.A.F.E. to communicate to voters and staff what they can expect at the polls," **said Harris County Clerk Chris Hollins**. "My commitment to all the residents of Harris County is to administer a safe, secure and fair election this July and again in November. This office will do everything we can to give every Harris County voter an equal say at the polls and give you the peace of mind that your vote will be counted."

More information on the 23 S.A.F.E. initiatives below:

SAFE is our commitment to voters that you can exercise your right to vote without putting your health at risk. We will:

- 1. Provide PPE to all poll workers and voters who need it;
- 2. Optimize the floor plans of polling locations for safety and social distancing; and
- 3. Promote and maximize vote-by-mail within the bounds of the law.

Our election will be **SECURE**. It is ours—no one else's—and we will not allow any tampering. We will:

- 4. Ensure the security of our voting systems and hardware; and
- 5. Respond proactively to any reports of voter intimidation, coercion, or fraud.

Our election will be **ACCESSIBLE.** Harris County voters can cast their votes at more polling sites and can do so quickly and conveniently. We will:

- 6. Utilize data to increase the number and optimize the locations of polling sites;
- 7. Procure sufficient additional machines from other jurisdictions and provide them with exceptional technical support;
- 8. Allocate machines across polling sites based on known traffic patterns and expected turnout;
- 9. Accurately report wait times across the County during the Early Voting period and on Election Day;
- 10. Provide increased voting hours during the Early Voting period;
- 11. Ensure ADA accessibility across County polling sites; and
- 12. Increase curbside voting and potentially introduce drive-thru-voting.

Exhibit 17 Exhibit B

Cases 20:20574037 Document n 005 256236 63 ed Prage: / 32/20 in Dates File d: at 1/92/2020

Our election will be **FAIR.** Every Harris County voter has equal access to the polls, and your vote is your voice in our democracy. We will:

- 13. Increase outreach to all voters and groups traditionally left out of the democratic process;
- 14. Seek and incorporate meaningful feedback from all stakeholders;
- 15. Count every vote and ensure the accuracy of election results;
- 16. Reduce the time it takes to report results on Election Day; and
- 17. Proactively engage provisional ballot voters on how to cure their ballots so they may be counted.

And our election will be **EFFICIENT.** We will ensure that the resources are in place for our elections to run smoothly despite today's unprecedented conditions. We will:

- 18. Recruit more than enough poll workers to operate polling locations during the Early Voting period and on Election Day;
- 19. Train poll workers and clarify standard operating procedures for a safe and effective operation under the current circumstances;
- 20. Prepare resources in anticipation of increased vote-by-mail usage by Harris County voters;
- 21. Put key performance indicators (KPIs) in place to measure our preparedness in ensuring a S.A.F.E. election for the voters of Harris County;
- 22. Optimize the ballot layout to allow voters to cast their votes more quickly; and
- 23. Procure the next generation of voting machines for use beyond 2020.

The first election of Clerk Hollins's administration will be the 2020 Primary Runoff. The Early Voting Period for this election will be June 29-July 10, and Election Day is on July 14.

For more information go to HarrisVotes.com and follow @harrisvotes on Twitter, Facebook, and Instagram.

###

Harris County Clerk Chris Hollins Launches 23-Point S.A.F.E. Plan (video)

Exhibit 17 Exhibit B

Tab B

United States District Court Southern District of Texas

ENTERED

November 02, 2020 David J. Bradley, Clerk

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

STEVEN HOTZE, M.D., WENDELL	§	
CHAMPION, HON. STEVE TOTH, and	§	
SHARON HEMPHILL,	§	
	§	
Plaintiffs,	§	
	§	
v.	§	Civil Action No. 4:20-CV-03079
	§	
CHRIS HOLLINS, in his official capacity	§	
as Harris County Clerk,	§	
	§	,
Defendant.	§	
.	-	

ORDER

The Court has before it the Motion for Preliminary Injunction (Doc. No. 3) filed by Plaintiffs Steven Hotze, M.D., Wendell Champion, Hon. Steve Toth, and Sharon Hemphill (collectively, "Plaintiffs"), the Response in Opposition (Doc. No. 22) filed by Defendant Chris Hollins in his official capacity as Harris County Clerk (hereinafter, "Defendant"), and various Motions to Intervene filed on behalf of forty-eight individuals and/or entities. The Court also has before it *amicus curiae* briefs filed by the Texas Coalition of Black Democrats, The Lincoln Project, the Libertarian Party of Texas, Joseph R. Straus, III, and election law professor, Benjamin L. Ginsberg.

I.

Due to the time constraints given the issue involved, this Court cannot issue the formal opinion that this matter deserves. Consequently, given those confines, this Order must suffice. The Court first notes that it appreciates the participation of all counsel involved and the attention each gave to this important topic on such short notice.

This Court's overall ruling is that the Plaintiffs do not have standing (as explained below).

While this ruling is supported by general Equal Protection and Election Clause cases, it is somewhat without precedent with regard to the Plaintiffs (or Intervenors) who are actual candidates for elected office. Therefore, the Court, in anticipation of an appeal or petition for writ of mandamus and knowing that the appellate court could draw a distinction in that regard and hold that standing exists, has gone further to indicate what its ruling would have been in that case.

II.

The Court finds that Plaintiffs lack standing to sue. Federal courts must determine whether they have jurisdiction before proceeding to the merits. *Steel Co. v. Citizens for Better Environment*, 523 U.S. 83, 94–95 (1998). Article III of the Constitution limits federal jurisdiction to "Cases" and "Controversies." One component of the case or controversy requirement is standing. *Lujan v. Defenders of Wildlife*, 504 U.S. 555, 560–61 (1992). The Supreme Court has repeatedly held that an individual plaintiff raising only a generalized grievance about government does not meet the Article III requirement of a case or controversy. *Id.* at 573–74. This Court finds that the Plaintiffs here allege only a "generalized grievance about the conduct of government." *Lance v. Coffman*, 549 U.S. 437, 442 (2007).

The Plaintiffs' lack of a particularized grievance is fatal to their claim under the Equal Protection Clause. "The rule against generalized grievances applies with as much force in the equal protection context as in any other." *U.S. v. Hays*, 515 U.S. 737, 743 (1995). Plaintiffs' general claim that Harris County's election is being administered differently than Texas's other counties does not rise to the level of the sort of particularized injury that the Supreme Court has required for constitutional standing in elections cases. *See id.*; *Gill v. Whitford*, 138 S. Ct. 1916, 1933 (2018) (no standing in equal protection case when alleged injury involved "group political interests" and not "individual legal rights").

Further, it is unclear that individual plaintiffs have standing to assert claims under the

Elections Clause at all. The Supreme Court has held that individual plaintiffs, like those here, whose only asserted injury was that the Elections Clause had not been followed, did not have standing to assert such a claim. See Lance, 549 U.S. at 442. Conversely, the Court has held that the Arizona Legislature did have standing to allege a violation of the Elections Clause as it was "an institutional plaintiff asserting an institutional injury." Ariz. State Legislature v. Ariz. Indep. Redistricting Comm'n, 576 U.S. 787, 802 (2015). In addition, the Supreme Court has also held plaintiffs had such standing when they were state senators whose "votes had been completely nullified" by executive action. Id. at 803 (citing Raines v. Byrd, 521 U.S. 811, 822–23 (1997)). These cases appear to stand for the proposition that only the state legislature (or a majority of the members thereof) have standing to assert a violation of the Elections Clause.

The Court finds that the Plaintiffs here are akin to those in *Lance v. Coffman*, in which the Supreme Court held that private citizens, whose primary alleged injury was that the Elections Clause was not followed, lacked standing to bring a claim under the Elections Clause. 549 U.S. at 442. To summarize the Plaintiffs' primary argument, the alleged irreparable harm caused to Plaintiffs is that the Texas Election Code has been violated and that violation compromises the integrity of the voting process. This type of harm is a quintessential generalized grievance: the harm is to every citizen's interest in proper application of the law. *Lujan*, 504 U.S. at 573–74; *Fairchild v. Hughes*, 258 U.S. 126, 129 (1922) (holding that the right, possessed by every citizen, to require that the Government be administered according to the law does not entitle a private citizen to institute a lawsuit in federal court). Every citizen, including the Plaintiff who is a candidate for federal office, has an interest in proper execution of voting procedure. Plaintiffs have not argued that they have any specialized grievance beyond an interest in the integrity of the election process, which is "common to all members of the public." *United States v. Richardson*,

418 U.S. 166, 176–77. ¹

III.

If the Court had plaintiffs with standing, it would have denied in part and granted in part the motion for preliminary injunction.² A preliminary injunction is an "extraordinary remedy" that should only be granted if the movant has "clearly carried the burden of persuasion" on all four factors. Lake Charles Diesel, Inc. v. Gen. Motors Corp., 328 F.3d 192, 196 (5th Cir. 2003). The movant, however, "need not prove his case." Lakedreams v. Taylor, 932 F.2d 1103, 1109 (5th Cir. 1991) (citing H & W Indus. v. Formosa Plastics Corp., 860 F.2d 172, 179 (5th Cir. 1988)). Before a court will grant a preliminary injunction, the movants must clearly show "(1) a substantial likelihood that they will prevail on the merits, (2) a substantial threat that they will suffer irreparable injury if the injunction is not granted, (3) that their substantial injury outweighs the threatened harm to the party whom they seek to enjoin, and (4) granting the preliminary injunction will not disserve the public interest." City of El Cenizo v. Texas, 890 F.3d 164, 176 (5th Cir. 2018) (quoting Tex. Med. Providers Performing Abortion Servs. v. Lakey, 667 F.3d 570, 574 (5th Cir. 2012)); see also Winter v. NRDC, 555 U.S. 7, 20 (2008) ("A plaintiff seeking a preliminary injunction must establish that he is likely to succeed on the merits, that he is likely to suffer

¹ This Court finds the answer to this question to be particularly thorny, given that some of the Plaintiffs are actual candidates who have put in time, effort, and money into campaigning, to say nothing of the blood, sweat, and tears that a modern campaign for public office entails. This Court would readily understand if some appellate court finds that these Plaintiffs have standing despite the fact they cannot individualize their damage beyond their rightful feeling that an election should be conducted lawfully. Neither this Court's research nor the briefing of the parties have brought forth any precedent to support this concept under either of the two pleaded causes of action based upon claimed violations of Equal Protection or the "Elections Clause." Given the timing of this case and the impact that such a ruling might have, this Court finds it prudent to follow the existing precedent.

² The Defendant and Intervenors suggested both in oral argument and in their written presentations that the Court should abstain under either *Pullman*, *Colorado River*, or *Rooker-Feldman* doctrine. Since standing is jurisdictional and since this Court is dismissing this action, it need not analyze these arguments. *See Railroad Commission of Texas v. Pullman Co.*, 312 U.S. 496, 61 S. Ct. 643 (1941); *Colorado River Water Conservation Dist. v. U.S.*, 424 U.S. 800 (1976); *Rooker v. Fidelity Trust Co.*, 263 U.S. 413 (1923); and *District of Columbia Court of Appeals v. Feldman*, 460 U.S. 462 (1983).

irreparable harm in the absence of preliminary relief, that the balance of equities tips in his favor, and that an injunction is in the public interest."). "The purpose of a preliminary injunction is always to prevent irreparable injury so as to preserve the court's ability to render a meaningful decision on the merits." *Canal Auth. of Fla. v. Callaway*, 489 F.2d 567, 576 (5th Cir. 1974).

This Court finds that there is a difference between the voting periods presented to it. The merits need to be analyzed separately by early voting and election day voting. With respect to the likelihood of success, the Court would find that the Plaintiffs do not prevail on the element of likelihood of success with respect to early voting. First, § 85.062 of the Texas Election Code provides for "temporary branch polling places" during early voting. Tex. Elec. Code. § 85.062. The statute authorizes county election officials to use "movable structure[s]" as polling places. *Id.* § 85.062(b). The Code does not define "structure," but Black's Law Dictionary defines the term as: "Any construction, production, or piece of work artificially built up or composed of parts purposefully joined together." Black's Law Dictionary (11th ed. 2019). The Court finds, after reviewing the record, the briefing, and considering the arguments of counsel, that the tents used for drive-thru voting qualify as "movable structures" for purposes of the Election Code. The Court is unpersuaded by Plaintiffs' argument that the voters' vehicles, and not the tents, are the polling places under the drive-thru voting scheme. Consequently, the Court finds that drive-thru voting was permissible during early voting. Moreover, the Plaintiffs failed to demonstrate under the Texas Election Code that an otherwise legal vote, cast pursuant to the instructions of local voting officials, becomes uncountable if cast in a voting place that is subsequently found to be non-compliant.

Additionally, the promptness with which one brings an injunction action colors both the elements of likelihood of success on the merits and irreparable harm. *See Petrella v. Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Inc.*, 572 U.S. 663, 685 (2014) ("In extraordinary circumstances, however, the consequences of a delay in commencing suit may be of sufficient magnitude to warrant, at the very

outset of the litigation, curtailment of the relief equitably awardable."); Environmental Defense Fund, Inc. v. Alexander, 614 F.2d 474, 478 (1980) ("equitable remedies are not available if granting the remedy would be inequitable to the defendant because of the plaintiff's long delay."). Here, the Court finds that the Plaintiffs did not act with alacrity. There has been an increasing amount of conversation and action around the subject of implementing drive-thru voting since earlier this summer. The Defendant has argued, and no one has refuted, that discussions were held with leaders of both major political parties, and, using that input, a drive-thru voting plan was developed. The Harris County Commissioners Court approved a budget for drive-thru voting in late September. Finally, actual drive-thru voting began October 13, 2020. At virtually any point, but certainly by October 12, 2020, Plaintiffs could have filed this action. Instead, they waited until October 28, 2020 at 9:08 p.m. to file their complaint and did not file their actual motion for temporary relief until mid-day on October 30, 2020—the last day of early voting. The Court finds this delay is critical. It is especially important in this compact early voting timeframe, in a particularly tense election, where each day's voting tally functionally equated to many days or even weeks of early voting in different situations.

Therefore, this Court finds the Plaintiffs do not prevail on the first element.

With regard to the second element, "irreparable injury," this point is covered more thoroughly in the standing discussion, but suffice it to say, in response to the Court's question during oral argument, Plaintiff's counsel described their injuries as the concern for the voting law to be accurately enforced and voting to be legal. In response to the Court's questions, Plaintiffs' Counsel said their irreparable injury was that the election process was being compromised, and that it prevents there being uniformity in the manner of voting throughout Texas. While certainly valid concerns, those are not the kind of injuries that separate Plaintiffs from other concerned citizens. Plaintiffs have no evidence of individualized irreparable injuries.

The one element that the Court finds the Plaintiffs have prevailed on is the harm to the party defendant. The Court finds that there would be no harm to Harris County. The only suggested harm is that the County has spent millions of dollars to implement drive-thru voting. While these funds may have been better spent, their loss does not prevail over tens of thousands of potentially illegal votes. Further, if granted, the injunction would only require the Defendant to conduct elections as Harris County has conducted them in the past without drive-thru voting.

The last element must, like the first, take on extraordinary significance in this context. That element concerns the public interest. Plaintiffs argue, correctly, that the public has an interest in seeing that elections are carried out pursuant to the Election Code. This is no doubt true; however, this generalized interest is offset by two somewhat stronger factors. First, the drive-thru early voting as designed and implemented is, to this Court's reading, legal as described above. Second, there have been over 120,000 citizens who have legally voted utilizing this process. While Plaintiffs have complained about anecdotal reports of irregularities, the record reflects that the vast majority were legal voters, voting as instructed by their local voting officials and voting in an otherwise legal manner. The only claimed widespread illegality is the place of voting—a tent outside the polling place instead of inside the actual building. To disenfranchise over 120,000 voters who voted as instructed the day before the scheduled election does not serve the public interest.

Therefore, if the Court had found standing existed, it would have denied an injunction as to the drive-thru early voting.

The Court finds the issue as to Election Day to cut the opposite direction. On Election Day, as opposed to early voting, there is no legislative authorization for movable structures as polling places. The Election Code makes clear that, on Election Day, "[e]ach polling place shall be located inside a building." Tex. Elec. Code § 43.031(b). The term "building" is not defined in the Code.

Nevertheless, Black's Law Dictionary defines "building" as: "A structure with walls and a roof, esp. a permanent structure." Black's Law Dictionary (11th ed. 2019). The Court finds, after reviewing the record and arguments of counsel, that the tents used for drive-thru voting are not "buildings" within the meaning of the Election Code. Further, they are not inside, they are clearly outside. Accordingly, if the Plaintiffs had standing, the Court would have found that the continuation of drive-thru voting on Election Day violates the Texas Election Code.

It also finds that, unlike in early voting, the Plaintiffs prevail when one weighs the various elements that underlie the issuance of an injunction. First, as stated above, the Court does not find a tent to be a building. Therefore, under the Election Code it is not a legal voting location. Second, the Plaintiffs' request for injunctive relief is timely. While it could and should have been made earlier, it was made days before the election. The Court would have found that the Plaintiffs had a likelihood of success. The analysis of the second element remains the same. With regard to the loss that the Defendant might suffer, the Court finds this to be minimal. While it apparently spent millions in implementing the drive-thru voting system, it had over 120,000 voters use it—so it is money well-spent. The fact it would not be used on Election Day does not diminish its benefit. The analysis of the last element, public interest, swings in favor of the Plaintiffs. No one should want votes to be cast illegally or at an illegal polling place. No one has voted yet—so no one is being disenfranchised. Moreover, for those who are injured or worried that their health would be compromised should they be compelled to enter the building to vote, curbside voting is available under § 64.009 of the Texas Election Code.³ Lastly, there are very few citizens who would want their vote to be in jeopardy, so it is incumbent on election officials to conduct voting in a proper location—not one which the Attorney General has already said was inappropriate. Consequently,

³ This Court is quite cognizant of the Texas Supreme Court ruling (in a slightly different context) that fear of contracting COVID-19 does not establish an exception. *In re State*, 602 S.W.3d 549 (Tex. 2020).

this Court, had it found that standing existed, would have granted the injunction prospectively and enjoined drive-thru voting on Election Day and denied all other relief.

Nevertheless, since it found standing does not exist, this action is hereby dismissed.

Signed this 2nd day of November, 2020.

Andrew S. Hanen

United States District Judge